## APPENDIX A

PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT PLAN

## New Mexico Department of Transportation

NM 264 Phase A/B Alignment Study from the Arizona State Line to Yah-Ta-Hey, Milepost 0.0 to 16.0

Public Involvement Plan
CN 6101220

July 19, 2022

## Q FHWA

## CONTENTS

1. INTRODUCTION .....  2
1.1. OVERVIEW ..... 2
1.2. INTRODUCTION TO CONTEXT-SENSITIVE PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT PLAN ..... 2
1.3. GOALS OF PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT ..... 3
1.4. TYPES OF ENGAGEMENT ..... 4
2. ANALYSES OF THE STUDY BACKGROUND CONTEXT ..... 5
2.1. PLANNING HISTORY/BACKGROUND INFORMATION ..... 5
2.2. STUDY CONTEXT AND KNOWN/LIKELY COMMUNITY CONCERNS AND VALUES. .....  5
3. OPPORTUNITIES TO EXPRESS LOCAL VALUES ..... 10
3.1. FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION ..... 10
3.2. DESIGN SPEED ..... 10
3.3. TRAFFIC CALMING ..... 10
3.4. GATEWAY AND PLACE-MAKING TREATMENTS ..... 10
3.5. STRUCTURAL AESTHETICS ..... 10
3.6. ROAD DIET ..... 10
4. SCALE THE SOLUTION TO THE PROBLEM ..... 11
4.1. AFFORDABILITY. ..... 11
4.2. SUPPORTED BY THE COMMUNITY ..... 11
4.3. CAN BE IMPLEMENTED IN A REASONABLE TIME PERIOD. ..... 11
5. IDENTIFICATION OF ISSUES ..... 11
5.1. CONSENSUS BUILDING ..... 11
5.2. KNOWN OR LIKELY IMPACTS/ISSUES ..... 11
6. CONTEXT-SENSITIVE PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT APPROACH ..... 12
6.1. MULTIDISCIPLINARY STUDY TEAM ..... 12
6.2. STUDY-SPECIFIC COMMUNICATION STRATEGY ..... 13
6.3. INITIAL IDENTIFICATION OF STAKEHOLDERS ..... 17
7. COLLABORATIVE DESIGN AND DECISION-MAKING PROCESS. ..... 20
7.1. OPPORTUNITIES FOR PARTICIPATION ..... 20
7.2. DECISION-MAKING ..... 20
8. DOCUMENTATION/TRACKING ..... 21
9. REFERENCES ..... 22

## 1. INTRODUCTION

### 1.1. OVERVIEW

As a four-lane divided highway, New Mexico (NM) 264 extends east to west for 16 miles, from Yah-Ta-Hey, New Mexico to the Arizona/New Mexico state line in a rural part of the state. NM 264 serves the Navajo Nation as a main corridor to the capital, Window Rock, Arizona, which is located five miles across the Arizona state line. This is a unique study corridor with a typical urban section on the far western end, a typical rural core typical section, and a directional interchange with US 491 at the far eastern end. NM 264 connects to US 491 eight miles north of Gallup, New Mexico.

The NM 264 right-of-way consists of New Mexico Department of Transportation (NMDOT)owned land and easements through land held in trust by the Navajo Nation or land managed by the New Mexico State Land Trust. Land adjacent to the highway right-of-way is a mixture of land owned by the state, Bureau of Land Management (BLM), private entities, or Navajo Nation trust land. In its current state, the roadway condition of NM 264 is considered fair but is a key connection to the Navajo Nation. In addition, several locations along this stretch of roadway are experiencing drainage issues and erosion.

This study will follow NMDOT's Location Study Procedures for a Phases A and B Study. The primary purpose of this study is to document existing conditions and develop highway improvement alternatives along the entire NM 264 corridor from milepost (MP) 0 to MP 16 (see Figure 1). The study is known as the NM 264 Alignment Study, MP 0 to 16., or study, moving forward in this document.

The corridor improvements will be completed in segments. Funding has been programmed for the first construction segment (Segment 1, NM 264 MP 10 to MP 14), which is currently under design. A scoping report for Phase 1 was completed in June 2021, which included a Pavement Condition Assessment Report (PCAR). This report determined that the existing pavement on for this section of NM 264 had reached the end of its life and recommended full-depth reconstruction.

Potential Segment 1 improvements may include improved roadside barriers, updated lane striping and pavement markings, upgraded signage and improved drainage infrastructure.

FIGURE 1: STUDY AREA


### 1.7.7. Funding

Funding for the NM 264 Alignment Study (MP 0 to MP 16) consists of state funds through HB2 Legislative funding. In addition, construction funding for Segment 1 (MP 10 to MP 14) is a combination of state and federal funds. Funding includes HB2 Legislative funding, Road Fund (RF), STP Flex and STP Rural funding.

### 1.1.2. Study Phases

As mentioned above, this study is focused on Phases A and B (shown in Figure 2) for all 16miles of NM 264. These phases are defined by NMDOT's Location Study Procedures and "serve to develop, evaluate, and refine the range of possible alternatives to achieve the need for an action" (NMDOT, 2015).

FIGURE 2: STUDY PHASES

## Study Purpose (MP 0 - MP 16)



### 1.2. INTRODUCTION TO CONTEXT-SENSITIVE PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT PLAN

Since its inception in 1969, the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) has provided a basis for preventing damage to the environment, stimulating the health and welfare of citizens, and enriching the understanding of ecological systems and the natural resources important to the nation. In transportation facility planning, design, and construction, an innovative and effective use of NEPA is referred to as Context Sensitive Solutions (CSS).

The CSS concept emphasizes the same concepts as the NEPA decision framework, promoting a multidisciplinary collaboration to develop transportation resources in the context of physical, scenic, aesthetic, historic, environmental safety, and mobility constraints. CSS emphasizes the need to have community insight as well as defining at the early planning stages the community's values (defining the context where the study is located), while striving for interdisciplinary collaboration as a mechanism for system consideration and coordination to support evaluation of all aspects of the proposed action's purpose and need.

CSS is integral in all NMDOT location studies and will be a key component of the NM 264 Alignment Study. The goal of CSS is to blend the characteristics listed above with more traditional design elements such as safety, mobility, and traffic flow.

The CSS process for this study includes coordination with stakeholders in the vicinity of the study, including the Navajo Nation, U.S. Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), local Navajo Chapter Houses, Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), McKinley County, New Mexico State Land Office, BLM, and U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

This Context Sensitive Public Involvement Plan (CSPIP) is one layer of the CSS approach that NMDOT will use in its study for NM 264 from the Arizona/New Mexico state line (MP 0) to just west of the US 491 interchange (MP 16). As mentioned above, this is a unique corridor that provides key access for the Navajo Nation between Arizona and New Mexico. This CSPIP is a living document that will evolve as the study progresses and the team identifies concerns or issues, or as our stakeholder outreach evolves based on community engagement. The public's concerns and community values will be identified as stakeholders become involved in the process. Methods to involve stakeholders may change to maximize outreach and provide the best opportunities for input. The CSPIP process incorporates stakeholder participation in the study to produce a design that fits within the context of the community and responds to the needs of the traveling public.

### 1.3. GOALS OF PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT

This CSPIP is based on the following guiding principles:

- Provide continuous public access to study information as appropriate and opportunities for public input using a variety of outreach tools.
- Identify the major community values and stakeholders and identify methods to inform and involve them,
- Identify the approaches to resolve issues, concerns and conflicts that may arise.
- Link public involvement activities to study milestones, technical activities, and decision-making.
- Develop a decision-making process that involves the stakeholders in a meaningful way.
- Document and maintain, in a central location, a record of all communication received throughout the study.
- Provide reasonable accommodations for those with special needs or those who are traditionally underserved to provide input into the overall process.
- Review the effectiveness of the CSPIP periodically to ensure that information is being disseminated efficiently and effectively.


### 1.4. TYPES OF ENGAGEMENT

## Provide Transparency

The primary objective of transparency activities is to provide transparency in the planning process. They inform the public about an activity or event but do not elicit feedback or have an impact on decisions or deliverables.

- Study featured on NMDOT website (NMDOT managed/responsible)
- Social media posts (NMDOT managed/responsible)
- Posters in community locations
- Newspaper advertisement in local papers
- Radio public service announcements
- Every Door Direct mailers


## Seek Feedback

The main objective of Feedback activities is to obtain feedback on specific plans, the study area, the No Build and Preferred Alternatives, or decisions. The intention is to present a proposed idea or action to the target audience and provide people with the opportunity to give input.

- Surveys or comment forms during virtual public involvement meetings
- Opportunities to present study information to different stakeholder groups (virtually)


## Lead Collaboration

Collaboration activities are those where the organization works with the target audience throughout the planning process to ensure their concerns are heard and directly influence decisions and final products. For these activities, the audience advises and guides the planning process (activities will be customized to match the public health and safety guidelines and may be done virtually).

- Virtual public involvement meetings.
- Planning meetings with tribal, state and agency representatives.

The guide for preparing to achieve the goals of public involvement will be done in close coordination with NMDOT and will reference the CSPIP.

## 2. ANALYSES OF THE STUDY BACKGROUND CONTEXT

### 2.1. PLANNING HISTORY/BACKGROUND INFORMATION

In June 2021, NMDOT completed a scoping report for the four miles of NM 264 between MP 10 and MP 14 (Segment 1). The purpose of the scoping report was to document existing conditions, safety considerations, and develop recommended improvements.

Following the completion of the scoping report for Segment 1, District 6 chose to conduct a Phase A/B report to develop an improvement plan for the entire NM 264 corridor, resulting in the NM 246 Alignment Study.

### 2.2.STUDY CONTEXT AND KNOWN/LIKELY COMMUNITY CONCERNS AND VALUES

Taking several factors into consideration, including historic development, transportation context, multimodal connectivity, environmental concerns, local economics and land use, community resources, visual aesthetics and public health considerations, the following is an analysis of the study area and known or likely community concerns and values.

### 2.2.1 Environmental

From deeply incised, meandering streams with banks as high as 25 feet to shallow, wandering washes and arroyos with streambeds not more than a few feet below the adjacent banks, the drainage characteristics along the NM 264 alignment are a textbook example of the wide range of drainage formations seen throughout the New Mexico landscape. The characteristics of these drainage features result in bank erosion, which adds to the already large sediment load carried by most of the drainage pathways. Much of this sediment settles out in areas of low velocity, resulting in lower capacities for streamflow, particularly at the cross culverts along the alignment.

Most of the historic flooding in the area has been caused by local thunderstorms of short duration and sharp peaks when runoff increases rapidly in response to heavy rainfall. However, general storms can also cause severe flooding. A high-intensity rainfall cell, which could develop during a general storm, may be sufficient to cause damaging floods in the study area.

NM 264 is located within an area with Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) panels that indicate multiple flood hazard areas throughout the corridor. The floodplains are designated as Zone A (approximate) flood hazard areas, indicating that their limits and characteristics are not studied in detail but rather are shown as approximate areas of potential flood hazard. This only emphasizes the need for an updated Hydrology and Hydraulics assessment of the study corridor. It also emphasizes the need for a team of roadway and drainage specialists who can collaborate on the design to provide safe passage for motorists while addressing the potential for floodplain inundation. The study team will continue collaboration on addressing floodplain issues throughout the remainder of the corridor, specifically between MP 0 and MP 2, where the roadway lies completely within the delineated floodplain.

### 2.2.2 Historic Development

What is currently called NM 264 was established in the mid-1930s. It was originally designated as NM 68, but it was renumbered in the mid-1960s to match the Arizona state route that continues from the Arizona/New Mexico border to the west. In 2010, NM 264 was dedicated as the Navajo Code Talkers Highway (Navajo Times 2010). Additionally, NM 264 is included as part of the Trail of the Ancients Scenic Byway, one of 26 national or state scenic byways in New Mexico. No historic districts are found along the NM 264 corridor.

In the past 25 years, there has been minimal development along the NM 264 corridor. Development, including new structures, businesses, and homes, has remained concentrated around Tse Bonito and Yah-Ta-Hey.

### 2.2.3 Transportation

NM 264 begins at the Arizona-New Mexico state line just northwest of the unincorporated village of Tse Bonito. NM 264 begins within the main body of the Navajo Nation but heads southeast and passes through Tse Bonito. The highway is four lanes and has both urban and rural sections. The first 0.5 miles east of the Arizona/New Mexico state line from MP 0 to MP 0.5 consists of urban conditions with two lanes in each direction, curb and gutter and sidewalk on both sides. The intersection of Alma Drive is signalized. Several businesses and residences intersect the urban section of the corridor.

From MP 0.5 to MP 16 the corridor is two lanes in each direction with either a center turn lane or raised median. Numerous turnouts intersect the rural section that provides access to both Navajo and non-Navajo-owned properties. NM 264 passes through the village of Yah-Ta-Hey before it reaches its eastern terminus at a trumpet interchange with US 491. The existing roadway consists of four 12-foot lanes with either a 14-foot left turn lane and four-foot raised median, or a 16 -foot raised median and 10 -foot shoulders with standard rumble strips. The posted speed on the corridor varies from 25 miles per hour (mph) in the urban section to 55mph in the rural section.

### 2.2.4 Modal Considerations and Connectivity

Transit
Navajo Transit System Route 5 travels along NM 264 and operates four times daily, Monday through Friday. The bus departs from Fort Defiance Arizona and travels to Gallup New Mexico prior to returning. In addition to stops in Fort Defiance and Gallup (total of three) the route provides stops in both Tse Bonito and Yah-Ta-Hey (a total of two stops in the study area as shown on Figure 3). There are no other defined transit routes in the corridor.

FIGURE 3: TRANSIT SERVICE


## Pedestrian

The urban section from MP 0 to MP 0.5 has sidewalks on both sides of the roadway but they are largely not compliant with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and the Public Right-of Way Accessibility Guidelines (PROWAG). Currently, there are no pedestrian facilities east of MP 0.5 to MP 16 near the US 491 interchange.

## Bicycle

There is no identified state or Navajo Nation bicycle route on NM 264, although there are shoulders greater than four feet in width that could contribute to a potential network of bike shoulder facilities. Rumble strips are along NM 264 and are standard placement, which is 28inches from the edge of the driving lane stripe. That leaves over seven feet of shoulder that can be used as a bike shoulder facility.

NM 264 has been designated a Tier 2 bike route based on the New Mexico Bike Plan. This means that the desired infrastructure quality should meet at least the minimum level of dedicated infrastructure for bike use.

### 2.2.5 Land Use

The surrounding land in the area along NM 264 is primarily undeveloped, with low-density housing and businesses concentrated around Tse Bonito and Yah-Ta-Hey. The roadway is fenced at the right-of-way and the adjacent undeveloped land, consisting of Navajo and nonNavajo land, is likely used primarily for grazing or recreation (hunting or camping). Farther from the roadway corridor, mining operations are found in the mountainous areas.

### 2.2.6 Community

Understanding the makeup of the communities along NM 264 is vital to the public involvement process. The insights we obtain through census and American Community Survey (ACS) data allows NMDOT to reach stakeholders more successfully with meaningful engagement.

Communication tools and tactics will be targeted with messaging that is meaningful to stakeholders and delivered in places where they spend their time and get their information.

As a result, NMDOT should see higher engagement rates and effectively educate the community while investing resources in a purposeful and meaningful way.

DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE OF THE STUDY AREA
The entire NM 264 corridor from MP 0 to MP 16, with a one-mile buffer (Figure 4), has a population of approximately 2,593 people with a total American Indian population of $89 \%$. Out of this population, $61 \%$ of adults over the age of 25 are High School graduates or less. In addition, $7 \%$ of the population speaks English "less than very well." Results of the demographic profile assessment for the corridor are shown below in Table 1.

TABLE 1: DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE ASSESSMENT OF THE STUDY AREA

|  | Study Area (MP O to MP 16) |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | Number of Persons | Percent of Total |  |
| Total Population | 2,593 | $100 \%$ |  |
| Race and Ethnicity | 2,325 | $90 \%$ |  |
| American Indian | 890 | $58 \%$ |  |
| Education |  |  |  |
| High School Diploma or Less | $59 \%$ |  |  |
| Ability to Speak English | 1,442 | $7 \%$ |  |
| Speak non-English language at home |  |  |  |
| Speak English "less than very well" | 164 |  |  |

FIGURE 4: COMMUNITY DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS AREA


In addition to a corridor-wide assessment, we assessed multiple Census-designated places (CDPs) surrounding the study area including Rock Springs, Yah-Ta-Hey, and Tse Bonito. The results of this assessment are presented in Table 2.

TABLE 2: DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE ASSESSMENT OF SURROUNDING CENSUSDESIGNATED PLACES

|  | Rock Springs |  | Yah-Ta-Hey |  | Tse Bonito |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of Persons | Percent of Total | Number of Persons | Percent of Total | Number of Persons | Percent of Total |
| Total Population | 531 | 100\% | 552 | 100\% | 347 | 100\% |
| Race and Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| American Indian | 441 | 83\% | 459 | 83\% | 325 | 94\% |
| Education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High School Diploma or Less | 350 | 66\% | 364 | 66\% | 253 | 73\% |
| Ability to Speak English |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Speak non-English language at home | 232 | 55\% | 241 | 45\% | 208 | 65\% |
| Speak English "less than very well" | 25 | 5\% | 26 | 5\% | 31 | 10\% |

Full reports can be found in the appendix.

### 2.2.6 Visual Resources

The viewshed along NM 264 includes the roadway, associated signage along the roadway, surrounding vegetation, topographic features, any overhead power poles and utilities, and adjacent homes and businesses. Vegetation along NM 264 consists primarily of shrubs and scattered trees. The landscape is hilly with some large geologic formations in the background and incised washes throughout the corridor. User groups of NM 264 include residents who live in the area and motorists who travel through the area.

### 2.2.7 Economic Concerns

Businesses along NM 264 are scattered along the corridor but primarily consist of small businesses, stores, and restaurants in Tse Bonito, just east of the Arizona-New Mexico border, and in Yah-Ta-Hey just west of US 491. Various churches and convenience stores are also found throughout the corridor adjacent to NM 264.

### 2.2.8 Public Health

No health clinics or hospitals located along NM 264, though there is a dental clinic in Tse Bonito. The nearest health facilities are located in Gallup, approximately eight miles to the south of Yah-Ta-Hey, or near Fort Defiance, Arizona, approximately eight miles to the north of Tse Bonito.

### 2.2.9 Environmental Justice

In the vicinity of the NM 264 corridor, three CDPs have recorded data in the American Community Survey 5-year estimates for 2015 to 2020: Rock Springs CDP, Tse Bonito CDP, and Yah-Ta-Hey CDP. In McKinley County, $49 \%$ of the population is considered low income (income below $150 \%$ of the poverty level). In Rock Springs and Tse Bonito, the percentage is less than the county's low-income percentage ( $31 \%$ and $7 \%$, respectively), whereas in Yah-TaHey, $73 \%$ of the population is considered low-income.

Within the census block groups that encompass NM 264, between 95\% and 99\% of people are considered minorities. In McKinley County, $92 \%$ of residents are minorities; therefore, the population surrounding NM 264 has a slightly higher minority population than the county.

## 3. OPPORTUNITIES TO EXPRESS LOCAL VALUES

### 3.1. FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION

The functional classification of NM 264 is a Principle Arterial.

### 3.2.DESIGN SPEED

Design Speeds are anticipated to remain the same with respect to the currently posted speed limits. Posted speeds are 25 mph through Tse Bonito and 55 mph for the remainder of the corridor.

### 3.3.TRAFFIC CALMING

The study team will evaluate crash data and coordinate with major stakeholders including the two villages along the corridor, Tse Bonito and Yah-Ta-Hey, to determine whether traffic calming measures are appropriate.

### 3.4.GATEWAY AND PLACE-MAKING TREATMENTS

The study team will coordinate with major stakeholders including local representatives to evaluate the potential opportunity for gateway and place-making treatments.

### 3.5.STRUCTURAL AESTHETICS

NM 264 is a Scenic Byway as it is part of the Trail of the Ancients. There is only a single rural bridge structure at approximately MP 4 and no other structural elements. Anticipated improvements at the bridge and other locations on the project are not anticipated to be a substantial change from what exists today; therefore, structural aesthetics are not anticipated to be a major aspect of the study. The team will work with corridor stakeholders to confirm this approach.

### 3.6.ROAD DIET

The study team will evaluate crash data and traffic volumes and coordinate with major stakeholders including the two villages along the corridor, Tse Bonito and Yah-Ta-Hey, to determine whether road diet measures are desirable.

## 4. SCALE THE SOLUTION TO THE PROBLEM

### 4.1. AFFORDABILITY

The study implementation and funding plan will be refined based on the information and recommendations developed throughout the study and will be updated as decisions are made to ensure that the selected alternatives are reasonable and feasible.

### 4.2.SUPPORTED BY THE COMMUNITY

Community support will be essential for the study to move forward, and public involvement will play a critical part in developing study plans. This CSPIP outlines an approach that includes public involvement activities with opportunities for input.

### 4.3. CAN BE IMPLEMENTED IN A REASONABLE TIME PERIOD

The study development process will proceed at a steady pace. The study team will have regular meetings and coordination with the public during the study process.

## 5. IDENTIFICATION OF ISSUES

### 5.1. CONSENSUS BUILDING

The cornerstone of every transportation study is the Purpose and Need statement, which lays out the objectives that will be met by the study and identifies the deficiency or problem the study aims to correct. It is paramount to arrive at a consensus between the study team and the stakeholders on the purpose of the study. The study team will continually identify and update criteria for evaluation based on the feedback received by partner agencies and stakeholders to keep the public at large involved and invested in the study.

### 5.2. KNOWN OR LIKELY IMPACTS/ISSUES

As a part of the scoping phase for the section of NM 264 between MP 10 to MP 14 and through information gathering efforts, several factors were identified and outlined below that may affect the entire corridor. These factors include:

Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS): There is the potential for installation of broadband conduit (protective pipe) with each construction phase. This would require coordination with the NMDOT ITS Bureau.

Drainage: Drainage issues in the corridor may include highly erodible soils, resulting in scour critical facilities such as perched pipe outfalls or undermined drainage infrastructure. Onsite surveys indicated the transport of sedimentation through the study area. The potential for reduced capacity in the cross culverts and inlets is substantial.

Utilities: A utility survey would be completed to determine potential utility conflicts. In addition, there are overhead power lines along the south right-of-way fence line and a communication line within the north right-of-way line.

ADA Accommodations: In the urban section (MP 0 to MP 0.5) of the corridor, alternatives would be evaluated to accommodate ADA-compliant design for the pedestrian routes and at the Alma Drive intersection. For the rural section (MP 0.5 to MP 16) of NM 264, pedestrians use the existing shoulder width. Pedestrian traffic may be accommodated in this study.

School Crossing: Currently, there are no identified school crossings. However, through the study process and stakeholder/public outreach the study team will identify any school crossings within the study area. Coordination with the Chee Dodge Elementary School, Window Rock Elementary School, Window Rock Unified School District, and the Gallup McKinley County School District will be critical to identifying school crossings.

Environmental: Environmental impacts on biological and cultural resources would be identified during the study. Consultations would likely be required with the Navajo Nation Heritage and Historic Preservation Department and the Navajo Nation Department of Fish and Wildlife. For potential improvements that include drainage and/or culverts, Clean Water Act Section 404 and Section 401 permitting would likely be required through the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and the Navajo Environmental Protection Agency. Work to be performed outside of the existing NMDOT right-of-way would require temporary construction permits or construction maintenance easements. The need for temporary construction permits or construction maintenance easements on Navajo Nation lands would require the development of a BIA Environmental Assessment.

## 6. CONTEXT-SENSITIVE PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT APPROACH

To develop context-sensitive solutions, the specific approach uses several different elements:

- Creating a multi-disciplinary study team that has a full complement of technical disciplines required to identify, comprehend, and respond to the study within its context.
- Developing a study-specific communication strategy for interactions between the study team and study area stakeholders.
- Using a collaborative design and decision-making process to identify and evaluate the potential alternatives.

Each of these elements are discussed in further detail below. An understanding of critical study area values and resources from the different perspectives of stakeholders is critical to develop context sensitive solutions.

### 6.1. MULTIDISCIPLINARY STUDY TEAM

A multi-disciplinary study team will provide a direct connection between the technical specialists and the stakeholders. The team will be responsible for developing and evaluating alternatives, presenting the recommended preferred alternative, and making other recommendations for the NM 264 Alignment Study. The study team includes FHWA;

NMDOT's Project Development Engineer, Central Region Design, Environmental Bureau, District 6 and other NMDOT representatives; and HDR and subconsultants.

### 6.2.STUDY-SPECIFIC COMMUNICATION STRATEGY

Communication would be established with all stakeholders and information would be shared between the study team and identified stakeholder groups. The approach to engaging stakeholders in the study process is described in the sections below.

This CSPIP is being developed in the early stages of the study; therefore, some of the methods may change as other stakeholders are identified, concerns are better defined, and the effectiveness of outreach methods is determined.

### 6.2.1. PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT MEETINGS

Two public meetings will be conducted to present study-related information and obtain feedback from the public and stakeholders. The public meetings are anticipated to be virtual but, if in-person, would be held near the corridor and potentially in surrounding areas such as Rock Springs or Yah-Ta-Hey. If needed, we can select a location that is convenient for members of the Navajo Nation at one of their community facilities. A public meeting summary report will be prepared to document the meeting, including questions and comments from attendees.

### 6.2.2. VIRTUAL PUBLIC MEETINGS

Virtual public meetings will be held as the primary public engagement opportunity. An inperson meeting will be considered depending on the community's needs and may be supplemental to the virtual opportunities.

Notice of a virtual public meeting must comply with NEPA requirements, including the requirement to develop and implement strategies to address the needs of traditionally underserved populations and Limited English Proficiency (LEP) persons where such groups are identified within the study area. Notice of a virtual public meeting must include the following:

- Clear instructions about how to log on and/or call into the virtual public meeting.
- An explanation of how the virtual public meeting will be conducted.
- A statement that members of the public, as an alternative to the virtual public meeting, may request alternative language formats; contact the study team to ask questions about the study; access study materials; and submit public comments via the study information telephone line, the study email, or U.S. Postal Service mail.

A virtual public meeting must comply with the following:

- Participants in a virtual public meeting may be asked to "sign in" by entering their name, telephone number and email (no account or password will be required).
- NMDOT's standard nondiscrimination language may be displayed or read to participants in a virtual public meeting.
- A virtual public meeting must present the web address for a website at which study materials will be posted for public viewing during and after the virtual public meeting.
- A virtual public meeting must include a presentation by the study team. The presentation must provide information on how participants may submit comments via the study information telephone line, the study email, U.S. Postal Service mail or verbally during the virtual public meeting.
- The virtual public meeting may include a chat feature to capture comments, in addition to providing comments via other methods. Auto-closed captioning would be active during the presentation.
- Following the presentation, the virtual public meeting will include an allotted amount of time (usually 30 calendar days or longer as deemed appropriate by the study team) for members of the public to provide comments.
- Strategies for communicating with LEP populations during the virtual public meeting must be developed, including providing interpreters if needed.
- A transcript of the presentation given during the virtual public meeting must be prepared.
- A recording of the virtual public meeting must be made and posted online until at least the end of the comment period.

Stakeholders with limited or no access to the technology needed to participate in virtual public meetings may request reasonable accommodations by contacting the study team, whose contact information is provided in meeting notifications and on the study website. Accommodations may include offering interpretation services for alternative languages, mailing printed public meeting materials to include in alternative languages to stakeholders, mailing or providing a thumb drive with public meeting documents or offering a location for stakeholders to view study documents. Access to the study team will be provided using traditional contact methods (via telephone, U.S. Postal Service mail, email, etc.).

### 6.2.3. PUBLIC HEARING

Public hearings are not anticipated to be needed; however, agency stakeholder meetings and virtual public meetings would be held. If controversial issues are identified during these meetings, a public hearing may be required to address these issues.

### 6.2.4. PUBLIC MEETING NOTIFICATION

## WEBSITE

The study team will distribute study-related documents, information, and updates on the study website. The website may be used to provide information at key milestones, circulate key planning dates and study details and provide notice of meetings and/or other opportunities to participate in the decision-making process. Website updates will be made throughout the study process and at key milestones and shared with the Navajo Nation and its Chapters to be posted on their websites or other online communication platforms.

## SOCIAL MEDIA

Social media gets information to the public more quickly than other strategies. In addition to distributing information more promptly, the public may also provide feedback by responding to social media posts. Social media packages will be developed and shared with NMDOT, as well as the Navajo Nation, schools, and the county to post on their social sites.

## DIRECT MAILERS

Direct mailers are a convenient and efficient way to share study information with stakeholders and the public within the study area. Direct mailers will include details on the study, upcoming public meetings, and opportunities to provide input. Using Every Door Direct mailings, we can develop mailers that will be delivered to every mailbox (both residential and business) within designated zip codes in the study area. We anticipate delivering up to 6,970 postcards throughout the study area.

## RADIO ADVERTISEMENTS

Direct mailers and posters will be shared with the local radio stations such as those belonging to Millennium Media Inc. in Gallup (KXXI, KYVA, K-YA-T); Gallup Public Radio (KGLP); KWRK and KWIM in Window Rock, KHAC in Tse Bonito and KGAK out of Gallup to help distribute information on the study and upcoming public meetings or input opportunities.

## POSTERS

The study team will distribute posters at locations where targeted audiences tend to congregate to distribute key information about the plan. Because internet access in the area may be more limited, the posters will provide general study information and public information meeting notifications and will be posted in communities along the alignment.

## NEWSPAPER ADVERTISEMENTS

A printed advertisement will invite the public to participate in the public meeting and provide adequate notice of meeting dates, details, and other opportunities to participate in the decision-making process.

There will be two public meeting newspaper advertisements per public meeting, which will be distributed in the Gallup Independent and Navajo Times.

### 6.2.5. PUBLIC MEETING MATERIALS

Based on the meeting format, the study team may prepare exhibits in the form of display boards, factsheets, and presentations. Comment forms and sign-in sheets will be provided at any public meeting.

### 6.2.6. MEETING LOCATION AND TIMES

If in-person meetings are needed, the study team will be responsible for securing a venue for the public meeting. The study team will research locations along the study corridor to identify meeting locations that are accessible to the majority of the affected stakeholders. The following considerations will be made:

- The location is conveniently located to attend, within or near the study area.
- There is a place for signage directing people to the correct room or rooms.
- There is enough free public parking.
- The parking lot is well-lit for an evening public meeting.
- The facility provides technical resources including Wi-Fi, projectors, projector screens and other audio/visual equipment.
- The facility is ADA compliant.
- No other events or meetings are scheduled on the same date and time that could conflict with or disrupt the meeting.
6.2.7. BILINGUAL/ADA REQUIREMENTS

According to the U.S. Census Bureau, 2014 to 2018 ACS 5-Year Estimates, the study area has a total population of 2,593, with $7 \%$ of the population that speaks English less than "very well," therefore interpretation/translation can be accommodated upon request. Additionally, ADA accommodations will be made upon request.

### 6.2.8. PUBLIC COMMENTS

Written, electronic, call-in, or oral methods may be used to provide feedback on the study. A public comment period will coincide with the virtual public meeting.

The team will establish study contact information, including an email, phone line and USPS mailing address. In addition, the team will be responsible for comment management, including establishing a comment log and drafting responses in conjunction with NMDOT.

### 6.2.9. STAKEHOLDER COORDINATION ACTIVITIES

A stakeholder meeting will be held virtually, at the beginning of the study, to invite stakeholder feedback, and facilitate efficient coordination and review times. The meeting will be with agencies who may have input into the study and will include the FHWA, McKinley County, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, BIA, the Navajo Nation, local Navajo Chapter Houses, and others. The complete list will be refined with input from the study team at the beginning of the study.

### 6.2.10. NAVAJO NATION OUTREACH

Communication and coordination with the Tribe will be done throughout the life of the study to confirm the best outreach methods for their community as well as the best way to receive feedback from the Navajo Nation members, and the CSPIP will be updated as needed. In the early stages of the study, we will reach out to the surrounding chapter houses, Rock Springs and Tsayatoh, to better understand their communities and identify the most effective ways to communicate with their members. In addition, the team will offer and supply Diné or other interpretation services at events, as needed/requested.

We understand the current policies in place as it relates to in-person events within the Navajo Nation and can accommodate these policies by offering smaller (25 persons or less) in-person events for this community as supplements to any virtual meetings or events.

Communication and coordination with the Navajo Nation will be consistently evaluated to meet and accommodate changing or evolving needs of community members.

### 6.3.INITIAL IDENTIFICATION OF STAKEHOLDERS

In general, stakeholders will be divided into three categories:

- Those directly affected by the proposed improvements due to their location adjacent to the study corridor or their frequent use of affected facilities as part of their travel routine.
- Those indirectly affected, such as the traveling public or other affected parties.
- Agencies with jurisdictional authority over the infrastructure or land use within the study area.

The three stakeholder groups are identified and defined in more detail below.

### 6.3.7. General Public: Directly Affected Stakeholders

Those with properties located within or adjacent to the study area:

- Property owners or agency land managers on adjoining properties within or adjacent to the study limits.
- Residents living within one mile of the study area - approximately 2,593 persons:
- Large residential area just west of the US 491 Interchange
- Numerous single-home areas along NM 264
- Tse Bonito Mobile Home Park


## Area land managers:

- Navajo Nation
- New Mexico State Land Office
- BLM
- Institutions, business owners, or managers on adjacent properties or within the study limits:
- Schools:
- Hilltop Christian School
- Churches:
- God House Church
- Across Nations
- Gateway Community Christian Church
- Community Bible Church
- Navajo Mission Christian Academy

Agencies/Agency Organizations:

- Navajo Division of Transportation
- Navajo Nation Veterans Administration
- Navajo Nation Records Management
- Businesses:
- Yah-Ta-Hey Flea Market
- Navajo Law Center
- Family Dollar
(Yah-Ta-Hay)
- Sagebrush Liquor Store
- Speedy's Gas Station
- Navajo Nation Veterinary Clinic
- Tse Bonito Car Wash
- O'Reilly Auto Parts
- Payday Today
- Liberty Tax
- Speedway Gas Station
- Subway
- Silver Creek Mortuary
- Blake’s Lotaburger
- First American Credit Union
- Family Dollar (Tse Bonito)
- Napa Auto Parts
- Griswold's Inc (pawn shop)
- Griswold Arts and Crafts
- Sun Loan Company
- California Chinese Fast Food
- KFC
- Domino's
- Texaco
- Owners of vacant properties adjacent to the study limits

Those who frequently travel through or utilize the study area:

- Bicyclists, pedestrians, and representative organizations and advocacy groups:
- Gallup Trails (Nonprofit)
- New Mexico Interscholastic Cycling League
- NavajoYes
- City and county police, fire and emergency services providers:
- Navajo Estates Volunteer Fire Department
- City of Gallup Police Department
- McKinley County Sherriff's Department
- New Mexico State Police
- Navajo Nation Division of Public Safety
- McKinley County Fire Office
- Gallup Fire Department
- Navajo Nation Emergency Medical Services
- Gallup Indian Medical Center
- Businesses/Organizations that depend on NM 264:
- Navajo Nation Zoo
- Navajo Nation Museum
- Arizona Motor Vehicle Department
- Chee Dodge Elementary
- Window Rock Elementary School
- Rock Spring Navajo Mission
- Window Rock United Methodist Church
- St. Mark's Episcopal Church
- Unites State Postal Service (Window Rock)
- Window Rock Airport
- Family Assistance Administration
- Navajo United Way
- Navajo Nation Shopping Center
- Navajo Nation WIC
- Navajo Nation Division of Social Services
- Quality Inn Navajo Nation
- Navajo Election Office
- Navajo Times
- Miscellaneous businesses west of the AZ/NM state line
6.3.2. General Public: Indirectly Affected Stakeholders
- General public
- Elected officials
- Rock Springs and Tsayatoh Chapters
- Council Delegate
- Chapter President
- McKinley County Commissioner
- District 2
- Navajo Nation
6.3.3. Agencies and Government Agencies
- BIA
- BLM
- Navajo Nation Heritage and Historic Preservation Department
- Navajo Nation Department of Fish and Wildlife
- Navajo Nation Environmental Protection Agency
- Navajo Transit System
- Navajo Department of Transportation
- Navajo Nation Archaeology
- Navajo Nation Department of Water Resources
- New Mexico State Police City (multiple departments)
- County (multiple departments)
- Tribal entities
- New Mexico Office of Cultural Affairs, Historic Preservation Division
- New Mexico Department of Game and Fish
- New Mexico Office of the State Engineer
- New Mexico State Forestry Division
- New Mexico State Land Office
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers


## 7. COLLABORATIVE DESIGN AND DECISION-MAKING PROCESS

### 7.1. OPPORTUNITIES FOR PARTICIPATION

### 7.1.1. Issues Identification and Screening of Alternatives

Public input is important to present a complete picture of study-related concerns. Residents, business owners, landowners and others in the area have an on-the-ground perspective that enhances the information provided by design data. In the early stages of the study, a public meeting will be held virtually, where the study team will introduce the study, the conditions identified and receive public input.

A second public meeting will be held following the identification of improvement alternatives. The purpose of this meeting will be to share the results of the initial evaluation, including public input, explain the proposed improvement alternatives, and receive public input.

### 7.2.DECISION-MAKING

The study team will strive to keep the decision-making process (Figure 5) transparent and accessible to stakeholders. All decisions, recommendations and comments will be documented as the study develops. The study team meetings, local government/stakeholder briefings and virtual public meetings will be documented with summaries.

FIGURE 5: DECISION-MAKING PROCESS


## 8. DOCUMENTATION/TRACKING

The public involvement process needs consistent procedures for recording and responding to public comments and for relaying public comments to key study team members and decision makers. All comments directed to the study team regarding the study will become part of the record.

Comments can be collected at any time during the decision-making process using a variety of tools. All comments will be documented in the comment log and forwarded to the study team when necessary.

All comments received by the team will be combined and compiled into the communications log (master spreadsheet). Comments will be logged with the following information:

- Date - This is important for documenting the evolution of the study. It also establishes a benchmark for a timely response.
- Comment - It is important to document the comment, so a sufficient response can be developed and to understand potential trends that could emerge. All comments provided by members of the public should be documented as such (e.g., provided by a member of the public).
- Name, address, telephone number and email address - This information is optional and is often redacted within reports or summaries but is valuable information to obtain for the life of the study.
- Nature of comment - This data will allow for easy categorization of comments to be submitted for NEPA or Title VI documentation, and to capture and summarize trends.

Comments and questions received during each public meeting will be monitored and logged into the communication log.

HDR will work with NMDOT and continue the development of mailing lists and a list of key constituencies and stakeholders and the responsibilities of team members.

## 9. REFERENCES

Federal Emergency Management Agency [FEMA]. 2021. National Flood Hazard Layer. https://www.fema.gov/flood-maps/national-flood-hazard-layer. Accessed June 15. 2022.

Navajo Times. 2010. State Route 264 dedicated as Navajo Code Talker Highway - Navajo Times. (2010, November 11). https://www.navajotimes.com/news/2010/1110/111010highway.php. Accessed July 6, 2022.

New Mexico Department of Transportation. 2015. Location Study Procedures, Update 2015. Location Study Procedures (rtsclients.com). Accessed June 15, 2022.

New Mexico Department of Transportation. 2018. Prioritized Statewide Bicycle Network Plan. https://www.dot.nm.gov/planning-research-multimodal-and-safety/planning-division/multimodal-planning-and-programs-bureau/bicycle-pedestrian-and-equestrian-coordinator/. Accessed June 15, 2022.

Riner, S. 2006. Steve Riner Highways. https://www.steveriner.com/nmhighways/nmhome.htm. Accessed June 15, 2022.
U.S. Census Bureau. Table B17001: Poverty Status by Sex by Age. 2015 - 2020 American Community Survey. https://data.census.gov/cedsci/. Accessed June 15, 2022.
U.S. Census Bureau. Table B030021: Hispanic or Latino Origin by Race. 2015 - 2020 American Community Survey. https://data.census.gov/cedsci.. Accessed June 15, 2022.
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. 2022 version 2.0. EJScreen. https://ejscreen.epa.gov/mapper/. Accessed June 23, 2022.

## Appendix

## Full Corridor ACS Report

Census Designated Places ACS Reports

| Unes |  |  | $\Delta(30),$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location: User-specified linear location <br> Ring (buffer): 1-miles radius <br> Description: NM 264-16 Miles |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Summary of ACS Estimates |  |  | 2015-2019 |
| Population |  |  | 2,593 |
| Population Density (per sq. mile) |  |  | 71 |
| People of Color Population |  |  | 2,505 |
| \% People of Color Population |  |  | 97\% |
| Households |  |  | 681 |
| Housing Units |  |  | 910 |
| Housing Units Built Before 1950 |  |  | 23 |
| Per Capita Income |  |  | 14,424 |
| Land Area (sq. miles) (Source: SF1) |  |  | 36.46 |
| \% Land Area |  |  | 100\% |
| Water Area (sq. miles) (Source: SF1) |  |  | 0.00 |
| \% Water Area |  |  | 0\% |
|  | 2015-2019 <br> ACS Estimates | Percent | MOE ( $\pm$ ) |
| Population by Race |  |  |  |
| Total | 2,593 | 100\% | 452 |
| Population Reporting One Race | 2,568 | 99\% | 851 |
| White | 153 | 6\% | 185 |
| Black | 10 | 0\% | 26 |
| American Indian | 2,325 | 90\% | 458 |
| Asian | 0 | 0\% | 12 |
| Pacific Islander | 0 | 0\% | 12 |
| Some Other Race | 79 | 3\% | 158 |
| Population Reporting Two or More Races | 25 | 1\% | 37 |
| Total Hispanic Population | 201 | 8\% | 234 |
| Total Non-Hispanic Population | 2,392 |  |  |
| White Alone | 87 | 3\% | 107 |
| Black Alone | 10 | 0\% | 26 |
| American Indian Alone | 2,284 | 88\% | 450 |
| Non-Hispanic Asian Alone | 0 | 0\% | 12 |
| Pacific Islander Alone | 0 | 0\% | 12 |
| Other Race Alone | 0 | 0\% | 12 |
| Two or More Races Alone | 11 | 0\% | 24 |
| Population by Sex |  |  |  |
| Male | 1,221 | 47\% | 269 |
| Female | 1,372 | 53\% | 266 |
| Population by Age |  |  |  |
| Age 0-4 | 162 | 6\% | 82 |
| Age 0-17 | 744 | 29\% | 173 |
| Age 18+ | 1,849 | 71\% | 252 |
| Age 65+ | 198 | 8\% | 92 |

Location: User-specified linear location
Ring (buffer): 1-miles radius
Description: NM 264-16 Miles

|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 2015-2019 } \\ \text { ACS Estimates } \end{array}$ | Percent | MOE ( $\pm$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Population 25+ by Educational Attainment |  |  |  |
| Total | 1,512 | 100\% | 272 |
| Less than 9th Grade | 158 | 10\% | 73 |
| 9th - 12th Grade, No Diploma | 272 | 18\% | 106 |
| High School Graduate | 460 | 30\% | 125 |
| Some College, No Degree | 357 | 24\% | 117 |
| Associate Degree | 89 | 6\% | 81 |
| Bachelor's Degree or more | 177 | 12\% | 86 |
| Population Age 5+ Years by Ability to Speak English |  |  |  |
| Total | 2,431 | 100\% | 429 |
| Speak only English | 989 | 41\% | 289 |
| Non-English at Home ${ }^{1+2+3+4}$ | 1,442 | 59\% | 263 |
| ${ }^{1}$ Speak English "very well" | 1,277 | 53\% | 261 |
| ${ }^{2}$ Speak English "well" | 102 | 4\% | 71 |
| ${ }^{3}$ Speak English "not well" | 59 | 2\% | 66 |
| ${ }^{4}$ Speak English "not at all" | 4 | 0\% | 22 |
| ${ }^{3+4}$ Speak English "less than well" | 62 | 3\% | 66 |
| ${ }^{2+3+4}$ Speak English "less than very well" | 164 | 7\% | 96 |
| Linguistically Isolated Households* |  |  |  |
| Total | 49 | 100\% | 57 |
| Speak Spanish | 1 | 2\% | 12 |
| Speak Other Indo-European Languages | 0 | 0\% | 12 |
| Speak Asian-Pacific Island Languages | 0 | 0\% | 12 |
| Speak Other Languages | 48 | 98\% | 56 |
| Households by Household Income |  |  |  |
| Household Income Base | 681 | 100\% | 95 |
| < \$15,000 | 182 | 27\% | 79 |
| \$15,000-\$25,000 | 92 | 13\% | 50 |
| \$25,000-\$50,000 | 165 | 24\% | 72 |
| \$50,000-\$75,000 | 127 | 19\% | 72 |
| \$75,000 + | 115 | 17\% | 58 |
| Occupied Housing Units by Tenure |  |  |  |
| Total | 681 | 100\% | 95 |
| Owner Occupied | 424 | 62\% | 92 |
| Renter Occupied | 258 | 38\% | 72 |
| Employed Population Age 16+ Years |  |  |  |
| Total | 1,931 | 100\% | 341 |
| In Labor Force | 879 | 46\% | 178 |
| Civilian Unemployed in Labor Force | 125 | 6\% | 75 |
| Not In Labor Force | 1,052 | 54\% | 235 |

[^0]Location: User-specified linear location
Ring (buffer): 1-miles radius
Description: NM 264-16 Miles

|  | 2015-2019 ACS Estimates | Percent | MOE ( $\pm$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Population by Language Spoken at Home* |  |  |  |
| Total (persons age 5 and above) | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| English | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Spanish | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| French | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| French Creole | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Italian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Portuguese | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| German | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Yiddish | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Other West Germanic | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Scandinavian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Greek | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Russian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Polish | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Serbo-Croatian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Other Slavic | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Armenian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Persian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Gujarathi | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Hindi | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Urdu | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Other Indic | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Other Indo-European | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Chinese | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Japanese | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Korean | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Mon-Khmer, Cambodian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Hmong | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Thai | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Laotian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Vietnamese | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Other Asian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Tagalog | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Other Pacific Island | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Navajo | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Other Native American | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Hungarian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Arabic | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Hebrew | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| African | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Other and non-specified | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Total Non-English | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Data Note: Detail may not sum to totals due to rounding. Hispanic popultion can be of any race.
N/A meansnot available. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey (ACS) 2015-2019.
*Population by Language Spoken at Home is available at the census tract summary level and up.

| Procention $\quad$ EJSCS Summary Report |  |  | $\Delta(30),$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location: User-specified polygonal location |  |  |  |
| Ring (buffer): 0-miles radius |  |  |  |
| Description: Rock Springs CDP |  |  |  |
| Summary of ACS Estimates |  |  | 2015-2019 |
| Population |  |  | 531 |
| Population Density (per sq. mile) |  |  | 91 |
| People of Color Population |  |  | 524 |
| \% People of Color Population |  |  | 99\% |
| Households |  |  | 114 |
| Housing Units |  |  | 135 |
| Housing Units Built Before 1950 |  |  | 2 |
| Per Capita Income |  |  | 10,817 |
| Land Area (sq. miles) (Source: SF1) |  |  | 5.82 |
| \% Land Area |  |  | 100\% |
| Water Area (sq. miles) (Source: SF1) |  |  | 0.00 |
| \% Water Area |  |  | 0\% |
|  | 2015-2019 <br> ACS Estimates | Percent | MOE ( $\pm$ ) |
| Population by Race |  |  |  |
| Total | 531 | 100\% | 452 |
| Population Reporting One Race | 530 | 100\% | 791 |
| White | 40 | 8\% | 185 |
| Black | 0 | 0\% | 12 |
| American Indian | 441 | 83\% | 412 |
| Asian | 0 | 0\% | 12 |
| Pacific Islander | 0 | 0\% | 12 |
| Some Other Race | 48 | 9\% | 158 |
| Population Reporting Two or More Races | 1 | 0\% | 7 |
| Total Hispanic Population | 84 | 16\% | 234 |
| Total Non-Hispanic Population | 447 |  |  |
| White Alone | 7 | 1\% | 38 |
| Black Alone | 0 | 0\% | 12 |
| American Indian Alone | 440 | 83\% | 411 |
| Non-Hispanic Asian Alone | 0 | 0\% | 12 |
| Pacific Islander Alone | 0 | 0\% | 12 |
| Other Race Alone | 0 | 0\% | 12 |
| Two or More Races Alone | 0 | 0\% | 12 |
| Population by Sex |  |  |  |
| Male | 265 | 50\% | 269 |
| Female | 266 | 50\% | 241 |
| Population by Age |  |  |  |
| Age 0-4 | 17 | 3\% | 55 |
| Age 0-17 | 168 | 32\% | 173 |
| Age 18+ | 363 | 68\% | 223 |
| Age 65+ | 36 | 7\% | 56 |

## EJSCREEN ACS Summary Report

Location: User-specified polygonal location
Ring (buffer): 0-miles radius
Description: Rock Springs CDP

|  | 2015-2019 <br> ACS Estimates | Percent | MOE ( $\pm$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Population 25+ by Educational Attainment |  |  |  |
| Total | 288 | 100\% | 231 |
| Less than 9th Grade | 38 | 13\% | 66 |
| 9th - 12th Grade, No Diploma | 71 | 25\% | 92 |
| High School Graduate | 80 | 28\% | 96 |
| Some College, No Degree | 69 | 24\% | 110 |
| Associate Degree | 13 | 4\% | 54 |
| Bachelor's Degree or more | 17 | 6\% | 62 |
| Population Age 5+ Years by Ability to Speak English |  |  |  |
| Total | 514 | 100\% | 429 |
| Speak only English | 282 | 55\% | 289 |
| Non-English at Home ${ }^{1+2+3+4}$ | 232 | 45\% | 206 |
| ${ }^{1}$ Speak English "very well" | 206 | 40\% | 179 |
| ${ }^{2}$ Speak English "well" | 12 | 2\% | 50 |
| ${ }^{3}$ Speak English "not well" | 12 | 2\% | 44 |
| ${ }^{4}$ Speak English "not at all" | 1 | 0\% | 13 |
| ${ }^{3+4}$ Speak English "less than well" | 13 | 3\% | 44 |
| ${ }^{2+3+4}$ Speak English "less than very well" | 25 | 5\% | 66 |
| Linguistically Isolated Households* |  |  |  |
| Total | 4 | 100\% | 16 |
| Speak Spanish | 0 | 0\% | 12 |
| Speak Other Indo-European Languages | 0 | 0\% | 12 |
| Speak Asian-Pacific Island Languages | 0 | 0\% | 12 |
| Speak Other Languages | 4 | 100\% | 10 |
| Households by Household Income |  |  |  |
| Household Income Base | 114 | 100\% | 93 |
| < \$15,000 | 18 | 15\% | 31 |
| \$15,000-\$25,000 | 25 | 22\% | 50 |
| \$25,000-\$50,000 | 22 | 19\% | 49 |
| \$50,000-\$75,000 | 29 | 25\% | 72 |
| \$75,000 + | 21 | 18\% | 58 |
| Occupied Housing Units by Tenure |  |  |  |
| Total | 114 | 100\% | 93 |
| Owner Occupied | 104 | 91\% | 90 |
| Renter Occupied | 10 | 9\% | 43 |
| Employed Population Age 16+ Years |  |  |  |
| Total | 393 | 100\% | 341 |
| In Labor Force | 163 | 42\% | 175 |
| Civilian Unemployed in Labor Force | 7 | 2\% | 15 |
| Not In Labor Force | 229 | 58\% | 235 |

[^1]Location: User-specified polygonal location
Ring (buffer): 0-miles radius
Description: Rock Springs CDP

|  | 2015-2019 <br> ACS Estimates | Percent | MOE ( $\pm$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Population by Language Spoken at Home* |  |  |  |
| Total (persons age 5 and above) | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| English | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Spanish | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| French | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| French Creole | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Italian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Portuguese | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| German | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Yiddish | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Other West Germanic | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Scandinavian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Greek | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Russian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Polish | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Serbo-Croatian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Other Slavic | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Armenian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Persian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Gujarathi | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Hindi | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Urdu | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Other Indic | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Other Indo-European | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Chinese | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Japanese | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Korean | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Mon-Khmer, Cambodian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Hmong | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Thai | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Laotian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Vietnamese | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Other Asian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Tagalog | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Other Pacific Island | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Navajo | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Other Native American | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Hungarian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Arabic | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Hebrew | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| African | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Other and non-specified | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Total Non-English | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Data Note: Detail may not sum to totals due to rounding. Hispanic popultion can be of any race.
N/A meansnot available. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey (ACS) 2015-2019.
*Population by Language Spoken at Home is available at the census tract summary level and up.


## EJSCREEN ACS Summary Report

Location: User-specified polygonal location
Ring (buffer): 0-miles radius
Description: Ya Ta Hey CDP

|  | 2015-2019 <br> ACS Estimates | Percent | MOE ( $\pm$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Population 25+ by Educational Attainment |  |  |  |
| Total | 300 | 100\% | 231 |
| Less than 9th Grade | 39 | 13\% | 66 |
| 9th - 12th Grade, No Diploma | 74 | 25\% | 92 |
| High School Graduate | 83 | 28\% | 96 |
| Some College, No Degree | 72 | 24\% | 110 |
| Associate Degree | 13 | 4\% | 54 |
| Bachelor's Degree or more | 17 | 6\% | 62 |
| Population Age 5+ Years by Ability to Speak English |  |  |  |
| Total | 534 | 100\% | 429 |
| Speak only English | 293 | 55\% | 289 |
| Non-English at Home ${ }^{1+2+3+4}$ | 241 | 45\% | 206 |
| ${ }^{1}$ Speak English "very well" | 215 | 40\% | 179 |
| ${ }^{2}$ Speak English "well" | 13 | 2\% | 50 |
| ${ }^{3}$ Speak English "not well" | 13 | 2\% | 44 |
| ${ }^{4}$ Speak English "not at all" | 1 | 0\% | 13 |
| ${ }^{3+4}$ Speak English "less than well" | 14 | 3\% | 44 |
| ${ }^{2+3+4}$ Speak English "less than very well" | 26 | 5\% | 66 |
| Linguistically Isolated Households* |  |  |  |
| Total | 6 | 100\% | 16 |
| Speak Spanish | 0 | 0\% | 12 |
| Speak Other Indo-European Languages | 0 | 0\% | 12 |
| Speak Asian-Pacific Island Languages | 0 | 0\% | 12 |
| Speak Other Languages | 6 | 100\% | 10 |
| Households by Household Income |  |  |  |
| Household Income Base | 144 | 100\% | 93 |
| < \$15,000 | 22 | 15\% | 31 |
| \$15,000-\$25,000 | 31 | 22\% | 50 |
| \$25,000-\$50,000 | 28 | 19\% | 49 |
| \$50,000-\$75,000 | 36 | 25\% | 72 |
| \$75,000 + | 26 | 18\% | 58 |
| Occupied Housing Units by Tenure |  |  |  |
| Total | 144 | 100\% | 93 |
| Owner Occupied | 131 | 91\% | 90 |
| Renter Occupied | 13 | 9\% | 43 |
| Employed Population Age 16+ Years |  |  |  |
| Total | 409 | 100\% | 341 |
| In Labor Force | 170 | 42\% | 175 |
| Civilian Unemployed in Labor Force | 7 | 2\% | 15 |
| Not In Labor Force | 239 | 58\% | 235 |

[^2]Location: User-specified polygonal location
Ring (buffer): 0-miles radius
Description: Ya Ta Hey CDP

|  | 2015-2019 <br> ACS Estimates | Percent | MOE ( $\pm$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Population by Language Spoken at Home* |  |  |  |
| Total (persons age 5 and above) | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| English | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Spanish | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| French | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| French Creole | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Italian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Portuguese | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| German | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Yiddish | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Other West Germanic | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Scandinavian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Greek | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Russian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Polish | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Serbo-Croatian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Other Slavic | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Armenian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Persian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Gujarathi | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Hindi | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Urdu | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Other Indic | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Other Indo-European | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Chinese | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Japanese | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Korean | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Mon-Khmer, Cambodian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Hmong | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Thai | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Laotian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Vietnamese | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Other Asian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Tagalog | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Other Pacific Island | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Navajo | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Other Native American | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Hungarian | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Arabic | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Hebrew | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| African | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Other and non-specified | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Total Non-English | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Data Note: Detail may not sum to totals due to rounding. Hispanic popultion can be of any race.
N/A meansnot available. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey (ACS) 2015-2019.
*Population by Language Spoken at Home is available at the census tract summary level and up.



## Contents

Introduction ..... 3
NM 264 Alignment Study Milepost 0 to 16 ..... 3
Public Involvement Process ..... 3
Agency Scoping Meeting. ..... 4
Virtual Public Meeting ..... 4
Notifications. ..... 4
Public Meeting Materials ..... 6
Public Comments. ..... 7
Virtual Meeting Questions and Answers ..... 7
Additional Comments/Questions ..... 7

## Appendices

# Appendix A: Public Meeting Notification 

Appendix B: Public Meeting Materials
Appendix C: Public Comments

## Introduction

The New Mexico Department of Transportation (NMDOT), in coordination with the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), is conducting an Alignment Study on NM 264 in McKinley County from the Arizona/New Mexico state line to the US 491 interchange near Yah-Ta-Hey.

The corridor improvements will be completed in segments. Funding has been programmed for the first construction segment (Segment 1), which will run from milepost 10 to 14 and is currently under design.

## NM 264 Alignment Study Milepost 0 to 16

NM 264 serves as a key corridor to the Navajo Nation, connecting communities to Window Rock, Arizona, and serves as a connection to US 491. The purpose of the study is to document existing conditions and develop highway improvement alternatives along the entire NM 264 corridor from milepost 0 to 16.

Figure 1: NM 264 Alignment Study Limits


## Public Involvement Process

NM 264 is a unique corridor, including both rural and urban segments, that provides key access for the Navajo Nation between Arizona and New Mexico. Due to this, there is a wide variety of stakeholders we must reach through these efforts including groups such as tribal communities, commuters, emergency services, schools and school transportation, agencies, and the traveling public among others. Ultimately, the goal of these public involvement efforts is to identify these stakeholders' concerns and values to help guide the development of improvements along this corridor.

Public and agency coordination for this study began in summer of 2022 with initial scoping letters being distributed to agencies and organizations in July of 2022. Following the initial coordination with agencies, the study team planned and implemented two virtual meetings to provide study information and solicit feedback. A summary of those efforts is highlighted below.

## Agency Scoping Meeting

The study team, in collaboration with NMDOT and FHWA, held a virtual stakeholder meeting on Wednesday, August 17, 2022, at 10 a.m. MST via Webex. To participate, stakeholders were invited to log in to the meeting using the Webex application, web browser, or via telephone. The meeting had a total of 29 attendees. The meeting focused on an overview of the study area, the preliminary purpose and need, existing roadway conditions, and proposed highway improvements. Comments and questions were accepted live, following the presentation.

## Stakeholder Meeting Notification

The team prepared an email meeting invitation that was sent to 12 organizations and invitees. A copy of the stakeholder scoping meeting invitation and list of invitees can be found in Appendix A.

## Virtual Public Meeting

The study team, including NMDOT staff, held a virtual public meeting on Tuesday, August 23, 2022, at 6 p.m. via Webex. To participate, the public was invited to log in to the meeting using the Webex application, web browser, or via telephone.

The meeting focused on an overview of the study area, the preliminary purpose and need, existing roadway conditions, and proposed highway improvements. Three participants attended the virtual meeting. Comments and questions were accepted live, following the presentation. All questions and comments provided at the virtual public meeting were recorded and are included in Appendix $C$.

## Notifications

## Newspaper Advertisements

The team developed and distributed two newspaper advertisements for this meeting. The newspaper advertisements provided an overview of the study, invited the public to attend the virtual public meeting, and provided information on how to provide their comments. The advertisements - which also included the date, time, and log-in information for the meeting - were distributed in the following publications:

- Navajo Times (August 4, 2022)
- Gallup Independent (August 8, 2022)

Copies of the newspaper advertisements can be found in Appendix A.

## Meeting Notification Poster

The study team distributed virtual public meeting fliers electronically to key stakeholders such as other agencies and tribal chapter houses, which included details on how to attend and participate in the virtual public meeting. Following the meeting, a second poster was created and distributed to the same list, which included details on how to watch a recording of the virtual public meeting. Copies of the posters can be found in Appendix A.

## Direct Mailer

A direct mailer was sent to 6,970 addresses in the study area to inform residents and property owners of the virtual public meeting. The mailer was distributed on August 2,2022 . The mailers were sent to the following postal codes within the study area:

- 86515- PBOX
- 87375- PBOX
- 87305- PBOX
- 87301- HO33

A copy of the direct mailer can be found in Appendix A.

## Press Release

NMDOT distributed a press release to their local media list on August 15, 2022, that included details of the study and how to participate in the virtual public meeting. A second press release was distributed on August 30, 2022, following the meeting, which included details on how to watch a recording of the virtual public meeting. Copies of both press releases can be found in Appendix A.

## Local Radio Stations

Copies of the direct mailer were provided electronically to local radio stations within the study area via email on August 9, 2022. The emails were sent to the following radio stations:

- KXXI 93.7 FM
- KYAT 94.5 FM
- KGLP 91.7 FM
- KTNN 660 AM/101.5 FM
- KHAC 880 AM
- KGAK 1330 AM

A copy of the email can be found in Appendix A.

## Social Media

Social media posts were developed for NMDOT accounts, including details on how to participate in the virtual public meeting, how to comment, and how to watch the recording of the virtual public meeting. Copies of the social media posts can be found in Appendix A.

## Project Webpage

The study webpage www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study was updated in August 2022 and included information about the study and a link to the event webpage with full meeting details.

## Event Webpage

An event webpage was created at www.dot.nm.gov/event/nm-264-public-meeting, which included information about the study, how to log in and participate in the meeting, and how to provide comments on the study. Following the meeting, the recording of the event was also placed on this webpage to allow the public to watch the meeting at their convenience and continue to provide comments through September 22.

## Public Meeting Materials

## Presentation

A PDF of the presentation was made available to the public through the study webpage in August 2022. In addition to the presentation, a link to the recording of the virtual public meeting was posted to the study webpage in August 2022. A copy of the presentation is available in Appendix B.

## Fact Sheet

A fact sheet was posted to the webpage and provided information on the study, a map of the study area, and a study timeline. A copy of the fact sheet can be found in Appendix B.

## Public Comments

Public comments were accepted from August 23 - September 22 in the following ways:

- Live at the virtual public meeting
- Study webpage: www.dot.nm.gov/event/nm-264-public-meeting/
- Email: NM264Study@hdrinc.com
- Phone: 602.299.9581
- Mail: NM 264 Alignment Study C/O Kristi Shepherd, HDR Engineering 20 E. Thomas Road, Ste 2500, Phoenix, AZ 85012

In total, seven comments were received throughout the study period which focused on safety, school bus access, drainage, access, lighting, and pavement. Of the seven comments received, six were study-specific and one was unrelated to the current study.

## Virtual Meeting Questions and Answers

Four questions/comments were submitted by attendees during the virtual public meeting and were responded to by the study team on August 23, 2022. A summary of those questions and answers can be found in Appendix $C$.

## Additional Comments/Questions

Three additional questions/comments were received during the comments period and were responded to by the study team. A summary of those comments and responses can be found in Appendix C.
Appendix A - Public Meeting NotificationAgency Scoping Meeting
Newspaper Advertisements
Meeting Notification Poster
Direct Mailer
Press Release
Radio Station Emails
Social Media
Study Webpage

## Shepherd, Kristi

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { To: } & \text { Shepherd, Kristi } \\ \text { Subject: } & \text { RE: [EXTERNAL] NM } 264 \text { Alignment Study Agency Scoping Meeting }\end{array}$

From: Altemus, Maria [Maria.Altemus@hdrinc.com](mailto:Maria.Altemus@hdrinc.com)
Sent: Friday, August 5, 2022 12:48 PM
To: Sanchez-Ramos, Gabriel, NMDOT; Benavides, Priscilla, NMDOT; Gisler, Steven, NMDOT; Kazmi, Arif, NMDOT; Rizvi, Rais, NMDOT; Potthoff, Edward; Gutierrez, Amanda; Shepherd, Kristi; Unger, Audrey C.; Policar, Randy
Cc: Rock Springs Chapter; Williams, Evan; marmijo@slo.state.nm.us; blm nm comments@blm.gov;
Wyatt.T.Medley@usace.army.mil; Patrick Antonio; Joseph J. Peterman; Milligan, Lauren S., DPS; Martin, Shawn R., DPS; leonard.notah@bia.gov; Myles.Lytle@bia.gov
Subject: [EXTERNAL] NM 264 Alignment Study Agency Scoping Meeting
When: Wednesday, August 17, 2022 2:00 PM-3:00 PM (UTC-07:00) Mountain Time (US \& Canada).
Where: https://meethdr.webex.com/meethdr/j.php?MTID=m362770e4e7ac14a967609cd5797d77df

CAUTION: This email originated outside of our organization. Exercise caution prior to clicking on links or opening attachments.

On behalf of the New Mexico Department of Transportation, we would like to invite you to an agency scoping meeting for the NM 264 Alignment Study. The meeting will provide a presentation to introduce the study, the conditions identified and receive agency input. The presentation will also briefly cover the proposed project from milepost 10 to 14 on NM 264 that will improve the roadway and include drainage improvements.

If you or someone from your agency would like to attend, please RSVP to this meeting invite. The meeting will be held virtually. Login details can be found below.

For more information on the project, please visit this website: www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study

If you have any questions or comments prior to the meeting, feel free to email Maria Altemus, Environmental Planner at HDR (maria.altemus@hdrinc.com) or Kristi Shepherd, Strategic Communications Manager at HDR (Kristi.shepherd@hdrinc.com).

NMDOT CN 6101020 - NM 264 Alignment Study Agency Scoping Meeting Hosted by Kristi Shepherd
https://meethdr.webex.com/meethdr/j.php?MTID=m362770e4e7ac14a967609cd5797d77df
Wednesday, Aug 17, 2022 2:00 pm | 1 hour
Meeting number: 24825154980
Password: NM264

Join by phone: +1-408-418-9388 United States Toll
Access code: 24825154980

Diné College grants pay for tuition, meals, housing, books
TSAILE, Ariz. - To help students earn college degrees,
Diné College will offer grants Dine College wil offlly pay for tuition, meals and residentia Starting this fall, the college will provide $100 \%$ grants to nake college accessible and
ncrease student success.
Charles Roessel said, "We live
in extraordinary times and we need to take extraordinary help our Navajo people. $5 \%$ of Diné College students aced one or more forms of asic needs insecurity. This inudes food insecurity, housing nsecurity or homelessness. aid, "We wanted to target the needs we are seeing in our students with this initiative. interventions and supports we can provide for our students
and we finally just said, let's Funding for this plan will come from money the college received through the Higher Exucation Emergency the American Rescue Plan Act.
Bo Lewis, vice president of fi nance and administration, sai "The goal is that by improving enrollment, this plan can become sustainable beyond thes Covid-related funds."
The plan will be in place

through 2024.
Coconino Co. brings
Starlink to Navajo students
FLAGSTAFF, Ariz.-Coconino
County is leading the effort to
bring high-speed broadband nternet with SpaceX's Starlin
to students in grades $\mathrm{K}-12$ on the Navajo Nation, according to a county news release. The county began conversa5 Supervisor Lena Fowler and
he county's Chief Information Officer Matt Fowler met wit he company in 2019. This resulted in securing accounts.for the county to uti-
lize SpaceX beta technology to make internet accessible to rural areas of Northern Ariz The count an early customer, pu chasing and launching Starlink beta internet in a 45 -household trial on May 6, 2021. Shortly after, the county identified K-12 students living
on the Navajo Nation without
ccess to the internet or existing speeds less than 5 Mbps download and 3 Mbps upload. The Information Technology Department engaged with the Flagstaff Unified School District, seeking eligible students To date, approximately households have received services for a free two-year pe services for a free two-year pe by private donations.
This provides students the ability to connect with educa tion providers and coly.
Supervisor Lena Fowler said,
"We know he critical need for "We know the critical need for quality, reliable internenty. Our families and workforce need to be connected to compete in today's market, grow in their education, lifd."
Starlink is now available in Arizona. Those interested in service should visit https:// www.starlink.com/

Two IAIA students awarded Warner Bros. scholarship SANTA FE - Two outstanding SANTA FE - Tw wotstan of
students in the Institute of American Indian Arts' Low Residency MFA in Creative Writing program have beed



## How To Participate

## Tuesday, August 23, 2022 | Beginning at 6:00 pm (MT)

Join the live virtual public meeting on your computer, smartphone or tablet by using the link below, or by calling in on your telephone:

## ONLINE OR CALL-IN

- Link: bit.ly/NM264-EN
- Phone: $+7-408-418-9388$
- Meeting number (Access code): 24859563910
- Password: NM264 (66264 from phones)


## Unable to attend?

If you cannot participate in the virtual meeting, the event will be recorded and posted on the project website shortly after the meeting.
To request meeting assistance, language translation, or ADA accommodations, please contact Kristi Shepherd at 602.299.9581 or NM264Study@hdrinc.com by August 16, 2022.

[^3]educational and protes
goals as screenwriters. Saleha is a Navajo and Ban gladeshi-American screenwriter and actress based in Atlanta Georgia.
Her work is influenced by her identity as a Native Ameri
and South Asian woman. As a first-generation college student, she pursued studies
in business that led to employment at a Fortune 500 company in Silicon Valley.
In 2018, she left the corporate world to pursue her passion for storytelling. saleha, who
science fiction and fantasy, is working on adapting Navajo sto ries for film and television that accurately represent Indigenous people and cultures throug She says she is inspired "to tell stories that reflect her love of her culture" and "to show younger generations that
they're loved and can dream of being whomever they want to be in this world."
Cressandra Thibodeaux ha already experienced great wright, and photojournalist. She earned an MFA in direct ing from Columbia Universit film program and received MacDowell Colony Fellowship and a Rockefeller grant.

## Coconino Co.

 superintenden announces nomination for 2023 awardsFLAGSTAFF - Cheryl Man go-Paget, superintendent of schools for Coconino County, issued a request for nominations for the 10th annual teacher orcher of the year and second annual lifetime achievement award. The awards celebrate, honor ers from pre-kindergarten to 12th grade.
Nominations are required for all three award categories Sept. 15 at 5 p.m.
A panel of five judges will score the applications using a rubric and discussion to dein each category. The top six candidates will then be interviewed. Judges will score the interviews with another rubric to determine the three finalists in each category. nformation: https://cocon no.az.gov/1863/Celebrate

# Grain ship from Ukraine docks in Turkey, nuke plant shelled 

Associated Press

DERINCE, Turkey - The first of the ship a potential grobal food crisis arrived at
it its destination in Turkey on Monday, as
Russia again accused Ukraine of shelling Russia again accused Ukraine of shelling Europe's largest nuclear power station.
The Turkey-flagged Polarnet docked at Derince port in the Gulf of Izmit after setting off from Chornomorsk on Aug. 5 laden with 12,000 tons of corn.
"This sends a message of hope to
every family in the Middle East, Africa, and Asia: Ukraine won't abandon you," Ukrainian Foreign Minister Dmytro, Kuleba tweeted. "If Russia sticks to its obligations, the 'grain corridor’ will keep Polarnet Captain Ahmet Yucel Alibeyler highlighted the risks faced by the three grain-carrying ships that left


The cargo ship Polarnet arrives to Derince port in the Gulf of Izmit, Turkey, Monday. The first of the ships to leave Ukraine under a deal to unblock grain Turkey on Monday.

Ukraine.
"These were, of course, dangerous demined," he that had been cleared, voy was escorted by barg that the conuntil it left the risky waters. A total of 12 ships have now been authorized to sail under the grain deal between Ukraine and Russia, which was
brokered by Turkey and th Unite brokered by Turkey and the United Nations - ten outbound and two headed for
Ukraine. Some 322,000 metric tons of agricultural products have left Ukrainian ports, the bulk of it corn but also sunflower oil and soya. day are expected to anchor near Istanbul day are expected to anchor near Istanbul
on Monday evening, Turkey's Defense Ministry said. They are due to be inspected on Tuesday. officials from the three countries and the
U.N. to make sure they carry only grain,
ertilizer or food and not any other commodities. Inbound vessels are checked to nsure they are not carrying weapons. But the grain deal remains far from lain sailing. The first ship to leave zoni, which left on Aug. 1, will no longe dock in Lebanon and will change course Ahe director of the Tripoli Port told The ted Press on Monday hip, carrying 26 年ian-flagged Razoni ap, carrying 26,000 metric tons of corn for chicken feed that departed from
Odesa last Monday was set Odesa last Monday was set to dock in the
orthern Lebanese port on Sunday But northern Lebanese port on Sunday. But
according to Marine Traffic, it changed its status on Saturday to "order," meaning the ship was waiting for someone to buy the corn.
"All that I know is that the ship is no
longer coming here," Tripoli Port director Akraine's embassy in Beirut tweeted Monday that the corn's final buyer in Lebanon refused to accept the cargo due limit and that the shipper was now look ing for another buyer.
The shipment had been a grain of hope for the economically-shattered tiny Mediterranean nation, also suffering
from a food security crisis. Soaring food inflation, wheat shortages, and breadlines have crippled a population, of which about half are food insecure, according to
the United Nations World Food Program. Meanwhile, Moscow again accused Ukrainian forces of shelling the territo-
ry of the Zaporizhzhia Nuclear Power ry of the Zaporizhzhia Nuclear Power Station from Marganets on the opposit
bank of the Dniper River on Sunday.

Myanmar's ambassador to China dies
sador to China has died, the Chinese government said Monday "I can confirm what you mentioned," Foreign Ministry spokesperson Wan
Wenbin said in response to a questio about the reported death of Ambassado

He did not say when the diplomat had died or what the cause of death was. Myo Thant Pe had been ambassador "He dedice 2019, Wang said. ment of China-Myanmar relations,"
said. "We express our deep condolences
and regret over his sudden passing and and regret over has sudden passing and
our sincere sympathies to his family." China is one of Myanmar's closest allies and has expressed unequivocal sup-
port for the country's ruling military that seized power last year.


Flames and smoke rise from the Matanzas Supertanker Base as firefighters and specialists work to quell the blaze which began during a thunderstorm the night before in tank at the base, causing a fire that led to four explosions which injured dozens. Firefighters battle big blaze at Cuba tank farm for 2nd day

## By Andrea Rodriguez

HAVANA - Cuban firefighters were joined
HAVANA - Cuban firef ighters were joine by special teams sent by Mexico and venezuel
on Sunday as they battled for a second day to control a fire blazing at a big oil tank farm in the western province of Matanzas.
The blaze began Friday night when
The blaze began Friday night when lightning the fire spread to a second tank early Saturday, trig gering a series of explosions, officials have said. "The mission of the day is to keep the third from spreading into more of the site, provincia from spreading into more
Gov. Mario Sabines said.
Most of the fuel held in the tank where the fire initially started was believed to have been consumed, officials said.
Authorities said a body found at the site Saturday had been identified as firefighter Juan
Carlos Santana, 60 . Officials previously said a group of 17 firefighters had grone missly said a trying to quell flames, but there was no word if he was one of those.
Conditions were still too dangerous to mount a search for the missing firefighters, officials said. A total of 122 people were treated for inju-
ries including five that officials said were in critical condition.
The governor said 4,946 people had been evacuated, mostly from the Dubrocq neighborhoo
ren is nexto he Matanzas Supera ker Base in Matanzas city. The facility's eight huge storage anks hold oil used to fuel electricity generation Dense black smoke billowed up from the tank
farm and spread westward more than 62 miles to Havana. The Ministry of Science and Technology said Sunday that the cloud contained sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxide, carbon monox de and other toxic substance.
The disaster comes as Cuba struggles with severe economic and energy crisis, with fre umt power blackouts hitting during a torrid been lost to was unknown how much fuel had been lost to the flames
Cuba's government had appealed for help firefighting teams began arriving with their equipment from Mexico and Venezuela late Saturday. They brought helicopters and specialized chemicals for fighting oil fire. Iso help to quell the fire by means of cooling based on water and foam," Mexican Brig. Gen. Juan Bravo said upon arrival. "We hope that more support will arrive soon, such as chemical material.' President Miguel Diaz-Canel met with zuela to coordinate efforts for controlling the blaze. He later told Cuban media he appreciated the help, since Cuba doesn't have experi
or resources for fires of such magnitude.

## Learn more and share your thoughts!

Virtual Public Meeting for the NM 264 Alignment Study Milepost 0 to 16 - August 23, 2022
The New Mexico Department of Transportation (NMDOT), in coordination with the Federal Highway Administration, is conducting an Alignment Study on NM 264 in McKinley County from the Arizona/New Mexico state line to the US 491 interchange near Yah-Ta-Hey to document existing conditions and develop highway improvement alternatives. NM 264 serves as a key corridor to the Navajo Nation, connecting communities to Window Rock, AZ, and serves as a connection to US 491. The purpose of this meeting is to introduce the study, the conditions identified and receive public input.

NMDOT invites you to participate in a live virtual public meeting on Tuesday, August 23, 2022, starting at 6:00 pm (MT) to learn more about and share your input on the study

## How To Participate

Tuesday, August 23, 2022
Beginning at 6:00 pm (MT)

## We Want to Hear From You!

Comments are being accepted from August 23, 2022, through September 22, 2022.
You can comment in the following ways:

- Attend virtual meeting
- Email: NM264Study@hdrinc.com
- Call: 602-299-9581
- Visit the project website: www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study
- USPS mail to: NM 264 Study C/O | Kristi Shepherd, HDR Engineering

20 E. Thomas Road, Ste 2500 | Phoenix, AZ 85012

To request meeting assistance, language translation, or ADA accommodations, please contact Kristi Shepherd at 602-299-9581 or NM264Study@hdrinc.com by August 16, 2022.

Join the live virtual public meeting on your computer, smartphone or tablet by using the link below, or by calling in on your telephone: ONLINE OR CALL-IN

- Link: bit.ly/NM264-EN
- Phone: +1-408-418-9388

Meeting number (Access code): 24859563910
Password: NM264 (66264 from phones)

## Unable to attend?

If you cannot participate in the virtual meeting, the event will be recorded and posted on the project website shortly after
 the meeting

## Learn more and share your thoughts!

Virtual Public Meeting for the NM 264 Alignment Study Milepost 0 to 16 - August 23, 2022
The New Mexico Department of Transportation (NMDOT), in coordination with the Federal Highway Administration, is conducting an Alignment Study on NM 264 in McKinley County from the Arizona/ New Mexico state line to the US 491 interchange near Yah-Ta-Hey to document existing conditions and develop highway improvement alternatives. NM 264 serves as a key corridor to the Navajo Nation, connecting communities to Window Rock, AZ and serves as a connection to US 491. The purpose of this meeting is to introduce the study, the conditions identified, and receive public input.

NMDOT invites you to participate in a live virtual public meeting on Tuesday, August 23, 2022, starting at 6:00 pm (MT) to learn more about and share your input on the study.


## How To Participate

Tuesday, August 23, 2022
Beginning at 6:00 pm (MT)
Join the live virtual public meeting on your computer, smart phone or tablet by using the link below, or by calling in on your telephone:

## ONLINE OR CALL-IN

- Link: bit.ly/NM264-EN
- Phone: +1-408-418-9388
- Meeting number (Access code): 24859563910
- Password: NM264 (66264 from phones)


## Unable to attend?

If you cannot participate in the virtual meeting, the event will be recorded and posted on the project website shortly after the meeting.

To request meeting assistance, language translation, or ADA accommodations, please contact Kristi Shepherd at 602-299-9581 or NM264Study@hdrinc.com by August 16, 2022.

Learn more at:

## Learn more and share your thoughts!

## Virtual Public Meeting Recording Now Available for the NM 264 Alignment Study

The New Mexico Department of Transportation (NMDOT), in coordination with the Federal Highway Administration, is conducting an Alignment Study on NM 264 in McKinley County from the Arizona/New Mexico state line to the US 491 interchange near Yah-Ta-Hey to document existing conditions and develop highway improvement alternatives. NM 264 serves as a key corridor to the Navajo Nation, connecting communities to Window Rock, AZ, and serves as a connection to US 491. A public meeting was hosted on August 23, 2022 to introduce the study, the conditions identified, and receive public input.


## How To Participate

## Watch the live recording:

The virtual meeting was recorded and posted to the project website. Visit www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study to watch the meeting at your own convenience.

## We Want to Hear from You!

Comments will be accepted through September 22, 2022.
You can comment in the following ways:

- Email: NM264Study@hdrinc.com
- Call: 602-299-9581
- Visit the project website: www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study
- USPS mail to: NM 264 Study C/O, Kristi Shepherd, HDR Engineering, 20 E. Thomas Road, Ste 2500 Phoenix, AZ 85012

To request meeting assistance, language translation, or ADA accommodations, please contact Kristi Shepherd at 602-299-9581 or NM264Study@hdrinc.com.

## You're Invited to a Virtual Public Meeting

## Virtual Public Meeting for the NM 264 Alignment Study Milepost 0 to 16 - August 23, 2022

The New Mexico Department of Transportation (NMDOT), in coordination with the Federal Highway Administration, is conducting an Alignment Study on NM 264 in McKinley County from the Arizona/New Mexico state line to the US 491 interchange near Yah-Ta-Hey to document existing conditions and develop highway improvement alternatives. NM 264 serves as a key corridor to the Navajo Nation, connecting communities to Window Rock, AZ, and serves as a connection to US 491. The purpose of this meeting is to introduce the study, the conditions identified and receive public input.

## We Want to Hear From You!

Comments are being accepted from
August 23, 2022, through September 22, 2022.
You can comment in the following ways:

- Attend virtual meeting
- Email: NM264Study@hdrinc.com
- Call: 602-299-9581
- Visit the project website:
www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study
- USPS mail to: NM 264 Study C/O

Kristi Shepherd, HDR Engineering 20 E. Thomas Road, Ste 2500 Phoenix, AZ 85012

NMDOT invites you to participate in a live virtual public meeting on Tuesday, August 23, 2022, starting at 6:00 pm (MT) to learn more about and share your input on the study.


## How To Participate

## Tuesday, August 23, 2022 | Beginning at 6:00 pm (MT)

Join the live virtual public meeting on your computer, smartphone or tablet by using the link below, or by calling in on your telephone:

## ONLINE OR CALL-IN

- Link: bit.ly/NM264-EN
- Phone: +7-408-418-9388
- Meeting number (Access code): 24859563910
- Password: NM264 (66264 from phones)

Unable to attend?
If you cannot participate in the virtual meeting, the event will be recorded and posted on the project website shortly after the meeting.

To request meeting assistance, language translation, or ADA accommodations, please contact
Kristi Shepherd at 602-299-9581 or NM264Study@hdrinc.com by August 16, 2022.

Address and barcode
clearance area


## FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

August 30, 2022

## NMDOT Seeks Public Comment for NM 264 Alignment Study Virtual Meeting Recording Now Available

MILAN - The New Mexico Department of Transportation (NMDOT), in coordination with the Federal Highway Administration, is conducting an Alignment Study on NM 264 in McKinley County from the Arizona/New Mexico state line to the US 491 interchange near Yah-Ta-Hey. NM 264 serves as a key corridor to the Navajo Nation, connecting communities to Window Rock, AZ and serves as a connection to US 491.

NMDOT hosted a virtual public meeting on August 23, 2022. The virtual meeting was recorded and posted to the project website at https://www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study. Share your comments before September 22, 2022, in the following ways:

- Email: NM264Study@hdrinc.com
- Call: 602-299-9581
- Visit the project website: www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study
- USPS mail to: NM 264 Study C/O, Kristi Shepherd, HDR Engineering, 20 E. Thomas Road, Ste 2500 Phoenix, AZ 85012

\#\# \#
NMDOT
Mobility for everyone
Delane D. Baros, District-6 PIO | Delane.Baros@state.nm.us | 5052401392



## FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

August 15, 2022

## Virtual Meeting Scheduled for NM 264 Alignment Study NMDOT seeks public comment

MILAN - The New Mexico Department of Transportation (NMDOT), in coordination with the Federal Highway Administration, is conducting an Alignment Study on NM 264 in McKinley County from the Arizona/New Mexico state line to the US 491 interchange near Yah-Ta-Hey. NM 264 serves as a key corridor to the Navajo Nation, connecting communities to Window Rock, AZ and serves as a connection to US 491.

NMDOT will be hosting a virtual public meeting on Tuesday, August 23, 2022 at 6:00 p.m. to discuss the NM 264 alignment study and answer questions. The purpose of this meeting is to introduce the study, the conditions identified, and receive public input. Share your comments during the public meeting or submit before September 22, 2022. To request meeting assistance, language translation, or ADA accommodations, contact Kristi Shepherd at NM264Study@hdrinc.com or call (602) 2999581.

To join online: bit.ly/NM264-EN, passcode NM264.
To join by phone: +1-408-418-9388, Webinar ID: 2485956 3910, passcode 66264.
For more information about the study visit: www.dot.nm.gov/event/nm-264-public-meeting/ or visit the project webpage: https://www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study


## Shepherd, Kristi

| From: | NM264 study |
| :--- | :--- |
| Sent: | Tuesday, August 9, 2022 1:12 PM |
| To: | NM264 study |
| Cc: | Mullins, Jennifer, NMDOT; Gisler, Steven, NMDOT; Policar, Randy |
| Subject: | NMDOT Virtual Public Meeting for the NM 264 Alignment Study- August 23, 2022 |
| Attachments: | 7.11.2022_NM264_Direct Mailer_FNL_Radios.pdf |

The New Mexico Department of Transportation (NMDOT), in coordination with the Federal Highway Administration, is conducting an Alignment Study on NM 264 in McKinley County from the Arizona/New Mexico state line to the US 491 interchange near Yah-Ta-Hey to document existing conditions and develop highway improvement alternatives. NM 264 serves as a key corridor to the Navajo Nation, connecting communities to Window Rock, AZ, and serves as a connection to US 491. The purpose of this meeting is to introduce the study, the conditions identified and receive public input.

NMDOT invites the public to participate in a live virtual public meeting on Tuesday, August 23, 2022, starting at 6:00 pm (MT) to learn more about and share input on the study.

Attached is a copy of the postcard that was sent to residents in the study area about the upcoming virtual meeting. We would appreciate it if you could share details about the meeting with your listeners. Thank you in advance and let us know if you have any additional questions.

NM 264 Study Team
NM264Study@hdrinc.com

## Virtual Public Meeting

NM 264 Alignment Study, MP 0 to MP 16
CN 6101220

Tuesday, August 23, 2022 | 6 p.m.
We want to hear from you!

## Live Virtual Public Meeting

NM 264 Alignment Study, MP 0 to MP 16
Tuesday, August 23, 2022 | 6 p.m.


## Live Virtual Public Meeting

## NM 264 Alignment Study, MP 0 to MP 16

## Tuesday, August 23, 2022 | 6 p.m.

Learn more and provide comments!


## Virtual Public Meeting

 NM 264 Alignment Study, MP 0 to MP 16CN 6101220
Tuesday, August 23, 2022 starting at 6 p.m.

Visit our project website to learn more!


## We Want to Hear From Youb

NM 264 Alignment Study, MP 0 to MP 16 CN 6101220

## Comment period open through

 September 22.
## YOUR COMMENTS ARE IMPORTANTE

NM 264 Alignment Study, MP 0 to MP 16


## NM 264 Alignment Study, MP 0 to MP 16

## Learn more and provide comments by visiting:

 https://www.dot.nm.gov/event/nm-264-public-meeting/

## NM 264 Alignment Study, MP 0 to MP 16

How to Comment:

- On the study website: https://www.dot.nm.gov/event/ nm-264-public-meeting/
- Call: (602) 299-9581
- Email Us:

NM264Study@hdrinc.com

Ni, ITSPQRFATHO

## LAST CHANCE TO PROVIDE COMMENTS!

## NM 264 Alignment Study, MP 0 to MP 16



## Appendix B - Public Meeting Materials

## Presentation

Fact Sheet

## The NM 264 Alignment Study public meeting will begin shortly.

If you are having technical difficulties contact Webex Help: 866.229.3239

NM 264 Alignment Study CN 6101220 Public Scoping Meeting August 23, 2022

## Welcome

- All participants have been muted to avoid background noise.
- This meeting will be recorded.
- Technical difficulties:
- Call Webex at 866.229.3239
- Following the meeting presentation, we will take questions and comments online and by phone. olnstructions will be provided on how to participate.
- Introductions: Study Team
-What is a public scoping meeting?
- NMDOT location study procedures
- Study location
- Alignment Study background and purpose
- Study overview
- Schedule
- Next steps
- How to provide input
- Question and Answer


## Agenda

- NMDOT
- Priscilla Benavides, PE , Central Region Design General Manager
- Lisa Vega, PE, D6 District Engineer
- Gabriel Sanchez-Ramos, Engineer Intern
- Arif Kazmi, PE , D6 Assistant District Engineer
- Rais Rizvi, PE , D6 Technical Support Engineer
- Steven Gisler, D6 Environmental Bureau
- Jennifer Mullins, Public Involvement Specialist
- Consultants
- Ed Potthoff, PE, Project Manager
- Amanda Gutierrez, PE, Roadway Engineer
- Dan Pfeifer, PE, Drainage Engineer
- Kristi Shepherd, Strategic Communications Manager
- Maria Altemus, Environmental Planner


# What is a Public Scoping Meeting? 

- The first step of the study process as defined by the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA)
- Solicit public feedback and insights of the study area such as:
- Physical, environmental and operational characteristics
- Other important considerations
- Public involvement occurs throughout the Evaluation/Environmental/Design process
- Phase I (MP o - MP 16)
- Phase A: Initial


## NMDOT

Location Study
Procedures

Evaluation of Alternatives

- Phase B: Detailed
 Evaluation of Alternatives
- Phase I (MP 10 - MP 14)
- Phase C: Environmental Documentation
- Phase D: Preliminary Design
- Phase II (MP 10 - MP 14)
- Final Design


# Study Location <br> NM 264, AZ/NM <br> State Line to <br> Yah-Ta-Hey <br> (MP 0 to MP 16) 



# Alignment Study Location: 

NM 264<br>MP 0 to 16



- NM 264 Alignment Study will:
- Document existing conditions
- Identify traffic and safety areas of concern
- Investigate sensitive cultural and biological resources


## Purpose of the Alignment Study

- Seek public and agency feedback
- Identify improvement alternatives
- Arrive at a proposed improvement alternative

- Preliminary Purpose and Need:
- To address the existing roadway's conditions
- To improve drainage conditions
- To improve multimodal access to the corridor
- To improve safety

- Poor pavement conditions
- Substandard roadside barriers


## Alignment Study Background

## Existing <br> Conditions

- Dated pavement markings
- Roadway embankment erosion
- Right-of-way limitations
- Lack of median drainage system
- Pedestrian access routes don't meet current standards
- Significant sediment deposits


## Alignment Study Area:

## Existing Conditions <br> Typical Sections

## Alignment Study Area:

## Existing <br> Conditions <br> Typical Sections



Standard Rural Section

Rural Section (MP 0.6 to MP 15.5)

## Alignment Study Area:



Eastbound Left Turn Access

## Existing <br> Conditions <br> Typical Sections



## Alignment Study Area:

## Existing

Conditions
Typical Sections


Rural Section (MP 15.5 to MP 16)

## Existing Conditions:

## Drainage Crossings



MP 13.2

## Existing Conditions:

## Traffic Speed



## - Substandard Roadway Geometry:

- Horizontal Geometry
- 6 deficient curves
- Substandard superelevation


## Existing Conditions

- Vertical Geometry
- 15 deficient curves
- Substandard stopping sight distance or roadway grade


## Existing Conditions:

## Traffic Conditions



NM 264 Crash Locations

Alignment Study
Overview

- Potential improvements include:
- Improved roadside barriers
- Improved turnouts/access
- Updated pavement markings
- Upgraded ITS infrastructure (broadband)
- Upgraded signage
- Addition of drainage improvements
- Improved bicycle and pedestrian facilities


## Segment 1 :

NM 264
MP 10 to 14

## Segment 1:

- Environmental Documentation
- Preliminary Design Phase
- Final Design Phase



## Segment 1 :

NM 264
MP 10 to 14

- Construction funding has been identified for Segment 1 (CN 6101221)
- Anticipated construction start Fall 2023
- Segment 1 highway improvements under design include full depth reconstruction of existing pavement, drainage improvements and updating roadside barriers, signing and pavement markings


## Segment 1:

Proposed Typical Sections


## TRAFFIC CONTROL PHASING

## Maintenance of Traffic



PHASE 1


PHASE 2


## Schedule

| - Establish the |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| need for <br> improvements | - Virtual Public <br> Meeting \#1 <br> - Identify <br> highway <br> improvement <br> alternatives | - Evaluate <br> improvement <br> alternatives |
| - Prepare draft |  |  |
| Alignment |  |  |
| Study document |  |  |

- Virtual Public
Meeting \#2
- Select preferred alternative(s)
- Completion of NM 264 Alignment
Study


## Next Steps

- The consultant will collect background data for the Alignment Study
- Review and document public and agency input
- Develop potential alternatives based on input
- Website Comments:


## How to <br> Provide Input

www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study

- Call: 602.299.9581
-Email: NM264Study@hdrinc.com
- USPS Mail:

NM 264 Study
C/O Kristi Shepherd, HDR Engineering
20 E Thomas, Ste 2500
Phoenix, AZ 85012-3118
Comments should be received by September 22, 2022

## Questions?

## Raising Your Hand

Webex App \& Online


1. Select "Participant" panel
2. Find your name
3. Click on the "hand" icon (raise/lower)

4. Click three dot menu icon
5. Click "Raise Hand" icon
6. To lower, click icon again

## Asking a Question

Webex App \& Online


1. Open the " $O \& A$ " panel
2. "O\&A" panel will pop up
3. Type your question, hit send

Mobile App


1. Click three dot menu icon
2. Click "O\&A" tab
3. Type your question, hit send

## NM 264 ALIGNMENT STUDY MILEPOST 0 TO 16

## OVERVIEW

The New Mexico Department of Transportation (NMDOT), in coordination with the Federal Highway Administration, is conducting an Alignment Study on NM 264 in McKinley County from the Arizona/New Mexico state line to the US 491 interchange near Yah-Ta-Hey. The purpose of the study is to document existing conditions and develop highway improvement alternatives. NM 264 serves as a key corridor to the Navajo Nation, connecting communities to Window Rock, Arizona, and serves as a connection to US 491.

The corridor improvements will be completed in segments. Funding has been programmed for the first construction segment (Segment 1), which will run from milepost 10 to 14 and is currently under design.


## PROJECT SCHEDULE

| Spring/ <br> Summer 2022 | Fall 2022 | Fall/ <br> Winter 2022 | Winter <br> 2022/2023 | Spring 2023 | Fall 2023 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## EXISTING CONDITIONS

The study phase will document the existing conditions, identify traffic and safety areas of concern, investigate sensitive cultural and biological resources, seek public and agency feedback, identify improvement alternatives and arrive at a proposed improvement alternative.

Existing conditions include:

- Poor pavement condition
- Roadway embankment erosion
- Right-of-Way limitations
- Lack of median drainage system
- Non-compliant pedestrian access routes
- Significant sediment deposits


## POTENTIAL IMPROVEMENTS



Updated lane striping and pavement markings


Upgraded ITS infrastructure (broadband fiber)

Upgraded signage
Improved bicycle and pedestrian facilities
O) Improved drainage inf rastructure

## WHERE ARE WE NOW?

We are currently establishing a need for improvements and identifying highway improvement alternatives. Once highway improvement alternatives are identified and evaluated, the study team will present the alternatives to the public for review and input.

## Appendix C - Public Comments

Virtual Meeting Q\&A
Comment Period Comments

## Public Comments

Virtual Public Meeting Q\&A - August 23, 2022

| Number | Question/Comment | Response |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 I wanted the study team to be mindful of the |  |  |
| buses. The Gallup/McKinley school buses who |  |  |
| take that route. Sometimes there is no turn-off |  |  |
| when they have to pick up students from the |  |  |
| road. |  |  | | These comments are greatly |
| :--- |
| appreciated. We will make |
| sure we incorporate them into |
| our study. Thank you. |$\quad$| School Bus |
| :--- |
| Access/Drainage/Safety |

2 The Gallup McKinley school bus starts picking up students right at Tse Bonito and works its way toward Gallup. There are many roadside turn-offs that are paved off-roads, up to the cattle guards. The school buses will pull off to the road and sometimes those in the morning commute will merge to the left to get into the passing lane so there is no disruption. The bus does not turn on its lights nor do they display the stop sign. Traffic still flows through. In the winter, it's more hazardous because we are trying to mitigate trying to go through snow. So, we are having enough space between the other vehicles who don't consider the bus or follow the rules. There are several stops, I don't know if your team could observe during the early morning hours. I usually get through about 6:30 before 7, passing the bus. After school, I don't know how it is. I just see the morning commute. I know New Mexico, heading into window rock, they offered some turn-offs for buses. The county chipped in with the state on that, so they have about 6 or 7 turn-offs for buses so they aren't holding up traffic.

3 I have noticed flooding, but past milepost 12 heading towards Tse Bonito where the abandoned trailer is, they had some flooding in that area. That's the same area where when it snows, it gets clogged up with snow slush. The

This is very helpful. We have reached out to the school as a stakeholder, but based on what you have told us, we will emphasize that effort to make sure we get some feedback from bus drivers and find out how we can improve the situation.

That is very helpful and I really appreciate the information. We will interview our local maintenance patrol to zero in

School Bus Access/Safety
other area is a little past Tsayatoh. There's a small area that always gets flooded. You can see debris right now. The third area, we had the mass flooding not long ago, just right before you get to rimrock coming by south mine turn off, you come down that hill and the big curve, there's a bridge area there that lately has been flooded. You can still see mud debris today.

Just before the Edward Plummer interchange
on some of those drainage issues.
near Gallup, they had mass flooding in that ar
Thank you very much, this is
Drainage

## Public Comments

Comment Period: August 23 - September 22, 2022

| Received |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Via |$\quad$| Question/Comment | Response |
| :--- | :--- | Theme


|  | Also, each year the Highway Dept plows the snow into the middle of the road. As the snow melts the water damages the road as it runs to the shoulder as well as creates a hazard for drivers in the form of wet, slushy and ice covered asphalt. Plowing the left lane first and pushing the snow to the shoulder through multiple passes would be the least expensive way to avoid this problem. However, a more expensive way to handle this would be to provide a center drain system however winter temperatures will interfere with the effectiveness of the second idea. Another problem that is created by plowing the snow into the middle of the highway is that the crossovers are blocked and this makes ingress and degree of driveways impossible. Again, I am happy to meet with a representative. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Email | This email is a response to the public announcement and requests for input. <br> In the many years my family have traveled this portion of the New Mexico highways, we offer our opinions as to the improvements that Highway 264 may need: <br> - The roadway cross section needs to be $2 \%$ crown for drainage. | Thank you for your interest in the NMDOT NM 264 Alignment Study. Your comment has been received and will be reviewed by a member of the study team. If you are requesting more information, a member of the study team will respond shortly. All comments and responses received during the public comment period will be documented in the public | Drainage/Lighting/Pave ment/Safety |

- The subgrade at the median seems to settle over time and creates an inverted crown.
- The centre median needs enhancements, either with robust curbing or markings.
- The ac pavement has deteriorated and creates spalling or potholes.
- Low lying areas, need to consider additional drainage pipes and elevate as floodwaters have recently overtopped highway.
- Add lighting for visibility for both driver and pedestrian
- Add rumble strips for weary drivers and for snow conditions when markings are not visible.
- Pavement markings need improvement, consider raised pavement markings.
- A portion of the 264 is superelevated, this causes problems in the winter time when road is iced over, where motorists end up sliding into low side lane or into adjacent swale.
- Update roadway signage.

We offer these suggestions for improvements.
Thank you for asking for public input and considering the roadway improvements that will keep us safe.
involvement summary and posted to the study website following the close of the comment period.

```
Email This is James David Davis. I am the property Thank you for contacting the NM
owner of 1070 highway 264, Black Hat, NM 87301 }264\mathrm{ Alignment Study Team. We
Access/Unrelated to
Study
since 2005.
I am currently applying for access to my
property and requesting a deceleration lane and
proper turn out at mile post 5 1/2 264.
My access that came with the property had
been there since the 4 lane highway was built I
am told. Though I recently have been told by
NMDOT that it is an "illegal" access. Not too
happy about that.
Please reply so that I know I have contacted the
correct people.
```



## Contents

Introduction ..... 3
NM 264 Alignment Study Milepost 0 to 16 ..... 3
Public Involvement Process ..... 4
Second Virtual Public Meeting ..... 5
Notifications ..... 5
Public Meeting Materials ..... 7
Public Comments ..... 8
Virtual Meeting Questions and Answers (Q\&A) and Comments ..... 8

## Appendices

Appendix A: Public Meeting Notifications
Appendix B: Public Meeting Materials
Appendix C: Public Comments

## Introduction

N.M. Highway 264 (NM 264) is a 16-mile highway that extends west to east from the New Mexico/Arizona state line (milepost 0.0) to the US 491 interchange near Yah-Ta-Hey (milepost 16.0) in McKinley County. It serves as a key corridor to the Navajo Nation, connecting communities to Window Rock, AZ, located five miles across the Arizona border. NM 264 also connects to US 491, eight miles north of Gallup. The NMDOT, in coordination with the Federal Highway Administration, is conducting the NM 264 Alignment Study (Study) and identifying why improvements to this highway are needed. The purpose of the Study is to document existing conditions and develop highway improvement alternatives for the corridor. Once the Study has been completed, the improvements will be prioritized, and as more construction funding becomes available, the work will be completed in phases.

## NM 264 Alignment Study Milepost 0 to 16

The purpose of the project(s) would be to improve the roadway's condition and life expectancy, improve drainage conditions, address substandard roadway geometry, add multimodal facilities, implement access management, and improve overall safety. Each alignment study alternative was evaluated based on purpose and need, traffic operations, safety, existing access and land use, right-of-way and environmental impacts, constructability, and construction cost. Based on the alternatives evaluation and community input received early in the study process, the following alternatives are recommended to advance into the next phase:

- Segment 1 - Urban Section (Milepost 0.0 to 0.6) - Tse Bonito
- Includes reconstruction of the existing roadway to include four, 12foot (ft) travel lanes, a 16-ft two-way left-turn lane, 6-ft bike lanes, curb and gutter, and 6-ft-wide sidewalks. Other improvements would include improved crosswalk signal timing and the addition of lighting at the Alma Dr. signalized intersection.
- Segment 2 Rural Section (Milepost 0.6 To 15.5)
- Includes reconstruction of the existing roadway to include four, 12-ft travel lanes, an 8-ft flush median, 8-ft outside shoulders, and rumble strips. Other improvements would include updated signs and striping with left-turn lanes to adjacent properties.
- Segment 3 Urban-Rural Section (Milepost 15.5 to 16.0) - Yah-Ta-Hey
- Includes reconstruction of the existing roadway to include four, 12-ft travel lanes, 8 -ft outside shoulders, a 16-ft two-way left-turn lane, and rumble strips. Other improvements would include updated signs and striping with left-turn lanes at major intersections.

Figure 1: NM 264 Alignment Study Limits


## Public Involvement Process

NM 264 is a unique corridor, including both rural and urban segments, that provides key access for the Navajo Nation between Arizona and New Mexico. Due to this, there is a wide variety of stakeholders we must reach through these efforts including groups such as tribal communities, commuters, emergency services, schools and school transportation, agencies, and the traveling public among others. Ultimately, the goal of these public involvement efforts is to continue to identify these stakeholders' concerns and values to help guide the development of potential improvements along this corridor.

Public and agency coordination for this study began in the summer of 2022 with initial scoping letters being distributed to agencies and organizations in July of 2022. The study team, in collaboration with NMDOT and FHWA, held a virtual stakeholder meeting on August 17, 2022, as part of the first virtual public meeting process. The meeting had a total of 29 attendees. The first virtual public meeting was later held on August 23, 2022, with three participants in attendance. Both meetings focused on an overview of the study area, the preliminary purpose and need, existing roadway conditions, and proposed highway improvements.

Following the initial coordination with agencies and the community, the study team planned and implemented a second virtual public meeting to review the alternatives developed and the study team's recommendations and solicit feedback.

A summary of those efforts for the second virtual public meeting is highlighted below.

## Second Virtual Public Meeting

The study team, including NMDOT staff, held the second virtual public meeting on Wednesday, May 17, 2023, at 6 p.m. via Zoom. To participate, the public was invited to log in to the meeting using the Zoom application, web browser, or via telephone.

The meeting focused on an overview of the study area, the preliminary purpose and need, existing roadway conditions, and the proposed highway improvement alternatives and recommendations developed. 19 participants attended the virtual meeting. Comments and questions were accepted live, following the presentation. All questions and comments provided at the second virtual public meeting were recorded and are included in Appendix $C$.

## Notifications

## Copies of all the notifications can be found in Appendix A.

## Newspaper Advertisements

The team developed and distributed two newspaper advertisements for this meeting. The newspaper advertisements provided an overview of the study, invited the public to attend the second virtual public meeting, and provided information on how to provide their comments. The advertisements - which also included the date, time, and log-in information for the meeting - were distributed in the following publications:

- Navajo Times (April 27, 2023)
- Gallup Independent (May 2, 2023)


## Meeting Notification Poster

The study team distributed virtual public meeting fliers electronically to key stakeholders such as other agencies and tribal chapter houses, which included details on how to attend and participate in the virtual public meeting. Other agencies and tribal chapter houses included the Navajo Nation, Navajo Nation Division of Transportation, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Navajo Nation Chapters, Gallup-McKinley County Schools, Northwest New Mexico Council of Governments, and Bureau of Land Management.

## Direct Mailer

A direct mailer was sent to 6,970 addresses in the study area to inform residents and property owners of the virtual public meeting. The mailer was distributed on May 2, 2023. The mailers were sent to the following postal codes within the study area:

- 86515- PBOX
- 87375- PBOX
- 87305- PBOX
- 87301- HO33


## Press Release

NMDOT distributed a press release to their local media list on May 11, 2023, that included details of the study and how to participate in the virtual public meeting.

## Local Radio Stations

Copies of the direct mailer were provided electronically to local radio stations within the study area via email on May 2, 2023. The emails were sent to the following radio stations:

- KXXI 93.7 FM
- KYAT 94.5 FM
- KGLP 91.7 FM
- KTNN 660 AM/101.5 FM
- KHAC 880 AM
- KGAK 1330 AM


## Social Media

Social media posts were developed for NMDOT accounts, including details on how to participate in the virtual public meeting, how to comment, and how to watch the recording of the virtual public meeting.

## Project Webpage

The study webpage
www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study/ was updated in May 2023 and included information about the study and a link to the event webpage with full meeting details.

## Event Webpage

An event webpage was created at

www.dot.nm.gov/event/nm264publicmeeting2/, which included information about the study, how to log in and participate in the meeting, and how to provide comments on the study. Following the meeting, the recording of the event was also placed on this webpage to allow the public to watch the meeting at their convenience and continue to provide comments through June 16.

## Public Meeting Materials

Copies of all the public meeting materials can be found in Appendix $B$.

## Presentation

A PDF of the presentation was made available to the public through the study webpage in May 2023. In addition to the presentation, a link to the recording of the virtual public meeting was posted to the study webpage in May 2023, following the second virtual public meeting.

## Fact Sheet

A fact sheet was posted to the webpage and provided information on the study, a map of the study area, and a study timeline.

## Public Comments

A summary of all comments, responses, questions, and answers can be found in Appendix C.

Public comments were accepted from May 17 through June 16, 2023, in the following ways:

- Live at the virtual public meeting
- Study webpage: www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study/
- Email: NM264Study@hdrinc.com
- Phone: 505.357.7327
- Mail: NM 264 Alignment Study C/O Victoria Romejko, HDR Engineering, 2155 Louisiana Blvd NE, \# 3000, Albuquerque, NM 87110

In total, 16 comments were received throughout the study period which focused on safety, drainage, access, lighting, and pavement. 10 of these comments were received during the second virtual public meeting and six were received during the comment period.

## Virtual Meeting Questions and Answers (Q\&A) and

## Comments

10 questions and comments were submitted by attendees during the virtual public meeting and were responded to by the study team on May 17, 2023. The questions and comments pertained to highway safety, drainage, access management, lighting, congestion, and project funding.

# Appendix A - Public Meeting Notifications 

Newspaper Advertisements
Meeting Notification Poster
Direct Mailer
Banner
Press Release
Radio Station Emails
Social Media


## Learn more and share your thoughts!

Public Invited to Comment on the NM 264 Alignment Study (CN 6101220) - May 17, 2023

The New Mexico Department of Transportation (NMDOT), in coordination with the Federal Highway Administration, is evaluatirg alternatives and completing an alignment study for the 16-mile NM 264 highway that runs from the Arizona/New Mexico state line to the US 491 interchange near Yah-Ta-Hey. NM 264 serves as a key corridor to the Navajo Nation, connecting communities to their capital in Window Rock, AZ and serves as a connection to US 491.
NMDOT invites you to participate in the second virtual public meeting for this study on Wednesday, May 17, 2023, starting at 6:00 p.m. (MDT). The purpose of this meeting is to go over the alternatives developed and the study team's recommendations. We would like to receive your input on the alternatives considered.

## We Want to Hear from You!

Comments are being accepted from May 17, 2023, through June 16, 2023.
You can comment in the following ways:

- Attend virtual meeting
- Email: NM264Study@hdrinc.com
- Call: 505-357-7327
- Visit the project website:
www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study
- USPS mail to:

NM 264 Study
C/O Victoria Romejko, HDR Engineering
2155 Louisiana BIvd NE, \# 3000
Albuquerque, NM 87110

## Study Area Map



## How To Participate

Wednesday, May 17, 2023 | Starting at 6:00 p.m. (MDT)
Join the live virtual public meeting on your computer, smart phone or tablet by using the link below, or by calling in on your telephone

## ONLINE OR CALL-IN

- Link: bit.Iy/NM264P2
-Webinar/Meeting ID: 99392470879
- Phone: 1-408-638-0968 • Password: 906367



## Unable to attend?

If you cannot participate in the virtual meeting, the event will be recorded and posted on the project website shortly after the meeting.

To request meeting assistance, language translation, or ADA accommodations, please contact
Victoria Romejko at 505-357-7327 or NM264Study@hdrinc.com by May 10, 2023.

## Learn more and share your thoughts!

## Public Invited to Comment on the NM 264 Alignment Study (CN 6101220) - May 17, 2023

The New Mexico Department of Transportation (NMDOT), in coordination with the Federal Highway Administration, is evaluating alternatives and completing an alignment study for the 16-mile NM 264 highway that runs from the Arizona/ New Mexico state line to the US 491 interchange near Yah-Ta-Hey. NM 264 serves as a key corridor to the Navajo Nation, connecting communities to their capital in Window Rock, AZ and serves as a connection to US 491.

NMDOT invites you to participate in the second virtual public meeting for this study on Wednesday, May 17, 2023, starting at 6:00 p.m. (MDT). The purpose of this meeting is to go over the alternatives developed and the study team's recommendations. We would like to receive your input on the alternatives considered.

Study Area Map

## We Want to Hear from You!

Comments are being accepted from May 17, 2023, through June 16, 2023.

You can comment in the following ways:

- Attend virtual meeting
- Email: NM264Study@hdrinc.com
- Call: 505-357-7327
- Visit the project website:
www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study
- USPS mail to:

NM 264 Study
C/O Victoria Romejko, HDR Engineering 2155 Louisiana Blvd NE, \# 3000 Albuquerque, NM 87110


## How To Participate

Wednesday, May 17, 2023 | Starting at 6:00 p.m. (MDT)
Join the live virtual public meeting on your computer, smart phone or tablet by using the link below, or by calling in on your telephone:

ONLINE OR CALL-IN

- Link: bit.ly/NM264P2
- Webinar/Meeting ID: 99392470879
- Phone: 1-408-638-0968
- Password: 906367



## Unable to attend?

If you cannot participate in the virtual meeting, the event will be recorded and posted on the project website shortly after the meeting.

To request meeting assistance, language translation, or ADA accommodations, please contact
Victoria Romejko at 505-357-7327 or NM264Study@hdrinc.com by May 10, 2023.

## Learn more and share your thoughts!

## Provide Your Input on the NM 264 Alignment Study (CN 6101220)

 - May 17, 2023The New Mexico Department of Transportation (NMDOT), in coordination with the Federal Highway Administration, is evaluating alternatives and completing an alignment study for the 16-mile NM 264 highway that runs from the Arizona/New Mexico state line to the US 491 interchange near Yah-Ta-Hey. NM 264 serves as a key corridor to the Navajo Nation, connecting communities to their capital in Window Rock, AZ and serves as a connection to US 491.

NMDOT invites you to participate in the second virtual public meeting for this study on Wednesday, May 17, 2023, starting at 6:00 p.m. (MDT). The purpose of this meeting is to go over the alternatives developed and the study team's recommendations. We would like to receive your input on the alternatives considered.

## We Want to Hear from You!

Comments are being accepted from May 17, 2023, through June 16, 2023.

You can comment in the following ways:

- Attend virtual meeting
- Email: NM264Study@hdrinc.com
- Call: 505-357-7327
- Visit the project website:
www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study
- USPS mail to:

NM 264 Study
C/O Victoria Romejko, HDR Engineering
2155 Louisiana Blvd NE, \# 3000, Albuquerque, NM 87110

## Study Area Map



## How To Participate

## Wednesday, May 17, 2023 | Starting at 6:00 p.m. (MDT)

Join the live virtual public meeting on your computer, smart phone or tablet by using the link below, or by calling in on your telephone:

## ONLINE OR CALL-IN

- Link: bit.ly/NM264P2
- Webinar/Meeting ID: 99392470879
- Phone: 1-408-638-0968
- Password: 906367



## Unable to attend?

If you cannot participate in the virtual meeting, the event will be recorded and posted on the project website shortly after the meeting.

To request meeting assistance, language translation, or ADA accommodations, please contact
Victoria Romejko at 505-357-7327 or NM264Study@hdrinc.com by May 10, 2023.

## You're Invited to a Virtual Public Meeting

## Join us on May 17, 2023, to learn more about the NM 264 Alignment Study (CN 6101220)

The New Mexico Department of Transportation (NMDOT), in coordination with the Federal Highway Administration, is evaluating alternatives and completing an alignment study for the 16-mile NM 264 highway that runs from the Arizona/ New Mexico state line to the US 491 interchange near Yah-Ta-Hey. NM 264 serves as a key corridor to the Navajo Nation, connecting communities to their capital in Window Rock, AZ and serves as a connection to US 491.

NMDOT invites you to participate in the second virtual public meeting for this study on Wednesday, May 17, 2023, starting at 6:00 p.m. (MDT). The purpose of this meeting is to go over the alternatives developed and the study team's recommendations. We would like to receive your input on the alternatives considered.

## We Want to Hear From You!

Comments are being accepted from May 17, 2023, through June 16, 2023.

You can comment in the following ways:

- Attend virtual meeting
- Email: NM264Study@hdrinc.com
- Call: 505-357-7327
- Visit the project website: www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study
- USPS mail to: NM 264 Study

C/O Victoria Romejko, HDR Engineering 2155 Louisiana Blvd NE, \# 3000 Albuquerque, NM 87110


## How To Participate

## Wednesday, May 17, 2023 | Starting at 6:00 p.m. (MDT)

Join the live virtual public meeting by using the link below, or by calling in on your telephone:

## ONLINE OR CALL-IN

- Link: bit.ly/NM264P2
- Phone: 1-408-638-0968
- Webinar/Meeting ID: 99392470879
- Password: 906367


Unable to attend?
If you cannot participate in the virtual meeting, the event will be recorded and posted on the project website shortly after the meeting.

To request meeting assistance, language translation, or ADA accommodations, please contact
Victoria Romejko at 505-357-7327 or NM264Study@hdrinc.com by May 10, 2023.

Address and barcode
clearance area

## Virtual Public Meeting

## May 17, 2023 | 6:00 pm (MDT)

Meeting Link: bit.ly/NM264P2
Connect with us:


Email: NM264Study@hdrinc.com
Call: 505-357-7327
Visit the project website: www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study



## FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

May 11, 2023

## Second Virtual Meeting Scheduled for NM 264 Alignment Study NMDOT seeks public comment

MILAN - The New Mexico Department of Transportation (NMDOT), in coordination with the Federal Highway Administration, is conducting an Alignment Study on NM 264 in McKinley County from the Arizona/New Mexico state line to the US 491 interchange near Yah-Ta-Hey. NM 264 serves as a key corridor to the Navajo Nation, connecting communities to Window Rock, AZ and serves as a connection to US 491.

NMDOT will be hosting a virtual public meeting on Wednesday, May 17, 2023, at 6:00 p.m. to discuss the NM 264 alignment study and answer questions. The purpose of this meeting is to review the study and existing conditions, discuss the highway improvement alternatives and initial recommendations, and receive input from the community. To request meeting assistance, language translation, or ADA accommodations, contact Victoria Romejko at NM264Study@hdrinc.com or call (505) 357-7327.

To join online: https://bit.ly/NM264P2.
To join by phone: +1-408-638-0968, Webinar ID: 9939247 0879, Passcode: 906367
Comments can be shared during the public meeting or submit before June 16, 2023, using the following methods:

Email: NM264Study@hdrinc.com
Phone: 505-357-7327
Mail: NM 264 Study
C/O Victoria Romejko, HDR Engineering
2155 Louisiana Blvd NE \# 3000
Albuquerque, NM 87110
For more information about the study visit: https://www.dot.nm.gov/event/nm264publicmeeting2/ or visit the project webpage: https://www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study


## NMDOT

Mobility for everyone
Delane D. Baros, District-6 PIO | Delane.Baros@state.nm.us | 5052401392

## Romejko, Victoria

| From: | NM264 study |
| :--- | :--- |
| Sent: | Tuesday, May 2, 2023 4:52 PM |
| To: | NM264 study |
| Cc: | Gisler, Steven, DOT; Ross, Kristi; Mullins, Jennifer, NMDOT |
| Subject: | Please Share! NM 264 Alignment Study- Virtual Public Meeting \#2 on Wednesday, May 17 |
| Attachments: | NMDOT Social Media Plan- NM 264 Alignment Study.zip; NMDOT_NM264_Public Meeting 2 |
|  | _Poster.pdf |

## Greetings,

The New Mexico Department of Transportation (NMDOT), in coordination with the Federal Highway Administration, is evaluating alternatives and completing an alignment study for the 16-mile NM 264 highway that runs from the Arizona/New Mexico state line to the US 491 interchange near Yah-Ta-Hey. NM 264 serves as a key corridor to the Navajo Nation, connecting communities to their capital in Window Rock, AZ and serves as a connection to US 491.

NMDOT invites the public to participate in the second virtual public meeting for this study on Wednesday, May 17, 2023, starting at 6:00 p.m. (MDT). The purpose of this meeting is to go over the alternatives developed and the study team's recommendations. We would like to receive public input on the alternatives considered.

Attached is a copy of the poster and social media posts about the upcoming virtual meeting. We would appreciate it if you could share these details about the meeting with your listeners. Thank you in advance and let us know if you have any additional questions.

NM 264 Study Team
NM264Study@hdrinc.com

[^4]
## NM 264 | Social Media | May 2023

## Suggested Hashtags:

- \#NMDOTcares
- \#NM264Study



## NM 264 | Social Media | May 2023

## Date

Content
Social Account
5/4 The NM 264 Alignment Study Team will be holding a 2nd public meeting on 5/17 @ 6 PM MDT to discuss \& answer questions about the study alternatives on the 16-mile highway between the AZ/NM border \& US 491. More info: www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study/. \#NMDOTcares \#NM264Study

5/8
We want feedback on a key connection between the AZ/NM state line \& Yah-Ta-Hey! Join the NM 264 Alignment Study virtual public meeting on 5/17 @ 6 PM MDT to learn about the study alternatives \& provide comments. Visit www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study/. \#NMDOTcares \#NM264Study

Twitter


## NM 264 | Social Media | May 2023

## Date

Content

## Social <br> Account

Graphic/Image

5/10 On Wednesday, 5/17 @ 6 PM MDT, NMDOT will be hosting a virtual public meeting on the NM 264 Alignment Study. Join us to learn more about the study process \& ask questions about this key connection between NM and AZ: www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study/. \#NMDOTcares \#NM264Study

5/16 The second virtual public meeting for the NM 264 Alignment Study starts TOMORROW @ 6 PM MDT. Participate via bit.ly/NM264P2 (Password: 906367) or call 408-638-0968 (Webinar ID: 9939247 0879) \#NMDOTcares \#NM264Study

Twitter



## NM 264 | Social Media | May 2023

## Date

Content

## Social

Graphic/Image

5/17 Join us TONIGHT @ 6 PM MDT for the NM 264 Alignment Study virtual public meeting Learn more about the alternatives on the 16-mile highway in McKinley County \& ask questions. \#NMDOTcares \#NM264Study

JOIN BY ©: bit.ly/NM264P2
JOIN BY @: 408-638-0968
Webinar ID: 99392470879
Password: 906367

5/22 Missed the virtual meeting? Check our study website at www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study/ to watch the recorded presentation and provide your comments. \#NMDOTcares \#NM264Study

Account
Twitter
Virtual Public Meeting \#2
NM 264 Alignment Study,
MP 0 to MP 16

Twitter


## NM 264 | Social Media | May 2023

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Date} \& Content \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Social Account} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Graphic/Image} \\
\hline \& \& \& \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{5/25} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Don't forget to provide your comments on the NM 264 Study! Comments will be accepted through 6/16. Learn more at: www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study/. \#NMDOTcares \#NM264Study} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Twitter} \& NM 264 Alignment Study, MP 0 to MP 16 \\
\hline \& \& \& \begin{tabular}{l}
How to Comment: \\
- On the study website: \\
www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study \\
- Call: (505) 357-7327 \\
- Email Us: NM264Study@hdrinc.com
\(\square\) vansponinion Q FHWA
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{5/31} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{REMINDER: Your feedback is important! Comment on the NM 264 Alignment Study by 6/16 via our website www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study/. \#NMDOTcares \#NM264Study} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Twitter} \& \\
\hline \& \& \& \begin{tabular}{l}
How to Comment: \\
- On the study website \\
www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study \\
- Call: (505) 357-7327 \\
- Email Us: NM264Study@hdrinc.com

<br>
Nansponition a FHWA
\end{tabular} <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

## NM 264 | Social Media | May 2023

## Date

Content
Social
Graphic/Image Account
6/7 There's still time to comment on the NM264 Alignment Study. Visit the study website at www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study/and provide your input by 6/16. \#NMDOTcares \#NM264Study

Twitter


6/15 Tomorrow is the last day to submit your comments on the NM 264 Alignment Study. Provide feedback on our website at www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study/before the deadline. \#NMDOTcares \#NM264Study


## NM 264 | Social Media | May 2023



## NM 264 | Social Media | May 2023

## Date

Content

The New Mexico Department of Transportation, in cooperation with the Federal Highway Administration, is evaluating an Alignment Study for NM 264 between the Arizona/New Mexico state line and the US 491 interchange near Yah-Ta-Hey. We want your feedback! Take part in our virtual public meeting on Wednesday, May 17 at 6:00 p.m. MDT and ask your questions or share your thoughts. For more information:
https://www.dot.nm.gov/event/nm264publicmeeting2/
Don't miss your opportunity to hear directly from the study team and have your questions answered! \#NMDOTcares \#NM264Study

5/10 Next Wednesday, May 17 at 6:00 p.m. MDT, join the New Mexico Department of Transportation for a virtual public meeting on the NM 264 Alignment Study. Join members of the study team as they discuss the alternatives considered for this key 16mile highway connecting Arizona and New Mexico near Yah-Ta-Hey and ask questions or provide your comments.

More information here: www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study/ \#NMDOTcares \#NM264Study

## Social Account <br> Facebook

Facebook


## NM 264 | Social Media | May 2023

## Date

5/16 Our virtual public meeting is tomorrow, Wednesday, May 17 at 6 p.m. MDT! Join us live to learn about the NM 264 Alignment Study in McKinley County from the Arizona/New Mexico state line to the US 491 interchange near Yah-Ta-Hey. The study team will be sharing information about the improvement alternatives and answering your questions.

Join the meeting here: bit.ly/NM264P2 (Password: 906367) or join by phone by calling 408-638-0968 and using access code 9939247 0879. \#NMDOTcares \#NM264Study

5/17 Can't make tonight's virtual meeting at 6 p.m. MDT? Check our study website at www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study/ to watch the recorded presentation on the NM 264 Alignment Study and provide your comments. The recorded presentation will be posted shortly after tonight's meeting. Comments are being accepted through June 16! \#NMDOTcares \#NM264Study

Facebook

## Social Account <br> Facebook

Graphic/Image


## NM 264 | Social Media | May 2023

## Date

Content
Social
Graphic/Image

5/22 Want to learn more about the NM 264 Study? Visit our study website to watch the recorded virtual public meeting and send us your thoughts! Comments will be accepted through 6/16. Learn more at: www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study/ http://www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study/ \#NMDOTcares \#NM264Study

5/25 Missed the virtual meeting? Check our study website at
www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study/ to watch the recorded presentation on the NM 264 Alignment Study and provide your comments. Comments are being accepted through June 16! \#NMDOTcares \#NM264Study

## Account

Facebook

Facebook


## NM 264 | Social Media | May 2023

| Date | Content | Social <br> Account |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| 5/31 | We want to hear from you on the NM 264 Alignment Study! Comments are being accepted through June 16. <br> You can comment in the following ways: <br> - Email: NM264Study@hdrinc.com <br> - Call: 505-357-7327 <br> - Visit the project website: www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study/ <br> - USPS mail to: NM 264 Study <br> C/O Victoria Romejko, HDR Engineering <br> 2155 Louisiana Blvd NE, \# 3000 <br> Albuquerque, NM 87110 <br> \#NMDOTcares \#NM264Study | Facebook | We Want to Hear From You! NM 264 Alignment Study, MP 0 to MP 16 CN 6101220 <br> Provide your feedback through June 16. $\square$ $24.4 \times 8$ transporinion Q FHW/A |
| 6/7 | REMINDER: Your feedback is important! Comment on the NM 264 Alignment Study by June 16 in one of the following ways. <br> - Email: NM264Study@hdrinc.com <br> - Call: 505-357-7327 <br> - Visit the project website: www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study <br> - USPS mail to: NM 264 Study <br> C/O Victoria Romejko, HDR Engineering <br> 2155 Louisiana Blvd NE, \# 3000 <br> Albuquerque, NM 87110 <br> \#NMDOTcares \#NM264Study | Facebook | YOUR FEEDBACK MATTERS! <br> NM 264 Alignment Study (CN 6101220) <br> EAST <br> Q 론NA: |

## NM 264 | Social Media | May 2023



## NM 264 | Social Media | May 2023

## Suggested Graphics:

| Virtual Public Meeting \#2 <br> NM 264 Alignment Study, MP o to MP 16 <br> CN 6101220 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



## NM 264 | Social Media | May 2023



NM 264 Alignment Study, MP 0 to MP 16
Learn more and provide comments through June 16 by
www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study

$=0$ transpogitition a FHWA


YOUR FEEDBACK MATTERS!
NM 264 Alignment Study (CN 6101220)


## NM 264 | Social Media | May 2023

## Facebook Event

The New Mexico Department of Transportation (NMDOT), in coordination with the Federal Highway Administration, is evaluating an alignment study on NM 264 in McKinley County from the Arizona/New Mexico state line to the US 491 interchange near Yah-Ta-Hey to document existing conditions and develop highway improvement alternatives. NM 264 serves as a key corridor to the Navajo Nation, connecting communities to Window Rock, AZ, and US 491. Join us for a second virtual public meeting to learn more about the alternatives considered and ask questions! Details are below!

```
TO JOIN ONLINE, VISIT: bit.ly/NM264P2
```

TO JOIN BY PHONE, CALL: 408-638-0968

Webinar ID (Meeting ID for phones): 99392470879
Password: 906367

Can't make the meeting? Check back here for the meeting recording and share your thoughts anytime between May 17 and June 16,2023 , at www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study/.

## Event Photo:



# Appendix B - Public Meeting Materials 

## Presentation

Fact Sheet

## The NM 264 Alignment Study public meeting will begin shortly.

New Mexico department of TRANSPORTATION

## NM 264 Alignment Study CN 6101220

 Second Public MeetingMay 17, 2023

## Welcome

- All participants have been muted to avoid background noise.
-This meeting will be recorded.
-Following the meeting presentation, we will take questions and comments online and by phone.
olnstructions will be provided on how to participate.
- Introductions
- NMDOT location study procedures
- Study location
- Study background and purpose
- Study overview
- Alternative recommendations
- Schedule
- Next steps
- How to provide input
- Question and answer


## NMDOT

- Priscilla Benavides, PE , Central Region Design General Manager
- Lisa Vega, PE, D6 District Engineer


## Introductions: Study team

- Gabriel Sanchez-Ramos, Engineer Intern
- Arif Kazmi, PE , D6 Assistant District Engineer
- Rais Rizvi, PE , D6 Technical Support Engineer
- Steven Gisler, Environmental Bureau


## Introductions: Study team

## HDR

- Ed Potthoff, PE, Project Manager - Amanda Gutierrez, PE, Roadway Engineer


## Study Area: MP 0 - MP 16 Alignment Study

## NM 264 Project Study Outine



Summer 2023
-Phase IB: Completion of Alignment Study

## Public involvement occurs throughout the Evaluation/Environmental/Design process

- Tuesday, August 23, 2022 at 6 p.m.
- Meeting purpose:
- Provide study overview
- Discuss preliminary purpose and need, existing conditions, and potential highway improvements
- Seek public input
- Public comment themes:
- Drainage concerns
- Pavement improvements
- Lighting
- School bus access
- Safety

A detailed summary of this meeting is available online via the project study website: Www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study

## Study Location

NM 264, AZ/NM State Line to Yah-Ta-Hey

(MP 0 to MP 16)


## Alignment Study Location:

## NM 264 MP 0 to 16



End Study


## Corridor Map

## NM 264 Alignment Study:

- Documented existing conditions
- Identified traffic and safety areas of concern


## Purpose of the <br> Alignment Study

- Investigated sensitive cultural and biological resources
- Identified improvement alternatives
- Sought public and agency feedback

Developed and proposed recommended improvement alternatives


- Purpose and Need:
- To address the existing roadway's conditions
- To improve drainage conditions
- To improve multimodal access to the corridor
- To improve safety


## Existing Conditions




## Urban Section (Tse Bonito: MP 0 to MP 0.6)

## Existing Conditions Typical Sections



Shoulder =


## Rural Section (MP 0.6 to MP 15.5) Standard Rural Section

## Existing Conditions Typical Sections



## Rural Section (MP 0.6 to MP 15.5)

Eastbound Left Turn Access

## Existing Conditions Typical Sections



Shoulder =
Type of Median (Raised) SHLDER

( - O.


Milepost 10

## - Yah-Ta-Hey

## Rural Section (MP 0.6 to MP 15.5)

Westbound Left Turn Access

## Existing Conditions Typical Sections



## Urban/Rural Section (MP 15.5 to MP 16)

## Existing Conditions Typical Sections



## Existing Conditionss

## Traffic <br> Conditions



NM 264 Crash Locations

## Development and Evaluation of Alternatives

- Developed initial alternatives
- Refined alternatives based on project needs
- Evaluated final alternatives
- No Build
- Urban - No Build Alternative + 6 Alternatives
- Rural - No Build Alternative + 3 Alternatives
- Urban/Rural - No Build Alternative + 4 Alternatives
- Establish Final Recommendations (WE ARE HERE)


Existing

## Recommended Urban Alternative 3 (Tse Bonito)



Milepost 0

Milepost 0.6


Milepost 10

## Recommended Urban Alternative 3 Tise Bonito Alma Drive Signal)



## Recommended Urban Section Trafific Improvements



## Recommended Urban Section Drainage Improvements

- Replace turnout crossing culverts
- Build sediment traps and erosion control
- Reconstruct roadside ditch on north side of NM 264
- Update existing storm drainage system


CHECK DAM


SEDIMENT TRAP


Existing

## Recommended Rural Alternative 4




Existing

## Recommended Rural <br> Alternative 4Left Turn Locations



Yah-Ta-Hey

## Recommended Rural Section Trafife \& Bridge Improvements



## Recommended Rural Section Drainage Improvements

- Replace existing turnout crossing culverts
- Build roadside ditches and apply erosion control
- Reconstruct drainage culverts


CHECK DAM


SEDIMENT TRAP


Existing

## Recommended Urban/Rural Alternative 3 (Yah-Ta-Hey)



## Recommended Urban/Rural Section Traffic Improvements



## Recommended Urban/ Rural Section Drainage Improvements

- Replace all existing turnout crossing culverts
- Build roadside ditches and apply erosion control
- Reconstruct drainage culverts


CHECK DAM


SEDIMENT TRAP

Recommended improvements include:

- Improve guardrails
- Improve pavement conditions
- Improve turnouts/access
- Upgrade signal at Alma Drive
- Update pavement striping
- Upgrade signage
- Addition of dynamic speed feedback signs
- Drainage infrastructure improvements
- Improve bicycle and pedestrian facilities


## Recommended Access Consolication Urban Section



Segment 1 - Access Locations - Tse Bonito

## Recommended Access Consolidation Urban/Rural Section

## Segment 1:

## NM 264 MP 10 to 14



## Segment 1: MP 10 - MP 14

## Segment $1:$

## NM 264 MP 10 to 14

| Summer 2022 |
| :--- |
| - Phase D: |
| Preliminary |
| Design |


| Fall 2022 - Fall | Spring 2024 |
| :--- | :--- |
| - Phase II: Final <br> Design | • Construction |

- Proposed Improvements:
- Reconstruction of existing pavement
- Roadway geometry
- Drainage improvements
- Updating roadside guardrails, signing and pavement striping
- Maintenance of Traffic
- Two-lane road access and turnouts maintained throughout project duration
- Traffic at reduced speed with no road closures



## Segment 1: Proposed Typical Section



## Segment 1: Proposed Typical Section at Left Turn Locations

## PROJECT SCHEDULE

| Spring/ <br> Summer 2022 | Fall 2022 | Fall/ <br> Winter 2022 | Spring 2023 | Summer 2023 | Spring 2024 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - Establish the need for improvements | - Virtual Public Meeting \#1 August 23, 2022 <br> - Identify highway improvement alternatives | - Evaluate improvement alternatives <br> - Prepare draft Alignment Study document | - Virtual Public Meeting \#2 May 17, 2023 <br> - Identify recommended alternatives | - Completion of NM 264 Alignment Study | - Anticipated start of construction for Segment 1: MP 10-14 (CN 6101221) |

## Schedule

## Next Steps

- Construct Segment, CN 6101221 (MP 1014)
- Preliminary and Final Design for the remainder of the corridor
- No funding available right now for the construction of the remainder of the corridor
- Likely constructed in phases
- Website Comments:
www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study
- Call: 505.357.7327
- Email: NM264Study@hdrinc.com


## How to <br> Provide Input

- USPS Mail:

NM 264 Study
C/O Victoria Romejko, HDR Engineering
2155 Louisiana Blvd NE \#3000
Albuquerque, NM 87110
Comments should be received by June 16

## Questions?

## To verbally ask a question, please raise your hand.

## Raising Your Hand



To raise your hand, select the "reactions" button and then select "raise hand." name is called, press *6 to un your line when prompted. When you are finished speaking, press *9 again mute to lower your hand.

## Asking a Question

To type in a question, select the Q\&A button


Enter your question into the Question and Answer box and click send.

## Q FHWA

## NM 264 ALIGNMENT STUDY MILEPOST 0 TO 16

## OVERVIEW

The New Mexico Department of Transportation (NMDOT), in coordination with the Federal Highway Administration, is evaluating alternatives and completing an alignment study for the 16-mile NM 264 highway that runs from the Arizona/New Mexico state line to the US 491 interchange near Yah-Ta-Hey. NM 264 serves as a key corridor to the Navajo Nation, connecting communities to their capital in Window Rock, AZ and serves as a connection to US 491.

Each alternative was evaluated based on purpose and need, traffic operations, safety, existing access and land use, right-of-way and impacts, environmental impacts, constructibility, and construction cost. For the purpose of the alternatives development, the study split the alignment into three sections:

- Urban: MP 0-0.6
- Rural: MP 0.6-15.5
- Urban/Rural: MP 15.5-16

Based on the alternatives evaluation and community input, the following alternatives are recommended to advance into the next phase of environmental studies and ultimately final design.

## STUDY AREA BY SEGMENT



## PROJECT SCHEDULE



[^5]Fall 2022

- Virtual Public • Evaluate Meeting \#1August 23, 2022
- Identify highway improvement alternatives

Fall 2022

| Fall/ |
| :--- |
| Winter 2022 |
| - Evaluate |
| improvement |
| alternatives |
| - Prepare draft |
| Alignment Study |
| document |

## Spring 2023

- Virtual Public Meeting \#2 May 17, 2023
- Identify recommended alternatives


Spring 2024

> - Completion of NM 264 Alignment Study

- Anticipated start of construction for Segment 1: MP 10-14 (CN 6101221)


## PROPOSED CORRIDOR IMPROVEMENTS

- Improve guardrails
- Improve pavement conditions
- Improve turnouts/access
- Upgrade signal at Alma Drive
- Update pavement striping
- Upgrade signage
- Addition of dynamic speed feedback signs
- Drainage infrastructure improvements
- Improve bicycle and pedestrian facilities


## RECOMMENDED IMPROVEMENTS ALTERNATIVES

## URBAN SECTION THROUGH TSE BONITO

NM 264 at Alma Drive


## RURAL SECTION BETWEEN TSE BONITO AND YAH-TA-HEY

NM 264 at Left Turn Bays


## URBAN/RURAL THROUGH YAH-TA-HEY



## Appendix C - Public Comments

Virtual Meeting Q\&A and Comments Additional Public Comments

## Virtual Public Meeting: Live Questions and Comments

May 17, 2023

| Number | Question/Comment | Response |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | I originally asked the question about lighting, and I think there is more lighting than just mileposts 5.3 and 5.6 but those were what I remembered. I understand the answer to my question of why you're seeking to put lighting there. I would like to go on record and know how I can continue to oppose the lighting that is recommended or suggested in that area. | Ed Potthoff: So certainly, make the comment now. During the final design, there will be additional public meetings when that segment comes up and if the lighting is still recommended in that area, you certainly will have your chance to voice your opinion again. It will be included in the study document based on your input at this meeting, so it will be considered as part of that evaluation of the final design. I just want to emphasize that these are recommended improvements now, certainly when a final design happens things change within the corridor so that they'll look at additional details that may be in place at that time that aren't in place now. But you'll certainly have an opportunity to provide further input. |
| 2 | My name is Robert Moss. I am with Clayton Investment Company in Farmington, New Mexico. We own land that is in the urban segment in the first half mile at Tse Bonito. There | Ed Potthoff: So, the first thing you do is bring up a comment in a public meeting so we hear your concern. We will or the |


|  | was a comment made about one of the access points that was going to be eliminated. I believe it was access point \#24. It's just to the east of O'Reilly Auto Parts and I believe the comment was that that access point belonged to O'Reilly Auto Parts and in truth, I don't believe that's true. I think that the access point is for land owned by Clayton Investment Company and so removing that access point would remove our access to that property there from the highway. So, I don't know, I guess my question is how does that get resolved if there is an issue with the landowner having a problem with access being removed and really having a detrimental effect on the value of the property? | project team will evaluate it, as part of the final design, all of the individual property accesses and if it is accessing a separate individual property, then that access would be maintained or would be recommended to be maintained. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | Segment 1, will the pavement section be evaluated on lifecycle cost analysis? | Ed Potthoff: So, the pavement condition that's there now is so poor that it is anticipated that the recommendation is a full-depth reconstruction with a brand new pavement section. Any type of rehab would just essentially disintegrate based on the subsurface conditions that really reflect what we're seeing as far as the surface conditions right now. |
| 4 | I'm a resident in Tse Bonito so I just had a question about the, it looked like on the map or the slides, that the department was going to combine the turnoff into Navajo Petroleum and that trailer park. So my question is: was there consideration for school buses from Gallup-McKinley County, they usually turn at that turnoff where the Tse Bonito Mobile Home Park is and they would kind of I guess roundabout onto that dirt, it's like a dirt patch in front of the trailer park, I | Ed Potthoff: The recommendations that were provided were primarily due to the density of the turnout location. And so, I understand the issue of providing a loop for the school bus to go through there. One of the things we looked at was whether that loop could be maintained based on using the existing turnout at \#2 that you see and |


|  | guess was that taken into consideration for the school buses that do pick up kids and drop off kids there in between the highway, the trailer park? I don't know if that was addressed or not. | then using that same combined access to complete that loop. Essentially, we have two turnouts at \#4 and \#5 that are very closely spaced together and really, it's just combining the two and not moving either one of them any significant distance. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | I am interested in knowing why you are recommending lights at mileposts 5.3 and 5.6. | Ed Potthoff: Those specific locations I can't recall if they're due to geometry or due to other crash elements. But typically, those locations for additional lighting, especially in the rural areas, were due to low-level sight concerns, low-level lighting sight concerns. |
| 6 | You mentioned the erosion thing. It's been a big concern for myself and my neighbor, James Mariano, but nobody seems to be really looking at it. It is a really bad flood zone through there. I'm just hoping you guys are looking at that culvert that goes underneath the highway there and looking at the other side (inaudible). And that was my first concern. My second one, I know l'm going to ask just to get on the record, I do want a deceleration] lane on the eastbound lane, but it would look like Tse Bonito if you did it. But I do want that on the record. I would like a deceleration] lane on the eastbound lane, but I have been told I will not get it. Not really happy that you removed me by the host, so really a waste of my time tonight. Thank you very much. | Ed Potthoff: We certainly will note that. All of the drainage culverts in the corridor are being addressed and we recognize that locations as well as several others within the corridor that need to be addressed. And as Amanda went through the recommended alternatives the replacing of those drainage crossings was a significant part of the project, upsizing and really making sure that they maintain capacity and keep the sediment off the roadway and out of the pipe. |
| 7 | So, where I left off was on the $P$ and $M$ bridge that I heard was going to be improved, which I'm glad to hear. And | Ed Potthoff: Well, we certainly appreciate your input. We didn't fully get your |

around that area, the last go-around I did comment that there in the wintertime when you're coming down that hill slope it's very dangerous. I did see that on the accident reports, it seemed like an area, so you know, it's good that the study came out to show that as well. And then the other area is by Yah-Ta-Hey. I think it's Zalegen (sp?) or Logan (sp?) Blvd., just not too far from the dollar store, Family Dollar store. There's a big tree there that is really in the way because l've mentioned last time that when the buses come out from that area early in the morning to work, that's really a dangerous site for them because they end up actually almost being on the road when they have to turn. So, I just wanted to bring that back to your attention once more and I thank you for trying to move forward with this project.

8 Can I get a copy of the powerpoint presentation?
question through Tse Bonito, but the access consolidation element again is due to controlling the locations where cars enter the roadway. And it really is a traffic safety concern and really a big push, especially through areas like that. So, we certainly appreciate your input.

Kristi Ross: Yes, a copy of the presentation will be available on the study website. We can through that study website in the chat so everyone has access to it, but a copy of this presentation, as well as a recording of this meeting, will be posted shortly after the meeting this evening.

9 Thank you again for the opportunity to provide this forum again. I had the chance the last go-around (inaudible) ...but I was looking at the Tse Bonito map that you had, and I agree with some of the at least two, two or three areas that I saw marked red (inaudible) ... because sometimes when you're driving through there, there's just... when there's congestion just as well that people are trying to figure out (inaudible).

The second thing just came out from back from word from Gallup (cuts out).

10 My comment on Tse Bonito was I'm glad to see a few reduced turnouts because today there are just too many that cause last-minute turns to the businesses.

## Public Comments

Comment Period: May 2 - June 16, 2023

| \# | Date Received | Received Via | Question/Comment | Follow Up Response |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 5/10/23 | Email | Residents from T\&R to Gallup city limits are faced every day with drivers speeding and traveling over 55 mph . Drivers need to be slowed down with traffic lights along this stretch of highway specifically at the M\&R Trading or Gamerco turnoff. It is far too dangerous for residents in this area to get onto or off the 491 highway. Please advise. | Thank you for your interest in the NM 264 Alignment Study. We sincerely appreciate your feedback regarding this area. In an attempt to better understand your safety concern, are you referring to a specific location where drivers access 491 from NM 264? Please let us know. <br> Thanks again, <br> NM 264 Alignment Study Team |
| 2 | 5/17/23 | Email | Suggestion: stoplights projected at M\&R Trading Post, Gamerco turnoff, and another projected stoplight between M\&R TP and T\&R Market. We need to slow down those drivers who are traveling at high rates of 70 mph as they descend down the hill, US 491 towards Gallup between Gas Max and M\&R TP. | Thank you for this feedback. I'm adding this to our comment log and will share it with the project engineers. <br> Best, <br> NM 264 Alignment Study Team |

[^6]| 5/19/23 | Comment Form | NM Hwy 264 needs replacement ASAP. Too many potholes and vehicles swerving to avoid these big potholes. Some day soon vehicles are going to collide, side swipe trying to avoid the rough pot hole roads. I appreciate your including us in public opinion studies. ALL of NM Hwy 264 needs repaving with material that can handle long-term traffic and weight. Milemarker 0-. 6 current existing design is fine the way it is. No need for walkways or side drainages. Just needs a working intersection light. The last TWO years have only been operative $20 \%$ of the time. Monday through Saturday we have flashing red light runners! Need the intersection light working. Mile marker .6-15.5 Fiqure 5 then 4 will work, provided use road material that can handle long term traffic. Fiqure 6 is too costly, just need good pavement, not any unnecessary lanes or expenses. Mile marker 15.5-16 Figure 7 will work., the current existing design. Please don't make us wait, for further studies. These roads from mile |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

Thank you for your comment regarding the NM 264 Alignment Study. We appreciate your feedback, especially as it concerns roadway safety. I'll pass this on to the project engineers for further review. Please stay tuned for project updates on the study site at
www.dot.nm.gov/projects/nm264study/.
Thanks again,

NM 264 Study Team

|  |  |  | marker 0 to 16 are damaging our vehicles, and creating hazards of vehicles almost colliding/sideswiping each other to avoid potholes. If it's going to take years for this improvement, please resurface and paint to avoid accidents and vehicle damage. Thank you. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | 5/29/23 | Email | Thank you for including the public in the alignment study and for your efforts to make the presentation clear. <br> I spoke during the meeting about my concern for the proposed lighting at milepost 5.3 and 5.5. I will also mention MP 6 during this email. <br> I have lived at MP 5.7 for 25 years and have been personally present and involved at many of the MVAs including two of the fatal crashes. My observations and concern for the proposed lighting begins with the pollution that it will create. We already have a serious energy problem in NM and using some of that energy to light the highway is | Thank you again for your patience. The project engineers from the NM 264 Alignment Study Team have reviewed your comments. I have broken out their responses into sections that focus on your specific concerns. Please see below. <br> I have lived at MP 5.7 for 25 years and have been personally present and involved at many of the MVAs including two of the fatal crashes. My observations and concern for the proposed lighting begins with the pollution that it will create. We already have a serious energy problem in NM and using some of that energy to light the highway is not a good use of resources in my opinion. Speedy's already wastes enough electricity lighting the building and driveways polluting the night sky. During the meeting a specific reason was not given for the |

Appendix C - Public Comments - Comment Period Questions/Comments and Responses


Appendix C - Public Comments - Comment Period Questions/Comments and Responses

|  | speed from 55 to 45 from mile post 7 found that adding street lighting in areas to 4.5 ish. The next problem with that is even with three agencies that regularly set up speed traps, traffic does not acknowledge the reduced speed zone. Two, as you are reducing driveways in Tse Bonito, there should only be one driveway for Speedy's. If the West driveway is the only access to the store that will give drivers 50\% less to be concerned about. Third, warning lights or signs should be installed to alert drivers of the upcoming danger of traffic crossing the road and exiting the road to the business. Fourth, an acceleration lane, 16 feet wide and a $1 / 4$ of a mile plus should be installed to give those exiting the business a place to go when accelerating into traffic on the highway. <br> Again, thank you for the opportunity to make my concerns heard. <br> with a history of dark / not lighted crashes has been proven by studies to reduce crashes. <br> The majority of accidents that happen at Speedy's are during daylight hours and involve the mistakes of drivers who do not acknowledge the serious hazard of the location. I believe the study would be better served by implementing the actions to follow and not lights. One, reduce the speed from 55 to 45 from milepost 7 to 4.5 ish. The next problem with that is even with three agencies that regularly set up speed traps, traffic does not acknowledge the reduced speed zone. <br> Unfortunately, lowering the speed limit does not typically help to lower actual driver speeds in an area with speeding concerns, especially in a rural environment. However, speed feedback signs are recommended throughout the corridor, which have been shown through studies to reduce over-speeding. <br> Two, as you are reducing driveways in Tse Bonito, there should only be one driveway |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Appendix C - Public Comments - Comment Period Questions/Comments and Responses


[^7]|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Appendix C - Public Comments - Comment Period Questions/Comments and Responses
problem, it is also possible that additional steps need to be taken to address the flooding. As an adjoining property owner, our company is happy to cooperate with drainage, detention and erosion efforts to keep the drainage working properly. Just let us know how we can help with the process. Feel free to contact our company if we can help with the process.

Our company owns 1580 Hwy 264, leased to Solid Rock Dialysis Clinic and C \& R Insurance Agency just east of the Arizona state line at Tse Bonito. Your map describes our parcel as "Shopping Center". I am delighted to learn that NM DOT and others are working to improve the highway that provides access to our building and would like to make some comments and suggestions. We wish to maintain access to our parcel as proposed on page 35 of https://www.dot.nm.gov/wp--content/uploads/2023/05/NM-264_Public-Mtg-2_Presentation_FINAL-reduced.pdf.
access via driveway 22 and their property is developed for that access. On the north side of Alma Dr., the design considered the option of frontage road access from that intersection however the required geometry did not allow for that access to remain within the available right-of-way. It is understood that any future development may require further adjustments to access location and design in order to properly accommodate the development and to ensure the safety of the roadway user. Bike lanes are recommended to provide additional multi-modal access to the corridor. NM 264 is a Tier 2 priority for bicycle facilities in the New Mexico Prioritized Statewide Bicycle Network Plan and bike lanes are recommended through the urban section based on the density of businesses in the area. Bike lanes are independent of sidewalks because sidewalks are designed for the slower speed of pedestrians and mixing bicycle traffic can be unsafe. We appreciate your input and look forward to continue working with you as the project progresses.

As a part of the notification process, a direct mailer was developed and distributed

These are depicted as cutouts 20 and 22. These cutouts provide the only access to the dialysis clinic, the insurance agency, and to the O'Reilly Auto parts and have been in use for many years.
When O'Reilly developed next door a few years ago, NMDOT removed an access point and limited O'Reilly's access only across land our company owns, and not directly to the street. The effect of this removal may have improved safety on highway 264, but it doubled traffic across our land. I have dealt with concerns from the dialysis clinic that drivers use the patient loading area as a roadway when exiting O'Reilly. The effect of closing access to 264 transferred the safety hazard off the highway and on to our patient loading facility. The light at Alma Drive makes sense as it pertains to access from south of 264. It serves Speedway, Blake's, the tax service, and many residences. Northbound, however, Alma Drive dead ends into the credit union (your cutout 17), with no further
through the U.S. Postal Service (USPS) Every Door Direct Mailing (EDDM). EDDM ensures mail pieces are delivered to every mailbox and PO box along a specified mail route so that residents and occupants receive these mail pieces more efficiently and mail does not get returned if there are any address inaccuracies, they are simply still placed in each mailbox. For this project, we selected all postal routes within a mile of the project area to try to capture all of those within the project area. For both virtual public meetings, an EDDM direct mailer was sent to 6,970 addresses in the study area to inform the surrounding community of the virtual public meeting. The mailers were distributed on August 2, 2022, and May 2, 2023. The mailers were sent to the following postal codes within the study area:

> 86515- PBOX
> 87375- PBOX
> 87305- PBOX
> $87301-$ H033

In addition, we published several other notifications through additional outlets to try to reach this community and notify them of the upcoming event, including
access to the Baptist Church, the mobile home park, and the developing land straight ahead. Perhaps easements could be obtained to allow more than one small building to utilize the traffic light. This could be accomplished with little impact to the credit union. I notice your proposal suggests bicycle lanes along Highway 264 at Tse Bonito alongside the planned sidewalks. have owned highway frontage along 264 at Tse Bonito since 1994 and I have never seen a bicycle being used along the highway. I think it's a poor use of resources to have both 12 feet of sidewalk plus 12 feet of bicycle lane. The two can be combined into sidewalk, freeing the money for additional improvements. From a safety perspective, added bicycle lanes would cause confusion about right-of-way, and most of the Tse Bonito drivers are accustomed to rural driving. I believe bicycle lanes will add significant risk to cyclists in Tse Bonito.
print advertisements in both the Gallup Independent and Navajo Times, a banner that was hung on Northbound NM 264 just outside of Tse Bonito in front of C\&R Insurance, the project website, NMDOT social media, press releases, and direct emails to those on our community stakeholder list, surrounding agencies, and other organizations/stakeholders in the area. We continue to strive to identify and adapt our communication and notification process and will consider additional options to better reach residents, businesses, and property owners along this corridor. Please note, you will now be added to the stakeholder list based on our recent communication.

Thank you,
The NM 264 Alignment Study Team

|  |  |  | I wish to make a final point as to notification. Most of the property owners along this corridor do not have local mail service, so their mail goes to other addresses. I did not get notified of the first meeting and nearly missed the second meeting. The County Assessor's office has accurate addresses for property owners who pay property taxes, and these taxpayers should have input into decisions relating to access. Please don't hesitate to contact me if I can provide more information about the road improvements. I look forward to seeing the results of your hard work. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | 6/13/23 | Email | I attended the above-referenced public hearing on behalf of Clayton Investment Company Ltd. ("CIC"). CIC owns property along NM Highway 264 in the area referred to in the public hearing as "Urban" between MP 0 and MP 0.6. In the slide presentation at the public hearing, it was recommended that CIC's existing access point to its property, marked as \#24 on the attached slide, be closed. Removing | We appreciate your input based on the public meeting. With respect to the access to the CIC property you included in your letter the recommendations provided were based on the current corridor development. It is understood that any future development may require further adjustments to access location and design in order properly accommodate the development and to ensure the safety of the roadway user. This project is currently in the planning phase and further input will |

Appendix C - Public Comments - Comment Period Questions/Comments and Responses


[^8]|  | your reasoned consideration of the <br> same. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

## EJSCREEN ACS Summary Report

Location: User-specified polygonal location
Ring (buffer): 0-miles radius
Description: Tse Bonito CDP

|  | 2015-2019 <br> ACS Estimates | Percent | MOE ( $\pm$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Population 25+ by Educational Attainment |  |  |  |
| Total | 203 | 100\% | 272 |
| Less than 9th Grade | 24 | 12\% | 73 |
| 9th-12th Grade, No Diploma | 45 | 22\% | 106 |
| High School Graduate | 79 | 39\% | 125 |
| Some College, No Degree | 36 | 18\% | 103 |
| Associate Degree | 8 | 4\% | 38 |
| Bachelor's Degree or more | 11 | 5\% | 54 |
| Population Age 5+ Years by Ability to Speak English |  |  |  |
| Total | 319 | 100\% | 399 |
| Speak only English | 111 | 35\% | 196 |
| Non-English at Home ${ }^{1+2+3+4}$ | 208 | 65\% | 263 |
| ${ }^{1}$ Speak English "very well" | 177 | 55\% | 261 |
| ${ }^{2}$ Speak English "well" | 18 | 6\% | 71 |
| ${ }^{3}$ Speak English "not well" | 12 | 4\% | 66 |
| ${ }^{4}$ Speak English "not at all" | 1 | 0\% | 22 |
| ${ }^{3+4}$ Speak English "less than well" | 13 | 4\% | 66 |
| ${ }^{2+3+4}$ Speak English "less than very well" | 31 | 10\% | 96 |
| Linguistically Isolated Households* |  |  |  |
| Total | 14 | 100\% | 57 |
| Speak Spanish | 0 | 2\% | 12 |
| Speak Other Indo-European Languages | 0 | 0\% | 12 |
| Speak Asian-Pacific Island Languages | 0 | 0\% | 12 |
| Speak Other Languages | 14 | 98\% | 56 |
| Households by Household Income |  |  |  |
| Household Income Base | 111 | 100\% | 95 |
| < \$15,000 | 43 | 39\% | 79 |
| \$15,000-\$25,000 | 10 | 9\% | 33 |
| \$25,000-\$50,000 | 29 | 26\% | 72 |
| \$50,000-\$75,000 | 13 | 11\% | 53 |
| \$75,000 + | 17 | 16\% | 47 |
| Occupied Housing Units by Tenure |  |  |  |
| Total | 111 | 100\% | 95 |
| Owner Occupied | 93 | 84\% | 92 |
| Renter Occupied | 18 | 16\% | 66 |
| Employed Population Age 16+ Years |  |  |  |
| Total | 267 | 100\% | 329 |
| In Labor Force | 103 | 39\% | 170 |
| Civilian Unemployed in Labor Force | 20 | 7\% | 59 |
| Not In Labor Force | 164 | 61\% | 226 |

[^9]
[^0]:    Data Note: Datail may not sum to totals due to rounding. Hispanic population can be of anyrace.
    N/A means not available. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey (ACS)
    *Households in which no one 14 and over speaks English "very well" or speaks English only.

[^1]:    Data Note: Datail may not sum to totals due to rounding. Hispanic population can be of anyrace.
    N/A means not available. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey (ACS)
    *Households in which no one 14 and over speaks English "very well" or speaks English only.

[^2]:    Data Note: Datail may not sum to totals due to rounding. Hispanic population can be of anyrace.
    N/A means not available. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey (ACS)
    *Households in which no one 14 and over speaks English "very well" or speaks English only.

[^3]:    Learn more at: wwwidot.nm.gov/projects/hm264study INavajo Times: August 4, 2022

[^4]:    Victoria Romejko
    Senior Communications Coordinator

[^5]:    - Establish the need for improvements

[^6]:    Appendix C - Public Comments - Comment Period Questions/Comments and Responses

[^7]:    Appendix C - Public Comments - Comment Period Questions/Comments and Responses

[^8]:    Appendix C - Public Comments - Comment Period Questions/Comments and Responses

[^9]:    Data Note: Datail may not sum to totals due to rounding. Hispanic population can be of anyrace.
    N/A means not available. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey (ACS)
    *Households in which no one 14 and over speaks English "very well" or speaks English only.

