

## UNIVERSITY AVENUE CORRIDOR STUDY

PHASE B | DETAILED EVALUATION OF ALTERNATIVES
CN LCOO290
FINAL REPORT OCTOBER 2019

## PREPARED FOR:

NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION SOUTH REGION DESIGN

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## UNIVERSITY AVENUE CORRIDOR STUDY PHASE B I DETAILED EVALUATION OF ALTERNATIVES

## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

## Project Overview

The University Avenue Corridor Study Phase B is being led by the New Mexico Department of Transportation (NMDOT). The project corridor crosses through both the jurisdiction of the City of Las Cruces and the Town of Mesilla and the roadway corridor is owned and maintained by the NMDOT. The Study is being funded through the State and Federal (Federal Highway Administration (FHWA)) program therefore, the project development process will follow the NMDOT Location Study Procedures (2015).

## Purpose and Need

The purpose and need for the University Avenue Corridor Study is based on physical deficiencies, safety concerns, and economic development opportunities. The Purpose of the project is to provide an enhanced multi-modal transportation corridor along University Avenue between Main Street and Avenida de Mesilla, including the integration of bicycle and pedestrian facilities.

## Public and Agency Involvement

In compliance with the NMDOT Location Study Procedures, a Public Involvement Plan (PIP) was prepared for the project. As defined in the PIP, there were two public meetings held during Phase B to present and discuss preferred alternatives being evaluated. In addition, there were two project team meetings to discuss issues during alternative selection.

## Alternatives Considered

In response to the project purpose and need, along with stakeholder and public input, seven roadway alternatives were developed during Phase A. The Phase A Study recommended that both Typical Section F and G (as well as the no-build alternative) be further evaluated:

- Alternative Fincludes 2-driving lanes, in-road bicycle lanes, curb and gutter, a sidewalk on the north side and a multi-use path on the south side. This typical section requires at least 60.5 feet of right-ofway from back of sidewalk to back of sidewalk.
- Alternative G includes 2-driving lanes, in-road bicycle lanes, curb and gutter, and sidewalks on both sides. This alternative was developed to address the right-of-way limitations within the majority of the corridor and requires 44-50 feet of right-of-way.

Drainage alternatives were developed based on two grouping categories, west and east of the College Lateral which is a high point that divides the roadway drainage. Thus, Alternatives W 1 and W 2 address drainage west of this location and E1 and E2 address drainage to the east.

- W1 provides one pond that is located at the west end of the corridor at the southeast corner of University Avenue and Avenida de Mesilla
- W2 provides two ponds, one at the west end of the corridor at the southeast corner of University Avenue and Avenida de Mesilla and a second pond on or near the Zia Middle School field.
- E1 provides one pond at the east end of the corridor at the northwest corner of University Avenue and Main Street (west of the railroad).
- E2 provides two ponds, one at the east end of the corridor at the northwest corner of University Avenue and Main Street (west of the railroad), and a second pond at the northwest corner of University Avenue and Stanford Street.


## Detailed Evaluation of Alternatives

The detailed evaluation of alternatives further analyzes Alternative $F$ and Alternative $G$ including consideration of right-of-way needs, conceptual engineering plans, engineering feasibility, preliminary cost, operations, potential environmental impacts, community concerns and preferences, and geotechnical investigations.

## Recommendations

Alternative F was selected for roadway improvements. The buffer between the roadway and pedestrian path with vary based on available right-of-way.

The recommended drainage improvements consist of Alternatives W2 and E2 which will allow for ponding at the main existing topographic low points along the corridor. The final location and configuration of proposed ponds, particularly for the western portion of the corridor, is flexible and subject to change based on further coordination with land owners that will be conducted during design.

The proposed improvements will also include upgrading the existing signalized intersections at Avenida de Mesilla and at Main Street as well as coordination with the railroad for improvements needed for the at-grade railroad crossing

## 1 INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 Project Description and Background

This study documents the findings of the Phase B Detailed Evaluation of Alternatives phase for the University Avenue Corridor Study. The study evaluates the transportation needs to enhance the existing two-lane roadway from Avenida de Mesilla to Main Street. The corridor is highly used by pedestrians and bicyclists with access to Zia Middle School, local neighborhoods, and as a gateway to the Town of Mesilla.

This study examines opportunities to provide enhanced multi-modal transportation options along the corridor with the key issues addressed in the study to include physical deficiencies in roadway infrastructure, safety concerns related to multi-modal conflicts, lack of sufficient bicycle and pedestrian facilities, and drainage implications

The initial University Avenue Phase A Corridor Study was led by the Mesilla Valley Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) and resulted in two preferred alternatives for further study. Phase $B$ is now being led by the New Mexico Department of Transportation (NMDOT) with funding to continue the project through to design and construction. The Phase A document can be found at the Mesilla Valley MPO website at mesillavalleympo.org.

The two preferred alternatives recommended in Phase A are as follows:

- Alternative $\mathbf{F}$, which includes 2-driving lanes, in-road bicycle lanes, curb and gutter, a sidewalk on the north side and a multi-use path on the south side. This typical section requires at least 60.5 feet of right-of-way from back of sidewalk to back of sidewalk.
- Alternative G, which includes 2-driving lanes, in-road bicycle lanes, curb and gutter, and sidewalks on both sides. This alternative was developed to address the right-of-way limitations within the majority of the corridor and requires 44-50 feet of right-of-way

Alternative $\mathbf{G}$ was favored by stakeholders to be implemented along most of the corridor, with opportunities to expand the typical section to accomplish Alternative F where right-of-way allows.

Prior to the Phase A Study, the corridor was studied in the late 1990s by NMDOT. The lack o pedestrian and bicycle facilities has been a concern for the past 15 years due to the location of Zia Middle School and the daily access by students. There were no recommendations or roadway design

Figure 1.1.1 University Avenue Corridor

completed in this initial study. Therefore, the 2015 planning funds were allocated to develop a set of alternatives for the University Avenue corridor for further study.

### 1.2 Project Area

The study area along University Avenue is located between Main Street in the City of Las Cruces on the eastern end and Avenida de Mesilla (NM 28) in the Town of Mesilla on the western end. This section of University Avenue provides local access to Zia Middle School and residential neighborhoods. University Avenue also connects the Town of Mesilla and the New Mexico State University (NMSU) campus area, southeast Las Cruces, and Interstate 10 (I-10). Outside the study area, University Avenue extends east to $\mathrm{I}-25$ and then transitions into Dripping Springs Road. The intersection of University Avenue and Main Street is the western terminus of University Avenue regionally.

Figure 1.3.1 illustrates the project location and study limits.
University Avenue is owned and managed by the NMDOT as a state road and is designated as New Mexico 101 (NM 101). The project corridor crosses through both the jurisdiction of the City of Las Cruces and the Town of Mesilla. Given the multi-jurisdictional component of University Avenue stakeholders from various agencies are fully-involved in decision-making processes as the preferred alternatives for final design and construction are determined.

### 1.3 Study Proces

The project development process follows the NMDOT Location Study Procedures (2015) which includes three distinct study phases as described below.

- The Initial Evaluation of Alternatives (Phase A) begins by developing a range of potential alternatives that respond to an established project need. Phase A was completed in 2016 with recommendations including two (2) alternatives suitable for the corridor depending on available right-of-way
- Detailed Evaluation of Alternatives (Phase B) further evaluates the preferred alternatives identified in Phase A including "the development of conceptual engineering plans, right-of-way requirements, costs, performance data, environmental and social effects, and geotechnical investigations."

Figure 1.3.1 Study Area Map


University Avenue
Corridor Study- Phase B
Study Area Map
$\qquad$
.... University Avenue
$\square$ Study Area


- Environmental Documentation (Phase C) "involves the preparation of an environmental document and subsequent processing in accordance with NEPA."
- Preliminary Design (Phase D) follows the three study phases and will include "the preparation of detailed plans, specifications, and estimates that will be used for project construction."


### 1.4 Context Sensitive Solutions

The NMDOT Location Study Procedures were followed including a context-sensitive public outreach effort. The corridor exists within a rural, residential setting with a middle school. The input of nearby residents, school representatives, and local jurisdictions were heard and considered through stakeholder and public meetings.

### 1.5 Public and Agency Involvement

Two public meetings and numerous individual agency and stakeholder meetings were held to share information on the preferred alternatives, potential impacts, traffic concerns, drainage solutions, and collect input for further consideration. The primary agencies and stakeholders engaged to support the NMDOT include the following:

- City of Las Cruces
- Town of Mesilla
- Las Cruces Public School District (LCPS)
- Mesilla Valley Metropolitan Planning Organization (MVMPO)
- RoadRUNNER Transit
- Elephant Butte Irrigation District (EBID)

Doña Ana County

- New Mexico State University (NMSU)
- BNSF Railway


### 1.6 Purpose and Need

The purpose and need for the University Avenue Corridor Study is based on physical deficiencies, safety concerns, and economic development opportunities. The Purpose of the project is to provide an enhanced multi-modal transportation corridor along University Avenue between Main Street and Avenida de Mesilla, including the integration of bicycle and pedestrian facilities.

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## 2 AGENCY COORDINATION AND PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT

In compliance with the NMDOT Location Study Procedures, public and stakeholder outreach was conducted for Phase B of the Study. The goal of this process was to gather feedback from the public and stakeholders in an effort to ensure preferred alternatives meet the needs of the community. A Project Team was established at the beginning of the project in addition to the selection of participating agencies and stakeholders. Agencies are understood to be entities that have some level of jurisdiction over the project area and stakeholders are groups who may have interest in the project.

Table 2.1.1 Project Team, Agencies, and Stakeholders

| Project Team |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New Mexico Department of Transportation | Bohannan Huston, Inc. |  |
| Mesilla Valley Metropolitan Planning Organization |  | Federal Highway Administration |
| Agencies |  |  |
| City of Las Cruces |  | Town of Mesilla |
| Elephant Butte Irrigation District | Doña Ana County |  |
| State Historic Preservation Office |  |  |
| Las Cruces Public Schools |  |  |
| New Mexico State University | RoadRUNNER Transit |  |

Primary activities included meetings with stakeholders and presentations to the public and advisory committees. The following is a summary of public involvement and agency coordination during Phase B.

### 2.1 Preliminary Outreach

### 2.1.1 PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT

A public information meeting was held in the La Mesilla Community Center on June 5, 2019. The meeting had about 40 attendees including Project Team members from the NMDOT and Bohannan Huston. The meeting was an open house format. The Project Team gave a brief presentation to review
the initial Phase A Study and discussed the updated data collection and analysis for the Phase B Study. Preliminary results for the traffic analysis, multi-modal level of service, crash analysis, drainage investigation, and right-of-way data collection were also presented. Information boards were available for viewing and Project Team members were available to answer questions. Display boards included details on the purpose and need, study limits, Phase A results and preferred alternatives, and Phase B analysis. A summary of comments / questions is provided below with a copy of the entire summary included in Appendix A.

- Concerns of lighting
- Concerns of cars speeding
- Concerns of noise
- Concerns for increases in bicycle accidents
- Discussion on right-of-way changes

Figure 2.1.1 La Mesilla Community Center


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### 2.1.2 Agency Coordination

A stakeholder meeting was held on May 16, 2019 at the NMDOT District 1 Solano Complex. The purpose of the meeting was to discuss the Phase B Study and provide input on project related issues. The Project Team gave a brief presentation review on the initial Phase A Study and discussed the updated data collection and analysis for the Phase B Study. The Project Team also presented preliminary results for the traffic analysis, multi-modal level of service, crash analysis, drainage investigation, and right-of-way data collection. A summary of comments / questions is provided below with a copy of the entire summary included in Appendix A. Key issues discussed at the meeting are as follows

- Multi-modal considerations
- Roadway design
- Traffic and safety
- Drainage

Subsequent to the Project Team Meeting, ongoing coordination with the Project Team was maintained via email. This allowed continued input on project development. In addition to the Project Team meetings, presentations on the Study have been made to the Technical Advisory Committee (TAC), the Bicycle and Pedestrian Facilities Advisory Committee (BPAC), Las Cruces Public Schools, and the Policy Committee throughout the process. Input received from these committees has been used to inform the Study. Presentations were made on the following dates with copies of the presentations included in Appendix A.

- Bicycle and Pedestrian Advisory Committee (BPAC) meeting was held on May 21, 2019
- Las Cruces Public Schools operations team meeting was held on June 4, 2019
- Meeting with the NMDOT Las Cruces Patrol supervisor on June 5, 2019
- Technical Advisory Committee meeting was held on June 6, 2019
- Policy Committee meeting took place on June 12, 2019

All input received during Public Involvement Meetings and Project Team Meetings have been considered throughout the planning process and integrated into the final recommendations, as appropriate.

### 2.2 Final Outreach

Public and agency involvement following the initial draft submittal will include additiona presentations to the public, stakeholders, and advisory committees.

### 2.2.1 PUBLIC InVOLVEMENT

A second public information meeting was held on September 10, 2019 at the La Mesilla Community Center. The meeting had over 50 attendees including Project Team members from NMDOT and Bohannan Huston. The meeting was an open house format with a presentation to present the preferred roadway and drainage alternatives. Information boards were available for viewing and Project Team members were available to answer questions. A summary of the comments is provided below with a copy of the entire summary included in Appendix $\mathbf{A}$.

- Concerns about pedestrian safety
- Concerns about ponding maintenance
- Questions about storm drain options

Additional meetings with property owner meetings were held in the month of August to discuss proposed drainage and ponding options.

### 2.2.2 AgENCY COORDINATION

The second stakeholder meeting was held on September 5, 2019 at the NMDOT District 1 Solano Complex. The Phase B study evaluated the preferred alternatives in further detail and the preferred alternative selected for construction was presented to the stakeholder group. The Project Team also presented drainage alternatives that were developed as part of the Phase B Study.

Additional presentations were made on the following dates:

- Bicycle and Pedestrian Facilities Advisory Committee (BPAC) meeting was held on May 21, 2019
- Las Cruces Public Schools operations team meeting was held on September 17, 2019
- Technical Advisory Committee meeting was held on September 5, 2019
- Policy Committee meeting was on September 11, 2019


## UNVERSITY AVENUE CORRIDOR STUDY PHASE B I DETAILED EVALUATION OF ALTERNATIVES

## 3 PURPOSE AND NEED

The purpose and need for the University Avenue Corridor Study is based on physical deficiencies, safety concerns, and economic development opportunities. The Purpose of the project is to provide an enhanced multi-modal transportation corridor along University Avenue between Main Street and Avenida de Mesilla, including the integration of bicycle and pedestrian facilities. University Avenue is currently a $2-$ lane road with no shoulders and no pedestrian or bicycle facilities.

### 3.1 Physical Deficiencies

Physical deficiencies of the existing roadway geometry were identified during the analysis of existing conditions and include the geometric compliance regarding horizontal, vertical, and intersection sight distance issues, as described below.

1. Horizontal Geometry - five of 11 of the horizontal curves within the corridor do not meet the desired design speed of 40 mph . These are located near the entrances to Zia Middle School and at the approach to the at-grade railroad crossing near Main Street.
2. Vertical Geometry - of the 14 vertical curves, two have insufficient K-values for a 40 MPH design speed. The first is over the Laguna Lateral located east of Boldt Street and the second is located at the railroad crossing just west of the Main Street intersection.
3. Intersection Sight Distance - 12 of the 27 -access points had sight distance violations related to obstructions such as walls, fences, and vegetation.

### 3.2 Safety

Based on a review of the crash history and multi-modal conditions along the corridor, the following safety issues were observed:

The analysis indicates that property damage related crashes were higher than the County average and the crash rate involving bicyclists was substantially higher than the National and State averages.

The corridor shows a higher risk of rear end crashes. This could be a result of congestion (especially near Zia Middle School during pick up and drop off times), differential in speed, and/or a lack of sight distance at intersections during times of congestion.

Additionally, results from the multi-modal level of service analysis indicate there is notable potential to improve bicyclist and pedestrian comfort and safety as the existing roadway does not have facilities for bicycle or pedestrian traffic.
Figure 3.2.1 Zia Middle School Student


### 3.3 Economic Development

The University Avenue corridor supports improved system linkage for the traveling public between the Town of Mesilla and the City of Las Cruces. With major destinations such as the Las Cruces Convention Center and the NMSU campus near the eastern end, this linkage is critical. It provides a direct connection for tourists and business visitors to gain access to such tourist destinations as Mesilla Plaza and all the associated retail and restaurants. An improved and defined corridor results in comfortable travel for all modes of transportation and also allows opportunities for wayfinding for nonresidents.

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The focus on multi-modal facilities as part of the preferred alternatives directly aligns with the goals and objectives of the City's recently-completed Active Transportation Plan. This Plan, as well as the Mesilla Valley Metropolitan Planning Organizations master transportation plans from previous years, have identified this corridor as part of the Multi-Use Loop Trail. Enhancing this section of the loop with bicycle facilities could bring further opportunities for bicycle-related tourism to the entire region.

4 EXISTING CONDITIONS AND CONSTRAINTS

### 4.1 Existing Physical Condition and Roadway Infrastructure

University Avenue is a 2-lane road with no shoulders and no pedestrian or bicycle facilities. The road is located within an area that is predominantly residential and provides access to an existing middle school. The corridor does not contain curb and gutter, resulting in water runoff to flow off the existing roadway into adjacent ditches or properties. The existing pavement is in fair condition but is showing signs of deterioration. Along with physical deficiencies, there are safety concerns identified based on the potential for pedestrian, bicycle, and vehicular interaction due to the lack of adequate multi-modal facilities. Railroad infrastructure is present in the study area and will require agency coordination during final design.

### 4.2 Traffic Analysis

An analysis of the traffic operations for the existing conditions was performed for the corridor. The analysis evaluates the capacity of key intersections under existing AM and PM peak hour traffic volumes Key intersections include

1. Avenida de Mesilla
2. Camino del Rey
3. Teresita Street
4. Old Farm Road
5. Boldt Street
6. Stanford Street
7. Camino Castillo
8. Bowman Avenue
9. McDowell Place
10. Main Street

Two signalized intersections are located on the ends of the study area corridor, Avenida de Mesilla and Main Street. All other intersections along the corridor are two-way stop-controlled.

Traffic counts were collected at all intersections from 6:30 AM to 9:30 AM and 3:00 PM to 6:00 PM on Wednesday March 20, 2019 while school was in session. Existing traffic counts are located in

## Appendix B

Existing intersection traffic volumes were analyzed using the Synchro version 10 software, that uses the signalized and unsignalized intersection methodology from the Sixth Edition of the Highway Capacity Manual (HCM). Intersection operational performance is determined using Level of Service (LOS), which is expressed using letters $A$ to $F$, with LOS $A$ being the best and $F$ being the worst. The HCM defined LOS for signalized and unsignalized intersection as follows:

Table 4.2.1 Level of Service Definitions

| Level of Service | Definition | Signalized (sec/veh) | Unsignalized (sec/veh) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | Most vehicles do not stop. | $<10$ | $<10$ |
| B | Some vehicles stop. | $>10$ and $<20$ | $>10$ and $<15$ |
| C | Significant numbers of vehicles stop. | $>20$ and $<35$ | $>15$ and $<25$ |
| D | Many vehicles stop. | $>35$ and $<55$ | $>25$ and $<35$ |
| E | Limit of acceptable delay. | $>55$ and $<80$ | $>35$ and $<50$ |
| F | Unacceptable delay. | $>80$ | $>50$ |

The City of Las Cruces and NMDOT has established LOS D as the generally acceptable level of service in urban areas and when intersections operate below this level, improvements are considered, where feasible.

The results are summarized in Table 4.4.2 and Table 4.4.3 and shown graphically in Figure 4.2.1 The analysis indicates that under existing 2019 conditions, all signalized and unsignalized intersections operate at level of service C or better with minimal queueing and delay.






LEGEND


123S(1234) AM(PM) Traficic

( $(x) \quad \begin{gathered}\text { AM(PMM) Level } \\ \text { of Service (Los) }\end{gathered}$ | DELAY |
| :---: |
| LOS |

Table 4.2.2 Existing Signalized Intersection Capacity Analysis Results

| Signalized Intersections | 2019 AM Peak |  |  | 2019 PM Peak |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Delay |  |  |  |  |  |
| (sec.) | V/C | LOS | Delay <br> (sec.) | V/C | LOS |  |
| 1. Avenida de Mesilla and University | 20.3 | 0.48 | C | 19.0 | 0.45 | B |
| 10. Main and University | 24.0 | 0.50 | C | 24.7 | 0.52 | C |

> Table 4.2.3 Existing Unsignalized Intersection Results

| Intersection/Movement | 2019 AM Peak |  |  |  | 2019 PM Peak |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Delay | v/c | Queue* <br> (ft) | LOS | Delay | v/c | Queue* <br> (ft) | LOS |
| 2. University and Teresita | 0.3 | - | - | - | 0.3 | - | - | - |
| EB Left | 7.7 | 0.01 | 0 | A | 7.9 | 0.01 | $\bigcirc$ | A |
| SB Approach | 10.3 | 0.02 | 25 | B | 10.5 | 0.02 | 0 | B |
| 3. University and Boldt | 0.1 | - | - | - | 0.2 | - | - | - |
| EB Left | 0 | - | 0 | A | 7.9 | 0.01 | 0 | A |
| SB Approach | 11.4 | 0.01 | 0 | B | 11.4 | 0.01 | 0 | B |
| 4. Camino Castillo and University | 0.3 | - | - | - | 0.4 | - | - | - |
| NB Approach | 10.5 | 0.02 | 25 | B | 10.8 | 0.03 | 25 | B |
|  | 7.8 | 0.01 | 0 | A | 8 | 0.01 | 0 | A |
| 5. McDowell and University | 1.5 | - | - | - | 1.3 | - | - | - |
| NB Approach | 11.8 | 0.12 | 25 | B | 14.1 | 0.14 | 25 | B |
| WB Left | 7.9 | 0.01 | 0 | A | 8.2 | 0.02 | 25 | A |
| 6. University and Camino del | 0 | - | - | - | 0.5 | - | - | - |
| Rey | 7.4 | 0.01 | 0 | A | 8.4 | 0.01 | 0 | A |


| EB Left <br> SB Approach | 10.3 | 0.01 | 0 | B | 17.7 | 0.09 | 25 | C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7. University and Old Farm | 0.3 | - | - | - | 0.5 | - | - | - |
| EB Left | 8.1 | 0.01 | 0 | A | 8.4 | 0.01 | 0 | A |
| SB Approach | 13.4 | 0.04 | 25 | B | 16.1 | 0.07 | 25 | C |
| 8. University and Stanford | 1.7 | - | - | - | 1.7 | - | - | - |
| EB Left | 8.1 | 0.02 | 25 | A | 8.5 | 0.03 | 25 | A |
| SB Approach | 15.8 | 0.21 | 25 | C | 20 | 0.25 | 50 | C |
| 9. Bowman and University | 1 | - | - | - | 1.5 | - | - | - |
| NB Approach | 13.6 | 0.11 | 25 | B | 17.4 | 0.18 | 25 | C |
| WB Left | 8.3 | 0.02 | 25 | A | 8.6 | 0.06 | 25 | A |

Table 4.2.4 Multi-Modal Level of Service Scoring

### 4.3 Multi-Modal

There are currently no bicycle facilities within the study limits along University Avenue. Sidewalks currently exist along both sides of Avenida de Mesilla, on the South side of University Avenue west of Avenida de Mesilla, and on the North side of University Avenue between Avenida de Mesilla and the Laguna

| LOS | Numerical Score |
| :---: | :---: |
| A | $\leq 2.00$ |
| B | $>2.00$ and $\leq 2.75$ |
| C | $>2.75$ and $\leq 3.50$ |
| D | $>3.50$ and $\leq 4.25$ |
| E | $>4.25$ and $\leq 5.00$ |
| F | $\geq 5.00$ |

Lateral (east of Boldt St). The rest of the corridor does not have sidewalk or bicycle facilities. Adding pedestrian and bicycle facilities along the University Avenue corridor will improve access to surrounding areas, including Zia Middle School. ADA ramps currently exist at all corners of both signalized intersections with exception of the northwest quadrant of the University Avenue and Main Street intersection.

### 4.3.1 Multi-Modal Level of Service

This study employs multi-modal LOS analysis, which evaluates the quality of bicycle and pedestrian facilities as they are impacted by the adjacent roadway. The multi-modal LOS analysis utilizes formulas and procedures contained in the National Cooperative Highway Research Program's "Multimodal Level of Service Analysis for Urban Streets."

Similar to standard LOS scoring, multi-modal LOS scoring assigns an "A" for best and "F" for worst bicycle and pedestrian infrastructure quality. Table 4.2 . 4 shows the numerical scores associated with each level.
4.3.1.1 Bicycle Analysis

The multi-modal LOS analysis conducted for this study evaluates the presence and quality of bicycle infrastructure as it contributes to the comfort and safety of the bicycle user.
Criteria used in the analysis include:

1. Number of vehicle travel lanes
2. Median type
3. Average daily traffic
4. Speed limit
5. Percentage of heavy vehicles
6. Width of the outside vehicle lane
7. Width of the bicycle lane buffer
8. Width of the bicycle lane
9. Width of on-street parking
10. Pavement condition
11. Percentage of on-street parking that is occupied

The results of the bicycle LOS analysis are displayed in Table 4.3.1 below. Under the existing condition of the roadway, the roadway operates at an acceptable LOS scoring LOS D.

## Table 4.3.1 Bicycle Level of Service Results

| Criteria | Existing |
| :---: | :---: |
| Number of Lanes | 1 |
| Median Type | Undivided |
| Average Weekday Daily Traffic | 4,534 |
| Speed Limit | 35 MPH |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 2 |
| Outside Lane Width | 11 feet |
| Bicycle Lane Buffer Width | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ |
| Bicycle Lane Width | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ |
| On-Street Parking Width | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ |
| Pavement Condition | 4 |
| OSPA | O |
| Level of Service Score | 4.06 |
| Level of Service | D |

### 4.3.1.2 Pedestrian Analysis

The multi-modal LOS analysis conducted for this study evaluates the presence and quality of pedestrian infrastructure as it contributes to the comfort and safety of the pedestrian.

The pedestrian LOS analysis evaluates similar criteria to the bicycle LOS analysis, in addition to the following:

1. Signals per mile
2. Sidewalk width
3. Sidewalk buffer width
4. Tree spacing

The percentage of heavy vehicles and pavement condition are not evaluated in the pedestrian LOS analysis.

The results of the pedestrian LOS analysis are displayed in Table 4.3.2 below. Under existing conditions, the roadway does not operate at an acceptable pedestrian LOS scoring LOS E.

Table 4.3.2 Pedestrian Level of Service Results

| Criteria | Existing |
| :---: | :---: |
| Number of Lanes | 1 |
| Signals per Mile | 4 |
| Median Type | Undivided |
| Average Weekday Daily Traffic | 4,534 |
| Speed Limit | 35 MPH |
| Outside Lane Width | 11 feet |
| Bicycle Lane Buffer Width | N/A |
| Bicycle Lane Width | N/A |
| On-Street Parking Width | N/A |
| OSPA | O |
| Sidewalk Width | N/A |
| Sidewalk Buffer Width | N/A |
| Tree Spacing | N/A |
| Level of Service Score | 4.68 |
| Level of Service | E |
|  |  |

### 4.4 Geometry

### 4.4.1 HORIZONTAL

The existing horizontal geometry of the corridor was analyzed by replicating the roadway centerline using both photogrammetry and existing survey data and comparing the properties of the horizontal alignment to criteria referenced in the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) 2011 Geometric Design of Highways and Streets "Green Book"

The University Avenue corridor includes 11 horizontal curves and the desired design speed for the corridor is 40 miles per hour (MPH). Horizontal curve conditions are summarized in Table 4.4.1.

Table 4.4.1 Existing Horizontal Curves

| HC \# | PI STA | LENGTH (FT) | RADIUS (FT) | SUPER | MAX DESIGN SPEED (MPH) | RELATIVE LOCATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 108+04.95 | 168.08 | 10000 | NC | 55 | East of Boldt St |
| 2 | 109+99.89 | 99.726 | 5500 | NC | 40 | West of Laguna Lateral |
| 3 | 118+51.26 | 232.796 | 12000 | NC | 60 | Camino Castillo Intersection |
| 4 | $121+41.34$ | 91.724 | 2500 | NC | 25 | Transition to Center Left Turn |
| 5 | $122+55.03$ | 135.635 | 2500 | NC | 25 | Lane West of Zia MS |
| 6 | 129+36.68 | 76.715 | 1500 | NC | 15 | Transition from Center Left Turn Lane East of Zia MS |
| 7 | 132+95.45 | 369.216 | 9000 | NC | 50 | West of Camino del Rey |
| 8 | 154+92.30 | 111.033 | 7000 | NC | 45 | Stanford St Intersection |
| 9 | 157+54.70 | 178.898 | 10000 | NC | 55 | East of Bowman St |
| 10 | 167+45.98 | 424.47 | 800 | NC | 10 |  |
| 11 | 172+04.06 | 401.767 | 750 | 2.00\% | 15 | Approach to Main |

Almost half of the horizontal curves within the corridor do not meet the desired design speed of 40 MPH, however six existing curves are above the design speed. Horizontal curve numbers 4,5 , and 6 are located near the entrances to Zia Middle School and have radii sufficient for design speeds of 15 mph and 25 mph . Although these curves do not meet the 40 MPH desired design speed, eastbound traffic is not affected by these curves and the travel speed of westbound traffic is expected to be lower than the design speed during school drop-off and pick-up times where congestion creates reduced travel speeds. Also, horizontal curve numbers 10 and 11 are located at the approach to the at-grade railroad crossing a Main Street which is a signalized intersection. As such, travel speeds are expected to be lower than the design speed in this location due to this being a minor road approach to a signalized intersection where drivers may be required to come to a stop if the signal is red or if the train is crossing

Existing turn bay lengths, including deceleration taper lengths, were collected at the signalized intersections of University Avenue/Avenida de Mesilla and University Avenue/Main Street. These lengths were analyzed using 95th percentile queue lengths to determine if the existing turn bay dimensions meet the minimum criteria established in the State Access Management Manual (SAMM). Table 4.4.2 shows the minimum requirements for turn bay dimensions as outlined in the SAMM. All existing turn lanes at both signalized intersections were found to be sub-standard when compared to these criteria.

Table 4.4.2 Minimum Requirements for Turn Bay Lengths (SAMM)

| Roadway Name | Posted Speed (MPH) | Minimum Deceleration <br> Taper (ft) | Minimum Deceleration <br> Distance (ft) <br> Left Turn | Minimum Deceleration <br> Distance (ft) <br> Right Turn |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| University Ave | 35 | 100 | 250 | 230 |
| Avenida de Mesilla | 35 | 100 | 250 | 230 |
| Main St | 40 | 125 | 325 | 300 |

Since all turn bays within the study area are sub-standard when compared to the SAMM criteria, a new comparison was created using AASHTO's minimum braking distance criteria. When using these criteria, only the right turn bay for westbound traffic approaching Avenida de Mesilla is considered to have sufficient available space for a vehicle to brake and the remaining 7 turn bays within the study area are deficient. See Table 4.4.3, and Table 4.4.4 for additional details.

Table 4.4.3 Avenida de Mesilla Intersection Turn Bay Lengths

| Turning Movement | Existing <br> Deceleration <br> Taper (ft) | Existing Lane <br> Length (ft) | Existing <br> Queue <br> Distance (ft) <br> per HCS | Available <br> Deceleration <br> Distance (ft) | Minimum <br> Braking <br> Distance per <br> AASHTO |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Southbound Left | 30 | 43 | 25 | 48 | 145 |  |
| Southbound Right |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Westbound Left | 65 | 97 | 125 | 37 | 115 |  |
| Westbound Right |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northbound Left | 85 | 95 | 75 | 105 | 145 |  |
| Northbound Right | 88 | 86 | 200 | -26 | 145 |  |
| Eastbound Left | 75 | 95 | 100 | 70 | 115 |  |
| Eastbound Right |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 4.4.4 Main Street Intersection Turn Bay Lengths

| Turning Movement | Existing Deceleration Taper (ft) | Existing Lane Length (ft) | Existing Queue Distance (ft) per HCS | Available Deceleration Distance (ft) | Minimum Braking Distance per AASHTO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Southbound Left | 45 | 105 | 75 | 75 | 115 |
| Southbound Right | - |  |  |  |  |
| Westbound Left | - |  |  |  |  |
| Westbound Right | 150 | 102 | 125 | 127 | 115 |
| Northbound Left | 60 | 63 | 25 | 98 | 115 |
| Northbound Right | - |  |  |  |  |
| Eastbound Left | - |  |  |  |  |
| Eastbound Right | - |  |  |  |  |

### 4.4.2 VERTICAL

The existing vertical geometry of the corridor was evaluated against AASHTO 2011 criteria using information obtained from existing survey data. The University Avenue corridor within the study area includes 14 vertical curves. Of these vertical curves, two have insufficient K-values for a 40 MPH design speed. The first vertical curve with an insufficient K -value is over the Laguna Lateral located east of Boldt St and has a maximum effective design speed of 30 mph . The other vertical curve with an insufficient K value is located at the railroad crossing just west of the Main St intersection and has a maximum effective design speed of 25 mph . Despite these two insufficient vertical curves, an analysis of the vertical alignment along University Avenue does not indicate any sight distance violations related to vertical alignment.

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Table 4.4.5 Existing Vertical Curves

| VC <br> $\#$ | PVI STA | LENGTH (FI) | CREST/SAG | $\Delta$ <br> GRADE | K- <br> VALUE | MAX DESIGN <br> SPEED (MPH) | RELATIVE LOCATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $101+40.00$ | 64 | CREST | $1.39 \%$ | 46.15 | 40 | East of Avenida de Mesilla |
| 2 | $109+20.00$ | 120 | SAG | $1.82 \%$ | 65.78 | 40 | East of Boldt St |
| 3 | $110+57.62$ | 60 | CREST | $3.05 \%$ | 19.7 | 30 | Over Laguna Lateral |
| 4 | $111+99.96$ | 200 | SAG | $0.78 \%$ | 257.6 | 80 | East of Laguna Lateral |
| 5 | $129+69.47$ | 200 | CREST | $1.11 \%$ | 179.46 | 60 | East of Zia Middle School |
| 6 | $134+00.00$ | 200 | SAG | $0.81 \%$ | 248.02 | 80 | Camino del Rey <br> Intersection |
| 8 | $150+87.16$ | 60 | SAG | $0.82 \%$ | 73.49 | 40 | West of Stanford St |
| 8 | $154+66.62$ | 100 | SAG | $0.89 \%$ | 111.74 | 50 | Stanford St Intersection |
| 9 | $156+00.00$ | 50 | SAG | $0.76 \%$ | 66.05 | 40 | Bowman St Intersection |
| 10 | $156+58.35$ | 50 | CREST | $0.95 \%$ | 52.5 | 40 |  |
| 11 | $160+08.66$ | 100 | CREST | $1.13 \%$ | 88.47 | 50 | Eas |
| 12 | $165+70.30$ | 160 | SAG | $0.85 \%$ | 188.34 | 70 | West of Main St |
| 13 | $167+20.00$ | 100 | CREST | $0.63 \%$ | 157.84 | 60 |  |
| 14 | $172+98.36$ | 40 | CREST | $3.21 \%$ | 12.47 | 25 | Crossing |

Vertical curve conditions are summarized in Table 4.4.5. In addition to the vertical curves shown in Table 4.4.5, there are multiple points of vertical intersections (PVI) throughout the corridor without vertical curves. For these PVIs, the difference in grade is less than $0.5 \%$ making vertical curves unnecessary for the design speed
4.4.3 InTERSECTION SIGHT DISTANCE

The intersection sight distances of driveways and access points along University Avenue were assessed according to criteria in the AASHTO 2011 "Green Book". The design vehicle used to analyze
each intersection was a combination truck as it is the most conservative option. Minimum sight distance values are based on a 40 MPH design speed. Intersection sight distances were checked horizontally and vertically. University Avenue has 27 access points, excluding the signalized intersections of Avenida de Mesilla and Main Street. Of these 27 access points, 12 had sight distance violations related to obstructions such as walls, fences, and vegetation (see Figure 4.4.2). See Table 4.4.6 for a summary of the required sight distances for the corridor and Appendix C for the analysis performed at each intersection.

## Figure 4.4.1 University Avenue and Bowman Street



Figure 4.4.2 Intersection Sight Distance Obstructions


Table 4.4.6 Minor Roads with Stop Control

| Design Speed: 40 MPH |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Design Vehicle: Passenger Car |  |  |
| Case | Maneuver | Required Sight Distance, ft |
| B1 | Left Turn from Minor Rd | 445 |
| B2 | Right Turn from Minor Rd | 385 |
| B3 | Crossing from Minor Rd | 385 |
| F | Left Turn from Major Rd | 325 |
| Design Vehicle: Single Unit Truck |  |  |
| Case | Maneuver | Required Sight Distance, ft |
| B1 | Left Turn from Minor Rd | 560 |
| B2 | Right Turn from Minor Rd | 500 |
| B3 | Crossing from Minor Rd | 500 |
| F | Left Turn from Major Rd | 385 |
| Design Vehicle: Combination Truck |  |  |
| Case | Maneuver | Required Sight Distance, ft |
| B1 | Left Turn from Minor Rd | 680 |
| B2 | Right Turn from Minor Rd | 620 |
| B3 | Crossing from Minor Rd | 620 |
| F | Left Turn from Major Rd | 445 |

### 4.5 Safety

The existing safety conditions of the corridor were evaluated in three ways: nominal, perceived, and substantive. Nominal safety is the measure to which designs meet applicable design standards (geometric compliance). Perceived safety is the subjective measure of the level of comfort experienced by users of a facility. Substantive safety is the measure of the historical crash record, irrespective of

Figure 4.4.3 Crash Density Map


University Avenue
Corridor Study- Phase $B$ Crash Density Map


Crashes (60 Total) ..... University Avenue
Sparse $\square$ Study Area $\square$


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whether the design standards are met or not. Consideration of these three safety measures individually and in aggregate is important when assessing existing conditions and potential improvements.

### 4.5.1 Nominal SAFETY

The existing University Avenue corridor was evaluated utilizing the AASHTO 2011 "Green Book" and the AASHTO Roadside Design Guide. The following is a summary of the evaluation results with more detailed information found in Section 4.5.3 of this report:

- The existing typical section meets minimum criteria for current design standards with exception to shoulder widths throughout the corridor.
- Nearly half of the horizontal curves, 5 out of 11 , do not meet desired design speed criteria
- Two vertical curves do not meet desired design speed criteria
- Nearly half of the corridor's access points, 12 out of 27, do not meet desired intersection sight distance criteria.


### 4.5.2 Perceived Safety

Perceived Safety is based solely on the perspective of the users of the facility and as such is anecdotal in nature. While there may not be either a nominal or substantive safety concern, perceived safety issues may preclude some users from using the facility, because to them perception is reality. Discussions with stakeholders and public input during the initial public outreach revealed the following perceived safety issues:

- Members of the public expressed concerns regarding speeding and racing taking place along the corridor.
- There is currently no street lighting along the corridor and there were questions regarding the addition of street lighting
- There are concerns that bicycle accidents will increase due to the addition of bicycle facilities along the corridor


### 4.5.3 SUBSTANTIVE SAFETY

The purpose of collecting and analyzing historical crash data is to identify possible crash patterns and to determine the probable cause of those crashes. The crash analysis includes patterns related to
roadway conditions; time of day, weather conditions, types of crashes, locations, (i.e. roadway, intersections, etc.), crash severity and driver characteristics.

A five-year crash history for 2013 to 2017 was obtained from the NMDOT Traffic Safety Division and is represented in Figure 4.4.3 with the dataset available in Appendix D

A total of 60 crashes were reported on University Avenue between the intersections of Avenida de Mesilla and Main Street. Table 4.5.1 shows a breakdown of these reported crashes by location and by year between 2013 and 2017.

Table 4.5.1 University Avenue Crash Data by Year

| YEAR | NUMBER OF CRASHES |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | AVENIDA DE MESILLA <br> INTERSECTION | UNIVERSITY CORRIDOR | MAIN ST INTERSECTION | TOTAL |
|  | 0 | 2 | 5 | 7 |
| 2014 | 1 | 2 | 8 | 11 |
| 2015 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 12 |
| 2016 | 1 | 2 | 13 | 16 |
| 2017 | 0 | 6 | 40 | 14 |
| TOTAL | 4 | 16 |  | 60 |

The majority of the crashes occurred at the Main Street intersection (40), four occurred at the Avenida de Mesilla intersection, and 16 occurred within the corridor between the two intersections.

Crash rates were determined to create a comparison between crashes from one location to the other. These rates are based on data such as traffic volumes, length of road sections considered, and a period of time in years. The typical crash rate equation for roadway segments computes rates per 100 million vehicle miles (RMVM).

The crash rate calculated for University Avenue corridor between the intersections of Avenida de Mesilla and Main Street (excluding the intersections) is 128.6 per 100 million vehicle miles. Compared to data reported in the 2016 New Mexico Traffic Crash Annual Report, University Avenue has a 10-20\% lower crash rate than the national, state, and county crash rates. (The national crash rate is 229 per 100 million vehicle miles, New Mexico is 162 per 100 million vehicle miles, and the crash rate for Doña Ana County is 142.5 per 100 million vehicle miles.) The University Avenue corridor also has substantially lower crash rates when it comes to fatal crashes, injury crashes, and pedestrian crashes. However, property damage only crashes were higher than the county average and the crash rate involving bicyclists was substantially higher than the national and state averages, despite there only being one crash involving a bicyclist in the 5-year analysis period between 2013-2017. See Table 4.5.2 for additional comparison information.

Table 4.5.2 Crash Rates Comparison per 100 Million Vehicle Miles

|  | Avenida de Mesilla <br> Intersection | Main St <br> Intersection | University <br> Corridor | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Percent of Daytime (7am To 7pm) Crashes: | $3.3 \%$ | $53.3 \%$ | $11.7 \%$ | $68.3 \%$ |
| Percent of Night Time (7pm To 7am) Crashes: | $3.3 \%$ | $15.0 \%$ | $13.3 \%$ | $31.7 \%$ |
| Percent of Clear Weather Crashes: | $6.7 \%$ | $66.7 \%$ | $25.0 \%$ | $98.3 \%$ |
| Percent of Inclement Weather Crashes: | $0.0 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ |

$$
R=\frac{C \times 100,000,000}{V \times 365 \times N \times L}
$$

The variables in this equation are:
$\mathrm{R}=$ Roadway Departure crash rate for the road segment expressed as crashes per 100 million vehicle-miles of travel,
$\mathrm{C}=$ Total number of roadway departure crashes in the study period
$V=$ Traffic volumes using Average Annual Daily Traffic (AADT) volumes
$N=$ Number of years of data
$L=$ Length of the roadway segment in miles

Table 4.5.3 Reported Crash Summary Statistics

|  | University Avenue <br> Corridor (2013-2017) | New Mexico Traffic Crash Annual Report 2016 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | New Mexico | Doña Ana County |  |
| Total Crash Rate: | 128.6 | 229 | 162 | 142.5 |
| Fatal Crash Rate: | 0 | 1.08 | 1.3 | 0.69 |
| Injury Crash Rate: | 17.5 | 99 | 74 | 46.41 |
| Property Damage Only Crash <br> Rate: | 102.9 | 147.1 | 111 | 95.4 |
| Pedestrian Involved Crash Rate: | 0 | 2.93 | 2.1 | 1.88 |
| Bicyclist Involved Crash Rate: | 8.57 | 2.04 | 1.3 | - |

The following tables describe the results of the crash statistics for the study area. The largest single type of crash is classified as rear end crashes, most of which occurred at the Main Street Intersection. See Table 4.5.2, Table 4.5.4, and Table 4.5.5 for crash statistics information.

Table 4.5.4 Crash Type Statistics

| Crash Type | Avenida de Mesilla <br> Intersection | Main St Intersection | University Corridor | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Percent Angle Crashes: | $3.3 \%$ | $10.0 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ | $15.0 \%$ |
| Percent Rear-End Crashes: | $0.0 \%$ | $26.7 \%$ | $10.0 \%$ | $36.7 \%$ |
| Percent Head-On Crashes: | $3.3 \%$ | $11.7 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ |
| Percent Side Swipe Crashes: | $0.0 \%$ | $18.3 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ | $20.0 \%$ |
| Percent Fixed Object Crashes: | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $3.3 \%$ | $3.3 \%$ |
| Percent Pedestrian Crashes: | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| Percent Bicyclist Crashes: | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ |
| Percent Other Crashes: | $0.0 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ | $5.0 \%$ | $6.7 \%$ |
| Total Crash Types: | $6.7 \%$ | $68.3 \%$ | $25.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |

## Table 4.5.5 Crash Severity Statistics

|  | Avenida de Mesilla Intersection | Main St <br> Intersection | University <br> Corridor | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Percent Property Damage Crashes: | $6.7 \%$ | $38.3 \%$ | $20.0 \%$ | $65.0 \%$ |
| Percent Severe Injury Crashes: | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ |
| Percent Injury Crashes: | $0.0 \%$ | $30.0 \%$ | $3.3 \%$ | $33.3 \%$ |
| Percent Fatal Crashes: | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| Total Crash Severity: | $\mathbf{6 . 7 \%}$ | $\mathbf{6 8 . 3 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 5 . 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ |

Of the 60 crashes documented between 2013 and 2017, 68\% occurred during the daytime, $98 \%$ occurred during clear weather conditions, and $35 \%$ were crashes resulting in injury. The crash data shows no documented fatal crashes between 2013 and 2017.

The University Avenue corridor, excluding the intersections of Avenida de Mesilla and Main Street, shows a higher risk of rear end crashes. This could be a result of congestion (especially near Zia Middle School during pick up and drop off times), differential in speed, and/or a lack of sight distance at intersections during times of congestion.

### 4.6 Right-of-Way and Property Ownership

The existing University Avenue roadway is located within NMDOT right-of-way, it is dedicated as NM 101 and is documented with the NMDOT Right-of-Way Maps for project number SP-SM-4510(200) \& TPO-4510(2). In general, the existing right-of-way width is approximately 50 ' wide from Avenida de Mesilla to the Laguna Lateral crossing and approximately 43 ' wide from Laguna Lateral crossing to McDowell Road. The right-of-way width on the south side of University Avenue widens from McDowell Road to the College Lateral crossing. In this area of the corridor the right-of-way width varies but, in some areas, appears to be as much as $100^{\prime}$ wide. From the College Lateral crossing to Bowman Road, the right-of-way width is approximately $43^{\prime}$ wide, however, the College Lateral parallels University Avenue in this area in an easement that is approximately $30^{\prime}$ wide. East of Bowman Road the existing right-of-way is approximately $80^{\prime}$ wide and then widens even more as it approaches the Main Street intersection. A copy of the Maps is included in Appendix E.

The EBID College Lateral that parallels University Avenue on the south side of the roadway from Bowman Road west until it crosses under University is within an existing easement that appears to be approximately $30^{\prime}$ wide from the edge of the existing University Avenue right-of-way limits.

The University Avenue corridor crosses BNSF railroad tracks just west of Main Street. There is an existing Rail Road easement that is approximately 100 ' wide that parallels Main Street, this is shown on Sheet 17 of 21 in the Right-of-Way maps for NMDOT project no I-10-2(28)136 which is also included in Appendix E.

### 4.7 Drainage

The existing corridor lacks drainage facilities. Due to existing topographic conditions along the corridor and limited roadway longitudinal slope, runoff ponds at localized low spots within the right-of-way including on the existing pavement in various locations. Figure 4.7 .1 shows an overview of the drainage patterns in the area. At the west end of the study area, the existing roadway has a very mild slope (less than $0.1 \%$ ) from where it crosses over the Laguna Lateral toward Avenida de Mesilla. Between where University Avenue crosses over the Laguna Lateral and the College Lateral crossing of University.

Avenue to the east, the roadway slopes mildly towards a low stretch in the vicinity of the Camino Castillo intersection south of Zia Middle School. East of the College Lateral the roadway slopes toward a low stretch of road just west of the Stanford Street intersection. From that low point the existing roadway rises slightly to cross over a private irrigation pipe associated with the New Mexico State University (NMSU) research farm then slopes down towards the railroad, located parallel to and west of Main Street. At the east end of the corridor there are low points on both sides of University Avenue that result in standing water within the right-of-way and, at times, on the roadway. The low area on the south side of University Avenue at this location periodically requires pumping by District 1 maintenance crews.

In addition to the major roadway low points described above, the NMDOT Patrol Foreman has indicated that ponding occurs in the vicinity of the western most Zia Middle School entrance and along the NMSU research farm (east of Bowman Street). Existing topographic conditions, including the general lack of positive drainage outfalls along the corridor, explain the ponding at these locations as well as predicts additional localized ponding in the vicinity of the low points described above.

Based on a review of topographic mapping generated from 2018 Doña Ana County LiDAR data and discussions with the NMDOT Patrol Foreman, areas along the corridor and outside University Avenue right-of-way (referred to as "offsite") generally either drain away from University Avenue or are
self-retained (i.e. are lower than the roadway, are designed and/or constructed with retention ponds). Exceptions include two specific locations. Local topography is such that offsite flows from a portion of the Zia Middle School site and the Camino del Rey roadway (within the Los Reyes subdivision) drain towards University Avenue as determined by existing mapping. These areas are shown on the Existing Conditions Drainage Overview Map.

Existing outfall facilities in the vicinity of the study area are summarized below. Please note flows on University Avenue do not currently outfall to these facilities.

Existing Storm Drain with Avenida de Mesilla - The existing storm drain system in Avenida de Mesilla, constructed in the early 1990s, consists of a gravity system that begins south of the University Avenue intersection and drains to a pump station to the south. This pump station pumps north to a curb drop inlet approximately 600-feet north of the University Avenue intersection and discharges to a separate gravity system that discharges to the Park Drain (another 4,300-feet to the north).

Park Drain - This EBID drain facility is located north and east of the University Avenue study corridor as it winds its way through the valley, generally flowing from north to south. It crosses University Avenue approximately 0.2 miles east of the Main Street intersection. Agricultural drains are open channels that were originally constructed to drain groundwater and agricultural runoff. EBID generally accepts stormwater drainage into their drain facilities when properly coordinated.

College Lateral - This EBID irrigation delivery facility crosses University Avenue just east of Zia Middle School is currently pressure piped along the corridor.

Gillem Lateral - This EBID irrigation delivery facility is located north of Zia Middle School and generally parallels the corridor. It does not currently flow all the way to a drain (as it did historically).

Laguna Lateral - This EBID irrigation delivery facility is an open channel that crosses University Avenue through a culvert, approximately 0.2 miles east of the Avenida de Mesilla intersection.


### 4.8 Utilities

### 4.8.1 CITY OF LAS CRUCES - WATERLINE

There is an existing waterline that runs the underground along the southern edge of the University Avenue roadway from Avenida de Mesilla to Bowman Street. Based on as-built information the waterline is $10^{\prime \prime}$ A.C. pipe and is buried approximately 4 feet below the surface of the roadway. At the Bowman intersection, the waterline crosses under University Avenue at a 45-degree angle then parallels the northern edge of the University Avenue roadway west of Bowman Street. There is an existing fire hydran on the north side of University Avenue just east of Stanford Street and another one on the east side of Bowman Street just south of University Avenue.

### 4.8.2 CITY OF LAS CRUCES - SANITARY SEWER

There is an existing sanitary sewer line that runs underground along the northern edge of University Avenue roadway from Teresita Street to the City of Las Cruces pump station that is located near Bowman Street on the north side of University Avenue. Based on as built information the sanitary sewer line is $36^{\prime \prime}$ in diameter and ranges in depth from 4 feet to 10 feet below the surface of the roadway Manholes are located on the line approximately every 500 feet apart. There are two sanitary sewer lines that continue east of the pump station to Main Street.

There is an existing sanitary sewer force main that runs underground below the road surface along the approximate centerline of the University Avenue roadway from Avenida de Mesilla to the Las Cruces pump station that is located near Bowman Street on the north side of University Avenue. Based on as built information, the force main is $10^{\prime \prime}$ C-900 pipe and is buried approximately 4 feet below the surface of the roadway. It is separated by approximately 5 feet from the waterline.

Then on the southern side of Bowman Street at station $21+50$ to station $26+50$ subsurface parallel heading west and crossing into W. University Avenue, the City of Las Cruces has a 2" steel line that has a 90 degree bend heading north approximately 50 ' then it bends westerly to the W. University Avenue right of way, to a manhole located on the City of Las Cruces easement. Then at Bowman Street south side subsurface at station $23+50$ tying into the $2^{\prime \prime}$ steel line going south out of the right of way is $325^{\prime} 3 / \mathbf{h}^{\prime}$ service line.

### 4.8.3 EL PASO ELECTRIC

El Paso Electric has parallel aerial electric facilities, 3 phase 24KVA located on the north side of University Avenue starting near the Main Street intersection and heading west along University Avenue to the City of Las Cruces Pump Station. At the pump station El Paso Electric's aerial 3 phase 24KVA line crosses University Avenue diagonally to the southeast side and runs parallel with University Avenue just off the edge of pavement and irrigation ditch and private property owner's right of way to Avenida de Mesilla. Approximately 2 tenths of a mile from the intersection of University Avenue and Main Street, El Paso Electric has an aerial takeoff pole with 3 phase crossing University Avenue north to south. Then at the City of Las Cruces's pump station, El Paso Electric has an aerial service line crossing to a pole located on the east side of the ditch at Bowman. From Bowman and University Avenue going west along University Avenue, El Paso Electric has a single-phase aerial crossing southeast to northwest. Then just past Old Farm Road, El Paso Electric has an aerial crossing University Avenue from southeast to northwest single phase 1/0. Then crossing at University Avenue east to west aerial, El Paso Electric as a single phase \#2 ACSR line. Four poles south on University Avenue, El Paso Electric has a single-phase aerial crossing for a customer's underground service. Continuing southeasterly on University Avenue, past McDowell Road, El Paso Electric has underground conduits feeding private customers and caution lights. Then continuing southeasterly El Paso Electric has a single-phase aerial service crossing on University Avenue from east to west. Then at 2 poles southeast on W. University Avenue past Laguna Lateral Ditch, El Paso Electric has a single-phase aerial crossing for a private customer. From the intersection of Boldt Street and W. University, El Paso Electric aerial facility continues south easterly parallel to W. University Avenue and crosses NM 28. There are multiple underground crossings throughout W. University Avenue that belong to El Paso Electric and are not identified by stationing or street names.

### 4.8.4 ZIA Natural Gas

Zia Natural Gas has a subsurface Plastic PE facility crossing University Avenue from south to north at Bowman Street then heading parallel on University Avenue and exiting the right of way at Stanford Street. Zia Natural Gas's Plastic PE enters University's right of way at Old Farm Road and crosses University Avenue to the southeast side of W. University and runs parallel along the roadway. South of Old Farm Road, Zia Natural Gas has a Plastic ABS facility subsurface crossing University Avenue from the north to south and then running parallel along University Avenue to McDowell Road and then heading
south east along McDowell Road. At McDowell Road, Zia Natural Gas's Plastic PE runs parallel on the southeasterly side of University Avenue to Avenida de Mesilla.

Joe Martinez of Doña Ana Mutual Domestic Water Consumers Association (MDWCA); responded via email: "MDWCA does not have any utilities in this area."

This information is based on actual supplied records from the utility owner's maps. See Appendix F for existing utilities exhibits.

### 4.9 Social, Cultural, and Environmental Conditions

An analysis of potential social, cultural, and environmental issues was completed for the study area to establish existing conditions and identify constraints. The following presents existing conditions based on research and site visits.

### 4.9.1 SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

4.9.1.1 Demographic Profile

The study corridor incudes land area in the City of Las Cruces and the Town of Mesilla but is more closely focused within US Census Tract 11.02. Below is a snapshot of the demographic and economic conditions within the study area plus a comparison to the region and the state. Compared to the state of New Mexico, the percent of Hispanics is higher with a lower median family income and higher per capita poverty rate.

Table 4.9.1 Demographic Profile for the Study Area (2010 US Census)

| Characteristics | New <br> Mexico | Doña Ana County | Census Tract $-11.02$ | Mesilla | Las Cruces |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2010 Population |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Population | 2,059,179 | 209,233 | 3,145 | 1,772 | 97,618 |
| Median Age (years) | 36.7 | 32.4 | 36.6 | 44.7 | 32.4 |
| Percent Under 18 | 25\% | 27\% | 13\% | 13\% | 23\% |
| Percent Over 64 | 13\% | 12\% | 11\% | 13\% | 14\% |
| Annual Population Growth Rate |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2015-2020 | 1.3\% | 1.4\% | -- | -- | -- |
| Race Status (Percent) |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 68\% | 74\% | 95\% | 68\% | 75\% |
| Black / African American | 2.1\% | 1.7\% | 0.5\% | 0.3\% | 2.4\% |
| Native American | 9.4\% | 1.5\% | 1.0\% | 1.4\% | 1.7\% |
| Asian | 1.4\% | 1.1\% | 0.6\% | 0.4\% | 1.6\% |
| Hawaiian / Pacific Islander | 0.1\% | 0.1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.1\% |
| Some Other Race | 15\% | 19\% | 0.0\% | 26\% | 15\% |
| Two or More races | 3.7\% | 3.0\% | 1.8\% | 4.0\% | 3.5\% |
| Percent Hispanic / Latino | 46\% | 66\% | 58\% | 73\% | 57\% |

## Table 4.9.2 Economic Profile for the Study Area (2010 US Census)

| Characteristic | New <br> Mexico | Doña Ana County | Census Tract $-11.02$ | Mesilla | Las Cruces |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Housing |  |  |  |  |  |
| Owner-Occupied | 69\% | $64 \%$ | 56\% | 90\% | 58\% |
| Renter-Occupied | $32 \%$ | $36 \%$ | 44\% | 10\% | 43\% |
| 2009-2013 Income and Poverty |  |  |  |  |  |
| Median Family Income | \$54,513 | \$44,518 | \$48,125 | \$78,295 | \$40,040 |
| Family Poverty Rate | 16\% | 22\% | 16\% | 38\% | 17\% |
| Per Capita Income | \$23,763 | \$19,565 | \$29,764 | \$33,076 | \$21,460 |
| Per Capita Poverty Rate | 20\% | 27\% | 24\% | 9\% | 17\% |

### 4.9.1.2 Land Use Plans, Community Cohesion, and Connectivity

This corridor is a primary travel route between the City of Las Cruces and Town of Mesilla. It connects the historic Mesilla Plaza and area shops to the Las Cruces Convention Center. It links the two communities both for residents and tourists. Local plans align with the proposed improvements and specifically identify the need for improved bicycle facilities.

Town of Mesilla Comprehensive Plan (2017) includes reference to the University Avenue Corridor Study Phase A and the recommendation for a multi-use path and bicycle lanes several times within the document. Las Cruces Active Transportation Plan (2018) identifies this corridor as having bicycle facilities in the future and as a segment of the future Multi-Use Loop Trail. RoadRunner Transit with the City of Las Cruces also provides service along University Avenue. This service is primarily for residents but could support tourism as well. Any multi-modal enhancements to this corridor will create lasting value for both communities improving connectivity and economic development opportunities.

### 4.9.1.3 Visual Resources

The visual landscape of the University Avenue corridor is residential in nature, with the presence of Zia Middle School near the center of the corridor, the Fabian Botanical Gardens and a railroad corridor
on the east end, with some scattered agricultural land throughout. There are currently no street lights in the area and no landscaping. Overall, the corridor is not an important or unique visual landmark.

### 4.9.2 NATURAL ENVIRONMENT

### 4.9.2.1 Vegetation

The Project area lies within the Mexican Highland Section of New Mexico's Basin and Range Province. This province is characterized by narrow mountain ranges that separate internally drained structural basins and valleys of major drainages (Hawley 1986). Topographically, the study area lies within the Mesilla Valley, a narrow sub-valley of the Rio Grande. The project area falls within the Rio Grande floodplain and an associated floodplain-riparian biotic zone (Dick-Peddie 1994); however, the natural setting has been significantly altered by the urban development of the corridor. In the absence of such development, vegetation associated with Chihuahuan Desert Scrub Community would be prominent (Dick-Peddie 1994), inclusive of mesquite (Prosopis sp.), creosote bush (Larrea tridentata), and/or fourwing saltbush (Atriplex canescens). Due to urban development, flora present within the corridor is likely limited to commercial agricultural fields and orchards, as well as landscaping associated with residential and municipal properties adjacent to the roadway.

### 4.9.2.1.1 Noxious Weeds

Under the Noxious Weeds Management Act, the New Mexico Department of Agriculture maintains a list of invasive plant species that have a detrimental effect to native plant species. Such noxious weeds are grouped by classes that are subject to differential levels of management and control: Class A species have limited distributions within the state or are not present throughout the state, Class B species are limited in distribution to specific parts of the state, and Class C species are wide-spread throughout the state. Class C species that are likely to occur within the project corridor include Siberian elm (Ulmus pumila) and tree of heaven (Ailanthus altissima).

### 4.9.2.1.2 Water Resources

The study area is located approximately three miles east from the Rio Grande, which flows through the region and supplies irrigation water to the agricultural activities in the area. Within the study area, there are irrigation ditches owned/managed by the Elephant Butte Irrigation District (EBID). The major EBID ditch (College Lateral) travels along University Avenue on the south side from the Zia Middle School east to Bowman Street. Incorporated into this major irrigation ditch is a berm, of various heights, which provides a buffer for the adjacent residents. There are other EBID facilities in the vicinity of the

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study area, some with connections to this major ditch. There are also some privately-owned irrigation ditches that serve adjacent properties, some of which are still functional and others which have been abandoned. The irrigation ditches are identified in Figure 4.7.1.

### 4.9.2.1.3 Floodplain Management

Protection of floodplains is required by Executive Order 11988, Floodplain Management, which requires that potential impacts to floodplains be assessed to reduce the risk of flood loss, minimize impacts from flooding on human safety, and protect the natural resource value of healthy floodplains.

The project corridor has been mapped by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) on Flood Insurance Rate Maps, Community-Panel Number 35013C1093G (Appendix G). The corridor is in Flood Zone $X$, which is designated by FEMA as having a moderate or minimal risk of flooding.

### 4.9.2.1.4 Surface Water and Wetlands

Any surface water or wetlands found in the area are expected to be contained within the irrigation ditches and are not regulated by the USACE under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.
4.9.2.1.5 Groundwater

Groundwater within the project area generally ranges from approximately 10 feet (near the Rio Grande) to 300 feet or more (closer to Las Cruces) below the land surface
4.9.2.2 Wildlife

The project corridor is likely to support a diversity of native fauna inclusive of insects, reptiles, mammals, and avian species. Insects that are likely to be present include harvester ants (Pogonomyrmex spp.), butterflies (Lepidoptera), flies (Diptera), and bees (Hymenoptera). Reptiles that occur regularly in the vicinity of the project area include eastern fence lizard (Sceloporus undulatus), New Mexico whiptail (Aspidoscelis neomexicanas), and garter snake (Thamnophis spp.). Mammals that are likely to be present within the project area include striped skunk (Mephitis mephitis), rock squirrel (Spermophilus variegatus), and desert cottontail (Sy/vilagus audubonii). Avian species likely occurring within the project corridor may include American kestrel (Falco sparverius), Gambel's quail (Callipepla gambelii), northern flicker (Colaptes auratus), great-tailed grackle (Quiscalus mexicanus), and white-winged dove (Zenaida asiatica).

### 4.9.2.3 Threatened and Endangered Species

The Endangered Species Act of 1973 regulates the protection of endangered, threatened, and proposed species and their critical habitats. In addition, the State of New Mexico also lists species as endangered, threatened, and sensitive.

Threatened and endangered species (flora and fauna) and their habitat are protected by federal and state legislation. At the federal level, the United States Department of Interior's (DOI) Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and the United States Department of Commerce's (DOC) National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Fisheries Division jointly administer the Federal Endangered Species Act (16 U.S.C. 1531-1543). Under the New Mexico Wildlife Conservation Act (WCA), the New Mexico Department of Game and Fish (NMDGF) is tasked with maintaining the Biota Information System of New Mexico (BISON-M), serving as the list of threatened, endangered and sensitive wildlife species, while the New Mexico Energy, Minerals, and Natural Resources Department (EMNRD) Forestry Division has statutory responsibility for the State Endangered Plant Species List

State listings include 25 species of wildlife and seven plant species as threatened or endangered in Doña Ana County (EMNRD 2019, NMDGF 2019). The USFWS Information for Planning and Consultation $(\mathrm{IPaC})$ lists no designated or proposed critical habitat for federally protected species associated with the project corridor (USFWS 2019). However, IPaC (USFWS 2019) does list five species as potentially affected by activities in the project corridor, inclusive of four avian species (least tern [Sterna antillarum], northern aplomado falcon [Falco femoralis septentrionalis], southwestern willow flycatcher [Empidonax traillii extimus], and yellow-billed cuckoo [Coccyzus americanus]), and one plant species (Sneed's pincushion cactus [Coryphantha sneedi]).

### 4.9.2.4 Soils and Prime Farmland

US Congressional Public Law 95-87 (Federal Register January 32, 1978: Part 657) requires the Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) to identify and locate prime and unique farmlands. These farmlands are protected in accordance with the Farmland Protection Act of 1981. Prime farmlands are defined as land that has the best combination of physical and chemical characteristics for producing food and agricultural crops. Unique farmlands are land under cultivation other than prime farmland that is used for production of high value food and fiber crops

Based on soils information reviewed from NRCS, the study area is made up of 83.2 percent farmland of statewide importance but there is no prime or unique farmland within the corridor. As
represented in Table 4.9.3, there are seven major soil types within the study area with additional information provided on the characteristics for each of these soil types (USDA NRCS).

### 4.9.2.5 Air Quality

The Clean Air Act (NMED, 2013e; USEPA, 2013d) of 1970 established National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQs) to protect public health from impacts associated with six criteria pollutants. According to the New Mexico Environment Air Quality Bureau, there are two nonattainment areas within Doña Ana County. One is in Anthony, NM, where there is a particulate matter 10 microns or less in size (PM10) nonattainment area, designated by US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in 1991. The other area currently includes a portion of Sunland Park, NM as nonattainment of the 8-hour ozone standard with an effective date of August 3,2018 ( 83 FR 25776). The study area is not included within the boundary of either of these non-attainment areas and remains in attainment of all six criteria pollutants. However, Doña Ana County does hold a Natural Events Actions Plan (NEAP) under US Environmental Protection Agency that will need to be adhered to during construction.

Table 4.9.3 Major Soil Types that Intersect the Project Corridor

| Map Unit Name | Percentage | Soil Characteristics |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |$|$| Agua silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes | 15.2 | Well drained soils with slow runoff, <br> moderate permeability, intermittently moist. <br> Used for livestock grazing and irrigated <br> cropland. |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Belen clay, O to 1 percent slopes | 13.1 | Well drained soils with slow to very slow <br> runoff and slow to very slow permeability. <br> Relict mottles indicate drainage was <br> restricted in the past. Used for cultivated <br> crops and permanent pasture where <br> irrigated. |
| Brazito very fine sandy loam, thick surface, O |  |  |
| to 1 percent slopes | 1.9 | Well to excessively well drained soils with <br> slow surface runoff and rapid permeability. <br> Used for livestock grazing, irrigated <br> cropland and urban land. |
| Glendale loam, O to 1 percent slopes | 13.1 | Well drained soils with medium runoff and <br> moderately slow permeability. Used for <br> livestock grazing and irrigated cropland. |
| Glendale clay loam, O to 1 percent slopes | 22.3 | Well drained soils with medium runoff and <br> moderately slow permeability. Used for <br> livestock grazing and irrigated cropland. |
| Harkey loam, O to 1 percent slopes | 16.8 | Well drained soils with slow runoff and <br> moderate permeability. Used for irrigated <br> crops. |
| Harkey clay loam, O to 1 percent slopes | 17.7 | Well drained soils with slow runoff and <br> moderate permeability. Used for irrigated <br> crops. |

### 4.9.3 CULTURAL RESOURCES

The consideration of cultural resources is an important aspect of the existing conditions for a given project area. In this instance, cultural resources may include historic buildings, structures, objects, archaeological sites, historic districts, and Section 4(f) properties. Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) of 1966, as amended, requires federal agencies to consider the effect of an undertaking on historic properties listed on or eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). NHPA requires that all federal actions be studied to determine if the project would have: no effect, no adverse effect, or an adverse effect on historic resources (36 CFR 800.3).

The New Mexico Cultural Resource Information Systems (NMCRIS) as well as the current listings of the NRHP and the New Mexico State Register of Cultural Properties (NMSRCP) were consulted to determine the presence of any documented cultural resources within the project vicinity. The records search identified 125 cultural resources located within 1,640 feet (500 meters) of the project area, inclusive of two historic districts listed on the NRHP (Mesilla National Register Historic District [NR\#82003323] and Mesilla Park Historic District [NR\#16000161]), one NMSRCP listed property (Butterfield Overland Mail Route [SR\#173]), 114 historic buildings, one historic structure (HCPI\#42095), six historic acequias (Mesilla Lateral [LA\#104973/HCPI\#42173], Laguna Lateral [LA\#105645], College Lateral [LA\#105646], and three unnamed community ditches [LA\#105647, HCPI\#42600 and HCPI\#43654]), and one archaeological site (Reyes Family Residence [LA\#105644]). Many of these resources are listed as contributing or non-contributing elements to the Mesilla Park Historic District which overlaps with the eastern extent of the project area.

Historic maps and aerial imagery (1936 through 1980) were also consulted in order to evaluate the historic built environment of the project area. This evaluation indicates that the general alignment for University Avenue was present by 1936; however, the present configuration of University Avenue was constructed between 1966 and 1972, with the designation listed as NM 101 by 1978. Minimal commercia and residential build out of the project corridor occurred prior to 1936 with substantial residential build out occurring between 1936 and 1972. Additional historic transportation infrastructure predating 1936 within the project corridor includes Avenida de Mesilla (NM 28), South Main Street (NM 478), as well as a segment of the BNSF EI Paso Subdivision mainline, the alignment of which dates to 1881 (Myrick 1990). Based on this evaluation, the potential exists for historic buildings, structures and objects (those 50 years of age or older) to be present throughout the project corridor, with the highest density present in the eastern extent of the project area.

### 4.9.3.1 Sections 4(f)

Section 4(f) of the 1966 Department of Transportation Act included provisions that stipulated restricted use of publicly-owned parks, recreation areas, wildlife refuges, and historical sites for transportation projects.

One potential Section 4(f) resource exists within the project corridor: Town of Mesilla Parque Conmemorativo on the northeast corner of University Avenue and Avenida de Mesilla.

### 4.9.4 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

Contamination of soils or waterways is a concern related to right-of-way acquisition and construction activity due to liability with regard to cleanup and human health issues. A review of Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Region 6 data determined that no Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) and Resource Conversation and Recovery Act (RCRA) sites exist along the project corridor. The only leaking underground storage tank (LUST) located near the corridor is the gas station at 2920 S NM 28 with a status of "cleanup, responsible party."

## 5 DESCRIPTION OF STUDY ALTERNATIVES

### 5.1 Initial Roadway Alternatives

In response to the project purpose and need, along with stakeholder and public input, seven separate initial alternatives were evaluated for the initial alternative analysis, plus the no-build alternative for comparison purposes. With the lack of pedestrian and bicycle facilities being one of the main physica deficiencies along the corridor, the initial set of alternatives included a combination of different pedestrian, bicycle, and drainage facilities.

Below is a summary of each alternative and its associated benefits and issues. Alternatives A through E were not selected for further evaluation but can be viewed in the Phase A document on the Mesilla Valley MPO website at mesillavalleympo.org.

### 5.1.1 No BUILD

24-foot right-of-way / 12-foot driving lanes
Under the NMDOT Location Study Procedures and in alignment with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), the no-build alternative is always considered for comparison purposes. The no-build alternative would not propose any improvements on the corridor and leave the roadway in its existing condition.
5.1.2 Alternative A

38-foot right-of-way / 12-foot driving lanes / 5-foot bike lanes / curb and gutter
Alternative $A$ is the narrowest of alternatives considered. It does provide in-road bicycle facilities but does not provide dedicated pedestrian facilities; therefore, it doesn't meet the purpose and need for the project. It was not recommended for further analysis

### 5.1.3 Alternative B

43-foot right-of-way / 12-foot driving lanes / 10-foot multi-use on one side / curb and gutter
Alternative B doesn't provide dedicated in-road bicycle facilities which was requested by many stakeholders as a priority. The multi-use trail does provide bicycle/pedestrian access; however, it only provides it on one side of the roadway and all users must share the same facility. This combined use for
bicycles and pedestrians and the limitation of providing it along one side of the corridor was no supported by stakeholder/public input. It was not recommended for further analysis.

### 5.1.4 ALTERNATIVE C

50.5-foot right-of-way / 12-foot driving lanes / 6-foot sidewalk / 10-foot multi-use trail / curb and gutter

Alternative C includes pedestrian access on both sides of the corridor. It also provides a separate opportunity for bicyclists and pedestrians with both a sidewalk and multi-use trail. It doesn't, however, include in-road bicycle facilities for commuter-type users. This was represented as a priority by stakeholder/public input. It was not recommended for further analysis

### 5.1.5 Alternative D

46- foot right-of-way / 12-foot driving lanes / 5-foot bike lanes / 6-foot sidewalk on one side / curb and gutter

Alternative D does include in-road bicycle facilities but only provides pedestrian access along one side with a 6 -foot sidewalk. This is limiting for this corridor given the school is the north side and the residential areas are on the south side. This land use pattern makes it difficult to establish which side would benefit from the pedestrian access the most. Therefore, this alternative was not recommended for further evaluations.

### 5.1.6 ALTERNATIVE E

48-foot right-of-way / 12-foot driving lanes / 5-foot bike lane on one side / 10-foot multi-use trail on one side curb and gutter

Alternative E was created to provide options for bicyclists; however, with the concept of a one-way bicycle lane in the roadway was not supported by the stakeholder/public input. In addition, pedestrian access is only provided on one side of the corridor and as previously discussed this is not complementary with the land use along University Blvd. It was not recommended for further evaluations.

### 5.2 Preferred Roadway Alternatives

The following Alternatives $F$ and $G$ were selected as preferred alternatives for further evaluation in Phase B. Below is a summary of the two preferred alternatives.

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### 5.2.1 Alternative F

60.5-foot right-of-way / 12-foot driving lanes / 5-foot bike lanes / 6-foot sidewalk on one side / 10foot multi use trail on one side / curb and gutter

Alternative $F$ is the widest of the alternatives. It includes all the features supported by the stakeholder/public input with in-road bicycle facilities and pedestrian access on both sides of the corridor. It is, however, too wide to fit in the current right-of-way available along the majority of the corridor. This alternative was recommended for further evaluations with the understanding that additional right-of-way would be needed to construct.

As one of the initial set of alternatives considered, Alternative F was recommended for further analysis. However, since it requires approximately 60.5 feet of right-of-way and currently the corridor has right-of-way limitations which would prevent Alternative $F$ from being feasible in many locations, an additional alternative was developed to meet the purpose and need for the project. Alternative G was developed and recommended as a baseline for the entire corridor. The minimal right-of-way need of 44 feet, makes this Alternative feasible in almost all locations (Figure 5.2.1).

Figure 5.2.1 Typical Section F

5.2.2 ALTERNATIVE G

44-foot right-of-way / 11 to 12-foot driving lanes / 5-foot bike lanes / 4 to 6-foot sidewalks /curb and gutter

Even with Alternative G, it is expected that some right-of-way/easement acquisition will be required along the EBID facility as well as the private land west of Zia Middle School property. If right-of-way acquisition/easement is not possible then a narrower roadway section could be designed for a short distance. One solution for the narrower section would be to create14-foot driving lanes that would be shared with bicycles and maintain the 4-foot sidewalk on both sides of the roadway for a short distance, if necessary.

For most of the corridor, Alternative G is presented as a minimum but provides several options for additional amenities and widened features - right-of-way permitting. For example, buffers are not currently included between the back of curb and sidewalk but could be added to provide comfort to the pedestrian user and provide a space for landscaping and drainage. The sidewalks could also be widened if desired. (Figure 5.2.2)

Figure 5.2.2 Typical Section G


## UNIVERSITY AVENUE CORRIDOR STUDY PHASE B I DETAILED EVALUATION OF ALTERNATIVES

There is an opportunity in a significant portion of the project to utilize the existing EBID right-of-way to house the pedestrian facilities on the south side of roadway. The EBID right-of-way provides ample width to contain both the existing irrigation facilities and a sidewalk or multi-use path. The land area needed for the preferred alternatives would not impact the current use of the EBID irrigation facility. Since the completion of the Phase A report in 2016, EBID has placed a 12" high-pressure water line inside the existing concrete College Lateral and is used to pump irrigation water to the east to supply water for its users.

### 5.3 Drainage Alternatives

Various drainage alternatives were considered as illustrated on the Drainage Alternative maps. The drainage alternatives are grouped into two categories based on the corridor's natural topographic divide where the roadway crosses over the College Lateral. The College Lateral is the highest point along the corridor's existing profile and thus Alternatives W1 and W2 address drainage to the west of this location and Alternatives E1 and E2 address drainage to the east.

The four drainage alternatives presented below can be implemented with either roadway Alternative F or G.

The locations of proposed drainage ponds are based on the existing topography along the corridor The final location and configuration of proposed ponds, particularly for the western portion of the corridor is flexible and subject to change based on further coordination with land owners that will be conducted during design.

### 5.3.1 Alternative W1

Alternative W1 provides a pond at the west end of the corridor. Refer to Figure 5.3.1 for conceptual pond sizing and footprint information.

All runoff impacting the roadway along the western portion of the corridor (including the anticipated off-site flows from Zia Middle School) will be conveyed to a pond (W1) at the southeast corner of University Avenue and Avenida de Mesilla, at the location of a 0.5 -acre tract acquired by the NMDOT in the early 1990s.

Additional storage could be provided in the existing park at the NE corner of the intersection to reduce the amount or need for additional right-of-way at the SE corner. This concept would need to be coordinated with the Town of Mesilla.

### 5.3.2 Alternative W2

Alternative W2 provides a pond at the west end of the corridor and a second pond on the Zia Middle School field. Refer to Figure 5.3.2 for conceptual pond sizing and footprint information.

Runoff impacting the roadway from west of the Laguna Lateral will be conveyed to a pond (W2-A) at the southeast corner of University Avenue and Avenida de Mesilla, at the location of a 0.5 -acre tract acquired by the NMDOT in the early 1990s

Runoff impacting the roadway between the Laguna Lateral and College Lateral will be conveyed to a pond (W2-B) in the Zia Middle School field.

### 5.3.3 Alternative E1

Alternative E1 provides a pond at the east end of the corridor. Refer to Figure 5.3.3 for conceptual pond sizing and footprint information.

All runoff impacting the roadway along the eastern portion of the corridor will be conveyed to a pond (E1) at the northwest corner of University Avenue and Main Street (west of the railroad).

A portion of the proposed pond site is existing NMDOT right-of-way and a portion is owned by NMSU.

### 5.3.4 ALTERNATIVE E2

Alternative E2 provides a pond at the east end of the corridor and a second pond west of Stanford Street. Refer to Figure 5.3 . 4 for conceptual pond sizing and footprint information.

Runoff impacting the roadway between the College Lateral and the high point 400 -feet east of Bowman Street will be conveyed to a pond (E2-A) at the northwest corner of University Avenue and Stanford Street.

Runoff impacting the roadway from approximately 400-feet east of Bowman Street and continuing east will be conveyed to a pond (E2-B) at the northwest corner of University Avenue and Main Street (west of the railroad)





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### 5.4 Conceptual Design Layouts

### 5.4.1 Alternative F

Plans for Alternative F can be found in Appendix $\mathbf{H}$.
5.4.2 Alternative G

Plans for Alternative G can be found in Appendix H.

## 6 DETAILED EVALUATION OF ALTERNATIVES

The detailed evaluation of alternatives further analyzes Alternative $F$ and Alternative $G$ including consideration of right-of-way needs, conceptual engineering plans, engineering feasibility, preliminary cost, operations, potential environmental impacts, community concerns and preferences, and geotechnical investigations. In addition to the various individual evaluation criteria, the initial and most critical criteria is if the proposed alternatives meet the purpose and need. The collection of roadway and drainage preferred alternatives previously presented do meet the purpose and need; therefore, the subsequent section provides discussion on how they align with the additional evaluation criteria.

The no-build alternative was also considered but applying no improvements to the corridor and leaving it in its existing conditions does not meet the purpose and need for the project. Therefore, the nobuild alternative will remain in the evaluation process for comparison purpose only.

### 6.1 Traffic Analysis

The following section will discuss the results of the 2040 future year traffic analysis. The roadway laneage for Alternatives $F$ and $G$ is not expected to change from the existing laneage, thus the future year analysis only considers changes to traffic volumes.

All analysis was completed using Synchro version 10 software which utilizes the HCM procedures.

### 6.1.1 2040 Traffic Projections

The Mesilla Valley MPO Adopted 2040 Travel Demand Model was reviewed by the project team to estimate the 20-year traffic volume growth for the corridor. Using the estimated 2040 traffic volumes the future level of service (LOS) will be determined for the current roadway geometry at the signalized intersections of University Avenue/Main Street and University Avenue/Avenida de Mesilla.

Growth through the year 2040 was determined for each roadway segment using a linear growth rate. Evaluated segments include University Avenue, Avenida de Mesilla just north and south of University Avenue, and Main Street just north and south of University Avenue.

The average growth was calculated based on all segments, as shown in the table below. The average value was determined to be $0.18 \%$. For purposes of this study, this value will be rounded up to $1 \%$. Traffic volumes for 2015 and 2040 are shown in the table below.

Table 6.1.1 2040 Traffic Projections by Street

| Roadway | 2015 | 2040 | Growth |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| University Avenue | 3,976 | 4,083 | $0.11 \%$ |
|  | 4,122 | 4,251 | $0.13 \%$ |
|  | 4,214 | 4,335 | $0.12 \%$ |
|  | 4,674 | 4,809 | $0.12 \%$ |
|  | 4,389 | 4,533 | $0.14 \%$ |
|  | 4,644 | 4,821 | $0.16 \%$ |
|  | 5,726 | 5,961 | $0.17 \%$ |
| Main Street | 6,669 | 6,880 | $0.13 \%$ |
|  | 7,120 | 7,388 | $0.16 \%$ |
|  |  |  | 12,763 | 4,769 |

### 6.1.2 2040 Level of Service Analysis

Figure 6.1.1 summarizes the peak hour traffic projections, lane geometry, and movement and intersection level of service for the 2040 analysis results for signalized and unsignalized intersections. Individual intersection output is included in Appendix B

As described in Section 4.2, the measure of intersection operational performance is defined by its Level of Service (LOS), with LOS D established as the acceptable level of service in urban areas. The analysis indicates that all intersections will continue to operate at an acceptable LOS with minima queueing and delay.


Table 6.1.2 Future Signalized Intersection Capacity Analysis Results

| Signalized Intersections | 2040 AM Peak |  |  | 2040 PM Peak |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Delay | V/C | LOS | Delay <br> (sec.) | V/C | LOS |
| 1. Avenida de Mesilla and University | 21.9 | 0.58 | C | 19.3 | 0.46 | B |
| 2. Main and University | 25.7 | 0.59 | C | 24.6 | 0.52 | C |

> Table 6.1.3 Future Unsignalized Intersection Results

| Intersection/Movement | 2040 AM Peak |  |  |  | 2040 PM Peak |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Delay | v/c | Queue* <br> (ft) | LOS | Delay | v/c | Queue* <br> (ft) | LOS |
| 2. University and Teresita | 0.4 | - | - | - | 0.3 | - | - | - |
| EB Left | 7.8 | 0.01 | 0 | A | 7.9 | 0.01 | $\bigcirc$ | A |
| SB Approach | 10.9 | 0.3 | 25 | B | 10.6 | 0.02 | 0 | B |
| 3. University and Boldt | 0.1 | - | - | - | 0.2 | - | - | - |
| EB Left | 0 | - | 0 | A | 7.9 | 0.01 | 0 | A |
| SB Approach | 12.4 | 0.01 | 0 | B | 11.5 | 0.01 | 0 | B |
| 4. Camino Castillo and University | 0.3 | - | - | - | 0.4 | - | - | - |
| NB Approach | 11.1 | 0.03 | 25 | B | 10.9 | 0.03 | 25 | B |
| WB Left | 8 | 0.01 | 0 | A | 8 | 0.01 | 0 | A |
| 5. McDowell and University | 1.7 | - | - | - | 1.4 | - | - | - |
| NB Approach | 13.1 | 0.16 | 25 | B | 14.4 | 0.14 | 25 | B |
| WB Left | 8.1 | 0.02 | 0 | A | 8.2 | 0.02 | 25 | A |
| 6. University and Camino del Rey | 0 | - | - | - | 0.5 | - | - | - |
| EB Left | 7.4 | 0.01 | 0 | A | 8.4 | 0.01 | 0 | A |
| SB Approach | 10.9 | 0.01 | 0 | B | 18.2 | 0.09 | 25 | C |
| 7. University and Old Farm | 0.4 | - | - | - | 0.5 | - | - | - |
| EB Left | 8.4 | 0.01 | 0 | A | 8.4 | 0.01 | 0 | A |
| SB Approach | 15.6 | 0.06 | 25 | C | 16.4 | 0.07 | 25 | C |


| 8. University and Stanford | 2.2 | - | - | - | 1.8 | - | - | - |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EB Left | 8.3 | 0.02 | 25 | A | 8.5 | 0.03 | 25 | A |
| SB Approach | 20.3 | 0.31 | 50 | C | 20.9 | 0.30 | 50 | C |  |
| 9. Bowman and University | 1.1 | - | - | - | 1.5 | - | - | - |  |
| NB Approach | 16 | 0.16 | 25 | C | 18.3 | 18.3 | 25 | C |  |
| WB Left | 8.6 | 0.02 | 25 | A | 8.7 | 8.7 | 25 | A |  |

### 6.2 Multi-modal

Alternatives $F$ and $G$ provide opportunities for continuous bicycle and pedestrian facilities Alternative $F$ includes options for in-road bicycle lanes and a multi-use path. Alternative $G$ includes options for in-road bicycle lanes as well as buffered and non-buffered sidewalks.

### 6.2.1 Multi-Modal Level of Service

As described in Section 4.3, the multi-modal LOS analysis evaluates that quality of bicycle and pedestrian facilities as it contributes to the comfort and safety of the user. This section determines the multi-modal LOS for both Alternative F and Alternative G.

### 6.2.1.1 Bicycle Analysis

The results of the bicycle LOS analysis are displayed in Table 6.2.1 below. Alternatives F and G were evaluated, with Alternative $G$ analyzed under the minimum and maximum footprint. The analysis indicates that Alternative $\mathbf{G}$ and Alternative F are both expected to improve bicycle comfort improving from LOS D to LOS B for both alternatives. The existing conditions LOS is included for reference

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Table 6.2.1 Bicycle Level of Service Results

| Criteria | Existing | Alternative G (44') | Alternative G (50') | Alternative F (60.5') |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of Lanes | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Median Type | Undivided | Undivided | Undivided | Undivided |
| Average Weekday Daily Traffic | 4,534 | 4,534 | 4,534 | 4,534 |
| Speed Limit | 35 MPH | 35 MPH | 35 MPH | 35 MPH |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Outside Lane Width | 11 feet | 12 feet | 12 feet | 11 feet |
| Bicycle Lane Buffer Width | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ |
| Bicycle Lane Width | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | 5 feet | 5 feet | 5 feet |
| On-Street Parking Width | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ |
| Pavement Condition | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| OSPA | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Level of Service Score | 4.06 | 2.46 | 2.25 | 2.25 |
| Level of Service | D | B | B | B |

6.2.1.2 Pedestrian Analysis

The results of the pedestrian LOS analysis are displayed in Table 6.2 .2 below. Alternative $F$ and $G$ are both expected to improve pedestrian comfort from LOS E to LOS C in both alternatives. The existing conditions LOS is included for reference.

### 6.2.2 MULTI-MODAL ACCESSIBILITY

The addition of multi-modal facilities within the University Avenue corridor is a major contributing factor to this project. These additions will greatly increase access for pedestrians and bicyclists within the area, especially for those whom attend Zia Middle School and whom utilize the Multi-Use Loop Trail which runs through University Avenue and connects Mesilla with Las Cruces

The alternatives chosen for further evaluation both provide increased access by applying sidewalks and designated bicycle lanes to University Avenue. However, while both Alternatives F and G increase multi-modal access, Alternative F provides greater access with the application of a multi-use path along the south side of the roadway

Table 6.2.2 Pedestrian Level of Service Results

| Criteria | Existing | Alternative G (44') | Alternative G (50') | Alternative F (60.5') |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of Lanes | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Signals per Mile | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Median Type | Undivided | Undivided | Undivided | Undivided |
| Average Weekday Daily Traffic | 4,534 | 4,534 | 4,534 | 4,534 |
| Speed Limit | 35 MPH | 35 MPH | 35 MPH | 35 MPH |
| Outside Lane Width | 11 feet | 12 feet | 12 feet | 11 feet |
| Bicycle Lane Buffer Width | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Bicycle Lane Width | N/A | 5 feet | 5 feet | 5 feet |
| On-Street Parking Width | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| OSPA | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sidewalk Width | N/A | 4 feet | 6 feet | 10 feet |
| Sidewalk Buffer Width | N/A | N/A | 5 feet | N/A |
| Tree Spacing | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Level of Service Score | 4.68 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 2.67 |
| Level of Service | E | C | C | C |

### 6.3 Safety

The proposed alternatives are expected to increase safety and alleviate concerns throughout the University Avenue corridor through the addition of bike lanes and sidewalks/multi-modal facilities. These additions will provide greater sight distance for the numerous access points along University Avenue and

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the inclusion of dedicated pedestrian and bicycle facilities will also reduce the risk of incidents involving non-motorized users. This is especially important with Zia Middle School in the immediate vicinity of the study area and with University Avenue being a major segment for the Multi-Use Loop Trail and the main connection between Mesilla and Las Cruces. In addition to improvements related to the typical section, a variety of traffic calming measures are available for implementation to reduce vehicular speeds and increase safety through the corridor

### 6.4 Access Management

The University Avenue corridor has 27 driveways that provide access to various subdivisions, businesses, NMSU properties and residential properties. On the north side of University Avenue there are 20 access points, including 5 public roads, 4 entrances/exits to Zia Middle School, and 11 private driveways. On the south side of University Avenue there are 7 access points, including 3 public roads and 4 private driveways. For both alternatives, ADA ramps would be required at all public road crossings including those at Zia Middle School.

Two driveway permits are on file for access to two subdivisions east of Zia Middle School and include Camino del Rey and Old Farm Road. Six properties along University Avenue, excluding Zia Middle School, have multiple driveways. Some of these driveways may be eliminated through the implementation of the proposed improvements. Properties that currently have multiple driveways include:

- 1500 W University Avenue (North)
- 1501 W University Avenue (South)
- 1200 W University Avenue (Jornada Lodge) (North)
- 320 W University Avenue (North)
- 109 W University Avenue (NMSU's Fabian Garcia Science Center) (South)
- 105 E University Avenue (NMSU Farms) (North)


### 6.5 Drainage

The addition of curb and gutter associated with the proposed roadway improvements provides the opportunity to collect and manage runoff from the corridor. As an associated decision-making element to the preferred roadway alternatives, various drainage alternatives have been considered as illustrated on the Drainage Alternative maps located in Section 5.3. The four proposed drainage alternatives have been
evaluated for similar criteria as the roadway alternatives to include consideration of right-of-way needs engineering feasibility, drainage operations, and potential environmental impacts. A discussion on these alternative evaluations is provided below. Any of these drainage alternatives can be paired with a preferred roadway alternative

The locations of proposed drainage ponds are based on the existing topography along the corridor. The final location and configuration of proposed ponds, particularly for the western portion of the corridor, is flexible and subject to change based on further coordination with land owners that will be conducted during design.

### 6.5.1 Alternative W

Analysis indicates a storm drain trunk line flowing from east to west will be required to convey runoff that impacts the corridor between the roadway high points at the Laguna Lateral and College Lateral to the proposed pond at the west end of the corridor. This storm drain trunk is preliminarily sized as a 36 " RCP. Where curb drop inlets are necessary to satisfy NMDOT allowable spread criteria, storm drain laterals will connect to this storm drain trunk line

In addition to the 36 " storm drain trunk, additional storm drain trunk line and laterals (both preliminary estimated to be 24 " RCP) will be required extending to the east of Camino Castillo to remove runoff from the pavement to ensure compliance with NMDOT allowable spread design criteria.

The existing roadway is nearly flat between Avenida de Mesilla and just west of the rise over the Laguna Lateral. Sag vertical curves may be necessary to collect roadway drainage along this stretch.

### 6.5.1.1 Additional Considerations for Alternative W1

- Additional right-of-way is required for the retention pond
- The storm drain trunk line may require a design variance for the slope due to existing topographic constraints.
- A siphon may be necessary to cross the storm drain trunk line under the Laguna Lateral.
- The pond footprint may be reduced if a low flow outflow to the existing Avenida de Mesilla storm drain is accepted by NMDOT.
6.5.2 Alternative W2

Analysis indicates two storm drain systems will be required to convey runoff to the proposed ponds Where curb drop inlets are necessary to satisfy NMDOT allowable spread criteria, storm drain laterals will connect the inlets to the storm drain trunk line

The existing roadway is nearly flat between Avenida de Mesilla and just west of the rise over the Laguna Lateral. Sag vertical curves may be necessary to collect roadway drainage along this stretch.
6.5.2.1 Additional Considerations for Alternative W2:

- Additional right-of-way is required for the retention pond
- The proposed Zia Middle School pond requires a large pond to accommodate the anticipated runoff volume and satisfy NMDOT drainage criteria. The pond footprint may be reduced based on infiltration testing data and further evaluation of the amount of runoff from the school site that it must accommodate. As shown, the pond footprint does not impact the existing football field.
- The storm drain trunk line may require a design variance for the slope due to existing topographic constraints.
- The pond footprint at the west end of the corridor may be reduced if a low flow outflow to the existing Avenida de Mesilla storm drain is accepted by NMDOT
6.5.3 Alternative E1

Analysis indicates a storm drain trunk line will be required to convey runoff from between the roadway high points at the College Lateral and approximately 400 -feet east of Bowman Street to the proposed pond. This storm drain trunk is preliminarily sized as a 36 " RCP. Where curb drop inlets are necessary to satisfy NMDOT allowable spread criteria, storm drain laterals will connect to this storm drain trunk line.

In addition to the 36" storm drain trunk, additional storm drain trunk line and laterals (both preliminary estimated to be $24^{\prime \prime}$ RCP) will be required extending to Camino del Rey to remove runoff from the pavement to ensure compliance with NMDOT allowable spread design criteria

Significant drainage ponding occurs through the curve west of Main Street and just west of the railroad crossing. Sag vertical curves may be necessary to collect roadway drainage along this stretch and convey it to the proposed pond


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6.5.3.1 Additional Considerations for Alternative E1:

- Additional right-of-way is required for the retention pond, including an area currently owned by NMSU and utilized for experimental farm operations.
- The storm drain trunk line may require a design variance for the slope due to existing topographic constraints.
- There are significant existing underground utilities along this portion of the corridor including sanitary sewer gravity and force mains, water mains, and gas mains. The proposed storm drain trunk line will need to cross sanitary sewer gravity and force mains in the vicinity of Bowman Street.


### 6.5.4 Alternative E2

Analysis indicates two storm drain systems will be required to convey runoff to the proposed ponds Where curb drop inlets are necessary to satisfy NMDOT allowable spread criteria, storm drain laterals will connect to these storm drain trunk lines

Significant drainage ponding occurs through the curve west of Main Street and just west of the railroad crossing. Sag vertical curves will likely be necessary to collect roadway drainage along this stretch and convey it to the proposed pond
6.5.4.1 Additional Considerations for Alternative E2:

- Additional right-of-way is required for both retention ponds, including existing privately held agricultural land.
- The storm drain trunk line may require a design variance for the slope due to existing topographic constraints.
- There are significant existing underground utilities along this portion of the corridor including sanitary sewer gravity and force mains, water mains, and gas mains
6.5.4.2 Evaluation of Pond in Existing CME

The feasibility of a potential ponding site within an existing NMDOT construction maintenance easement (CME) along Old Farm Road was evaluated. Preliminary evaluation of the available footprin indicates the existing CME (shown on Figure 5.3.4) will support less than $10 \%$ of the pond volume
needed to accommodate this stretch of corridor, which is shown as draining to Pond E2-A under Alternative E2. A pond at this location will have minimal impact on the size of right-of-way or CME needed at the northwest corner of Stanford Street.

Additionally, getting roadway drainage into and out of this pond could be problematic due to the narrow shape and location off-line of the storm drain trunk. It would require a non-standard storm drain structure(s).

Considering the limitations and complexities described above, a pond in this existing CME is not recommended as part of the preferred alternative.

### 6.5.5 OVERALL DRAINAGE CONSIDERATIONS

The following discussion of drainage considerations is applicable to all four drainage alternatives

- Storm drain systems will be required to remove runoff from the pavement, including on-grade curb drop inlets, to ensure compliance with NMDOT allowable spread design criteria associated with curb drop inlets. The capacity of the proposed roadway section to convey runoff to roadway low points or inlets is severely limited by the very mild slopes along the corridor. Therefore, a relatively higher quantity of inlets will be required.
- Ponds or other means of runoff storage along the corridor will be required because acceptable drainage outfalls have not been identified. Ponding areas will likely require acquisition of right-ofway or agreements with existing property owners. The availability of small linear runoff storage areas along the corridor (i.e. stormwater harvesting basins or rain gardens) could be assessed during design. Due to right-of-way constraints it is unlikely that available storage volumes will significantly reduce the size of the primary runoff retention ponds, which will be sized for the 100year contributing runoff volume in accordance with NMDOT drainage design criteria.
- The potential for an outfall to the various EBID facilities near the study corridor were discussed preliminarily with EBID. The two types of EBID facilities in the area are drains and laterals. Drains are open channels that were originally constructed to drain groundwater and agricultural runoff. EBID commented that the District is generally willing to accept stormwater drainage into their drain facilities. Laterals are intended to convey irrigation water to agricultural lands and were generally not designed or intended to accept drainage flows. EBID commented that with appropriate water quality treatment and coordination, there is a potential for some laterals to
accept stormwater drainage. The following summarizes the evaluation of potential outfalls identified in the Phase A study and others identified in this study:
- Existing Storm Drain with Avenida de Mesilla (NM 28) - The existing storm drain system in Avenida de Mesilla consists of a gravity system that begins south of the University Avenue intersection and drains to a pump station to the south. This pump station pumps north to a curb drop inlet approximately 600-feet north of the University Avenue intersection and discharges to a separate gravity system that discharges to the Park Drain (another 4,300-feet to the north). Based on a preliminary drainage analysis of the system provided by NMDOT, the existing gravity storm drain does not have capacity to accommodate additional peak flows. There is a potential for a proposed pond near the University Avenue and Avenida de Mesilla intersection to bleed into this existing gravity system, so the pond does not need to rely on infiltration alone to satisfy NMDOT drainage criteria to empty within 96 hours. This potential low flow outfall will need to be further evaluated and coordinated with NMDOT District 1 and the Drainage Design Bureau. If the low flow outfall (bleed pipe) is acceptable, this would allow a pond proposed at this location to be deeper with a smaller footprint, potentially eliminating the need for additional right-of-way.
- Park Drain - This EBID drain facility is located north and east of the University Avenue study corridor as it winds its way through the valley, generally flowing from north to south. It crosses University Avenue approximately 0.2 miles east of the Main Street intersection. Agricultural drains are open channels that were originally constructed to drain groundwater and agricultural runoff. EBID generally accepts stormwater drainage into their drain facilities when properly coordinated. A direct connection from the University Avenue corridor to this EBID facility is likely not a viable alternative due to its distance from the roadway (approximately 1,200-feet from the Main Street intersection or 1,700-feet from the next closest location adjacent to the corridor high point). In addition to the cost of a significant length of storm drain trunk line, connection to the Drain from the Main Street intersection would require storm drain crossing under the railroad.
- Replacement or Upsizing the Avenida de Mesilla Storm Drain - Draining runoff from the western portion of the University Avenue corridor to the Park Drain by replacing/upsizing the existing Avenida de Mesilla storm drain and extending it over $800-\mathrm{ft}$ south to the University Avenue intersection was considered. The existing storm
drain does not have adequate excess capacity and so would need to be replaced with a larger pipe. This approach was determined to be infeasible due to the distance to the Park Drain along this alignment (over 5,000-ft) and thus very high associated cost.
- College Lateral - This EBID irrigation delivery facility that crosses University Avenue just east of Zia Middle School is currently pressure piped along the corridor and EBID intends for this condition to continue. Further, the facility does not discharge to a drain and thus is not an acceptable outfall.
- Gillem Lateral - This EBID irrigation delivery facility is located north of Zia Middle School and generally parallels the corridor. It does not currently flow all the way to a drain (as it did historically) and thus is unable to accommodate stormwater runoff and is not an acceptable outfall.
- Laguna Lateral - This EBID irrigation delivery facility is an open channel that crosses University Avenue through a culvert, approximately 0.2 miles east of the Avenida de Mesilla intersection. While EBID has indicated that they would be open to discussions about accepting stormwater into this delivery facility, they commented that management of the facility to ensure it had adequate capacity to accept flows when a storm event occurs during irrigation season would be difficult. EBID did not provide an allowable stormwater discharge capacity. Further, the Laguna Lateral crosses University Avenue at a roadway high point and therefore it would be difficult to gravity drain University Avenue runoff to this location. It is not considered in the alternatives presented herein. If considered, water quality treatment prior to discharge to the facility would be required.


### 6.5.6 Right-OF-WAY Considerations for Drainage Alternatives

If the acquisition of right-of-way and/or agreements associated with ponds are not achievable, other means of runoff storage within NMDOT right-of-way could be evaluated. The viability of these other concepts described below may be significantly impacted by the location of existing underground utilities. These other runoff storage concepts are:

- Permeable pavement along the gutter and bike lanes coupled with parallel subsurface storage. This approach would require regular, long-term inspection and maintenance to ensure the pore space of the permeable pavement does not clog, including regular use of a specialized sweeper that District 1 does not currently possess.
- Underground storage tanks or chambers that are designed to dissipate via infiltration. There are various tank/chamber systems that are commercially available, including large diameter perforated CMP and HDPE pipes, concrete vaults, and open bottom HDPE chambers. Due to the lack of drainage outfalls along the project, the required storage volume associated with this type of system will be significant at a high cost.


### 6.5.7 MS4 PERMITTING CONSIDERATIONS

NMDOT District 1 is subject to the EPA Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4) Phase II Permit regulations. The permit calls for control measures that minimize storm water quality degradation in Urbanized Areas as identified by the 2000 US Census. The corridor is located within the Las Cruces Urbanized Area and thus it is anticipated that MS4 permit regulations will apply. Proposed alternatives will satisfy MS4 requirements for post-construction stormwater management as described in Section 701.2 of the 2018 NMDOT Drainage Design Manual by managing the 80th percentile storm event discharge volume in proposed storage facilities (ponds or underground systems). MS4 requirements specific to the local jurisdictions along the corridor (Town of Mesilla and City of Las Cruces), if any, should be further coordinated with those entities during the next phase of this study.

### 6.6 Constructability

Both preferred roadway alternatives will have similar constructability challenges with limited right of-way as both will require complete reconstruction with the addition of curb and gutter, drainage facilities, and sidewalk and/or a multi-use trail. Limited access and detours during construction will be similar for both alternatives and no constructability advantage is anticipated between Alternative F or G. Any specific constructability aspects to the drainage alternatives are discussed in Section 6.5.

### 6.7 Preliminary Right-of-Way

The existing right-of-way limits for the corridor have been established using NMDOT Right-of-Way mapping and field evidence of existing property corners and monumented survey points. This preliminary determination of right-of-way is used to determined potential areas of impact associated with each of the alternatives. For any new right-of-way needed for construction, Right-of-Way maps will be prepared in accordance with NMDOT guidelines during the preliminary and final design.

### 6.8 Geotechnical

The initial geotechnical investigations for the corridor have not identified any issues that would impact the alignment study or selection of the preferred alternative. A preliminary geotechnical investigation report will be produced for the preliminary design to identify design criteria. The NMDOT will prepare the pavement recommendations for the preliminary design.

### 6.9 Utility

Both preferred roadway alternatives are expected to have some level of utility impacts along the corridor including, but not limited to, the relocation of utility poles. However, the multi-use path to the south side of proposed Alternative $\mathbf{F}$ will have a potential for impacts due to the number of existing utility poles as well as telephone cabinets and a pump station located east of McDowell Road (not shown in existing utilities exhibits). During preliminary design, the alignment of the multi-use path will be designed to avoid existing utilities to the maximum extent possible in order to minimize utility relocations.

## See Appendix F for existing utilities exhibits.

### 6.10 Cost Estimate

Cost estimates were produced for both roadway alternatives being considered. These cost estimates were prepared for comparison of alternatives and are relative only, they do not reflect what could be the actual construction costs. Based on this comparison, Alternative $F$ is shown to be more expensive by approximately $\$ 142,000(+2.33 \%)$. The cost differential is mostly due to the addition of a multi-use path for Alternative $\mathbf{F}$ and the striping associated with said path. Costs associated with right-ofway takes are not included in these cost estimates and since Alternative $\mathbf{F}$ consists of a wider section, and possibly needing more right-of-way, there may be additional project costs incurred as a result. Since preliminary pavement recommendations are not yet available the assumed pavement section for roadway improvements consists of 4 inches of hot mix asphalt (HMA) over 6 inches of aggregate base course. These quantities and associated costs will be updated as part of the preliminary and final design once final recommendations are received from the NMDOT. See Table 6.10.1 and Table 6.10.2 for cost estimates related to each alternative.

## Table 6.10.1 Cost Estimate for Alternative F

| NO. | ITEM | UNIT | PRICE | QTY | PROJECT TOTAL AMOUNT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alternative F |  |  |  |  |  |
| 207000 | SUBGRADE PREPARATION | SY | \$2.50 | 35200 | \$88,000.00 |
| 303000 | BASE COURSE (6") | TON | \$27.00 | 10085 | \$272,295.00 |
| 407000 | ASPHALT MATERIAL FOR TACK COAT | TON | \$550.00 | 9 | \$4,950.00 |
| 408100 | PRIME COAT MATERIAL | TON | \$550.00 | 66 | \$36,300.00 |
| 417000 | MISCELLANEOUS PAVING | SY | \$17.00 | 8000 | \$136,000.00 |
| 423283 | HMA SP-IV COMPLETE | TON | \$85.00 | 6044 | \$513,740.00 |
| 601110 | REMOVAL OF SURFACING | SY | \$6.00 | 23333 | \$139,998.00 |
| 608004 | CONCRETE SIDEWALK 4" | SY | \$51.00 | 4800 | \$244,800.00 |
| 609424 | CONCRETE VERTICAL CURB AND GUTTER 6" X 24" | SY | \$22.00 | 14400 | \$316,800.00 |
| 623XXX | GRADING AND DRAINAGE | LS | \$2,000,000.00 | 1 | \$2,000,000.00 |
| 70xxxx | SIGNING AND STRIPING | LS | \$45,000.00 | 1 | \$45,000.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 201000 | CLEARING AND GRUBBING | LS | \$10,000.00 | 1 | \$10,000.00 |
| 601000 | REMOVAL OF STRUCTURES AND OBSTRUCTIONS | LS | \$10,000.00 | 1 | \$10,000.00 |
| 618000 | TRAFFIC CONTROL MANAGEMENT | LS | \$25,000.00 | 1 | \$25,000.00 |
| 621000 | MOBILIZATION | LS | \$185,000.00 | 1 | \$185,000.00 |
| 702810 | TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES FOR CONSTRUCTION | LS | \$30,000.00 | 1 | \$30,000.00 |
| 801000 | CONSTRUCTION STAKING BY THE CONTRACTOR | LS | \$25,000.00 | 1 | \$25,000.00 |
|  | MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS (10\%) | LS | \$180,000.00 | 1 | \$180,000.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Construction Subtotal |  |  |  | \$4,262,883.00 |
|  | Contingency (30\%) |  |  |  | \$1,278,864.90 |
|  | NMDOT Engineering and Construction (5\%) |  |  |  | \$213,144.15 |
|  | NMGRT (8.1875\%) |  |  |  | \$471,181.79 |
|  | Construction Total |  |  |  | \$6,226,073.84 |
| This estimate of construction cost is only an opinion. BHI cannot \& does not guarantee that proposals, bids, or actual Construction Costs will not vary from this opinion. |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 6.10.2 Cost Estimate for Alternative G

| NO. | ITEM | UNIT | PRICE | QTY | PROJECT TOTAL AMOUNT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alternative G |  |  |  |  |  |
| 207000 | SUBGRADE PREPARATION | SY | \$2.50 | 26400 | \$66,000.00 |
| 303000 | BASE COURSE (6") | TON | \$27.00 | 8200 | \$221,400.00 |
| 407000 | ASPHALT MATERIAL FOR TACK COAT | TON | \$550.00 | 9 | \$4,950.00 |
| 408100 | PRIME COAT MATERIAL | TON | \$550.00 | 50 | \$27,500.00 |
| 423283 | HMA SP-IV COMPLETE | TON | \$85.00 | 5866 | \$498,610.00 |
| 601110 | REMOVAL OF SURFACING | SY | \$6.00 | 23333 | \$139,998.00 |
| 608004 | CONCRETE SIDEWALK 4" | SY | \$51.00 | 8000 | \$408,000.00 |
| 609424 | CONCRETE VERTICAL CURB AND GUTTER 6" X 24" | SY | \$22.00 | 14400 | \$316,800.00 |
| 623xXx | GRADING AND DRAINAGE | LS | \$2,000,000.00 | 1 | \$2,000,000.00 |
| 70xxxx | SIGNING AND STRIPING | LS | \$40,000.00 | 1 | \$40,000.00 |
| 201000 | CLEARING AND GRUBBING | LS | \$7,500.00 | 1 | \$7,500.00 |
| 601000 | REMOVAL OF STRUCTURES AND OBSTRUCTIONS | LS | \$10,000.00 | 1 | \$10,000.00 |
| 618000 | TRAFFIC CONTROL MANAGEMENT | LS | \$20,000.00 | 1 | \$20,000.00 |
| 621000 | MOBILIZATION | LS | \$185,000.00 | 1 | \$185,000.00 |
| 702810 | TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES FOR CONSTRUCTION | LS | \$25,000.00 | 1 | \$25,000.00 |
| 801000 | CONSTRUCTION STAKING BY THE CONTRACTOR | LS | \$20,000.00 | 1 | \$20,000.00 |
|  | MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS (10\%) | LS | \$175,000.00 | 1 | \$175,000.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Construction Subtotal |  |  |  | \$4,165,758.00 |
|  | Contingency (30\%) |  |  |  | \$1,249,727.40 |
|  | NMDOT Engineering and Construction (5\%) |  |  |  | \$208,287.90 |
|  | NMGRT (8.1875\%) |  |  |  | \$460,446.44 |
|  | Construction Total |  |  |  | \$6,084,219.74 |

### 7.1 Social, Cultural, and Environmental Conditions

A preliminary analysis of potential social, cultural, and environmental impacts was completed for each of the preferred alternatives. In most cases, the impacts are relatively similar with the major difference resulting from the greater land area needed for Alternative F versus Alternative $G$ under the preferred roadway alternatives and the various amount of land area needed for the various proposed drainage alternatives. Further environmental analysis will be required prior to final design and construction but based on the analysis completed to date, it is expected that a Categorical Exclusion could be used to complete the environmental compliance process under the National Environmental Policy Act and regulations established by FHWA and the NMDOT.
7.1.1 SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

### 7.1.1.1 Demographics

Executive Order (EO) 12898, "Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority and Low-Income Populations", was signed by President Clinton on February 11, 1994 and published in the Federal Register on February 16, 1994. EO 12898 focuses federal attention on the environmental and human health conditions of minority and/or low-income populations, promotes non-discrimination in federal programs affecting human health and the environment, and provides minority and/or low-income populations with access to public information and an opportunity to participate in matters relating to the environment. The demographic and economic profile shown in Table 4.9.1 and Table 4.9.2 indicate the population within the corridor includes a higher percentage of minority and low-income residents as compared to the State of New Mexico.

Given the nature of all preferred alternatives, which include the addition of pedestrian/bicycle facilities and improvement of drainage conditions reducing risk to flooding, it is not expected that proposed improvements would affect a disproportionate population of minority or low-income groups. In fact, the addition of bicycle and pedestrian facilities and improved drainage could result in a net benefit for the disadvantaged populations.

It is expected that all preferred alternatives will provide benefits to the low-income and minority populations and comply with EO 12898.

### 7.1.1.2 Land Use, Community Cohesion, And Connectivity

Both recommended roadway alternatives align with local land use plans, enhance community cohesion between Las Cruces and Mesilla, and improve connectivity for all modes. The multi-modal enhancements proposed for this corridor under both preferred alternatives will create lasting value for both communities improving connectivity and economic development opportunities.

There are many driveway access points, along both sides of the corridor, serving residential, schools, and a few other uses. In most cases, all of these access points will be maintained with potential for improvements. However, there are several properties with multiple driveways which may require some modifications and/or reductions. Coordination with the landowners will be ongoing and fully documented.

Alternative F, however, will result in a modified scenario for the adjacent residents on the south side. Currently, there is a berm adjacent to the ditch which might be providing some noise and visual mitigation from corridor activity. The implementation of Alternative F would result in the removal of the berm and bring the corridor activity closer to their homes with the construction of a multi-use path. This modification is not necessarily a negative impact but it is a change that needs to be disclosed to the public and adjacent landowners. The benefits include the higher and better use of the land for a multi-use trail.

All drainage alternatives also align with land use plans and support community cohesion and connectivity. Drainage in the corridor has been an ongoing challenge so improvements to the infrastructure to reduce risk of flooding will be a benefit.

### 7.1.1.3 Visual Resources

The corridor is not an important or unique visual landmark. It is expected that all preferred alternatives would improve the visual landscape along the corridor. Input will continue to be obtained from the stakeholders and public to determine any lighting or landscaping enhancements. The inclusion of drainage ponds will not be out of character in the corridor with the mix of residential and agricultural land.
7.1.1.4 Noise

Traffic noise for federally-funded transportation projects in New Mexico are regulated under the guidance and regulations provided by the New Mexico Department of Transportation (NMDOT)

## UNIVERSITY AVENUE CORRIDOR STUDY <br> PHASE B I DETAILED EVALUATION OF ALTERNATIVES

Infrastructure Design Directive, IDD 2011-02 (NMDOT IDD 2011-02) which align with the federal regulations on traffic noise impacts included in 23 CFR, Part 772.

According to the IDD 2011-02, the criteria to warrant a noise study involves geometrical modifications including substantial vertical or horizontal alterations, addition of traffic lanes, or new alignments. The preferred roadway alternatives are maintaining the same primary alignment and are not adding additional lanes or capacity; therefore, the preferred alternatives do not warrant a noise study under the IDD 2011-02

However, under Alternative F, the proposed multi-use trail along the south side would require the removal of an existing berm between the roadway and the adjacent residents on the eastern end. This berm is perceived as acting as a noise barrier under current conditions, and noise concerns have been identified by the public throughout both the Phase A and the Phase B public outreach.

In response to this community concern, a high-level noise analysis was completed for the existing conditions to determine the potential noise mitigation benefit from the berm, as discussed above. The noise analysis included the evaluation of the existing corridor, with and without the berm, using the FHWA-approved Traffic Noise Model (TNM 2.5). Results indicated that the removal of the berm to construct a walking trail would potentially increase the noise for the adjacent resident by 1 to 2 decibels only, and only during peak travel times. This level of potential noise increase is a minimal impact and doesn't warrant mitigation, as the human ear can only perceive a 3 decibel increase or more. The overall benefits to the safety and quality of life along the corridor are expected to outweigh the minimal potential noise impacts resulting from Alternative F.

### 7.2 Natural Environment

### 7.2.1 VEGETATION

The footprint for all preferred alternatives is primarily contained within the built environment, which has already converted much of the native vegetation in the study area to a roadway, access points, and a highly-maintained ditch corridor. The proposed drainage pond alternatives are currently vacant land with some natural vegetation and some agricultural use. Biological field surveys will be completed prior to design and construction with little or no impact expected to vegetation as a result of any of the preferred alternatives.

There is expected to be little or no impact to vegetation under all preferred alternatives.
7.2.1.1 Noxious Weeds

For all preferred alternatives, field surveys will be completed and at that time any and all noxious weeds identified within the corridor will be documented. Prior to construction, as required by Federal Executive Order 13112 and NMDOT regulations, mitigation will be applied to the identified noxious weeds as appropriate. A noxious weeds management plan will be developed to mitigate the impact to any noxious weeds under all preferred alternatives and included as part of the Phase C environmental documentation

### 7.2.2 WATER RESOURCES

### 7.2.2.1 Floodplain Managemen

Under all preferred alternatives, the corridor is within FEMA-designated Flood Zone $X$, and consideration of floodplain management will be maintained throughout project design.

### 7.2.2.2 Surface Water and Wetlands

There are no impacts expected to surface water and wetlands along the corridor. Mino modifications to surface water include the additional drainage ponds proposed under all the proposed drainage alternatives. Under all drainage alternatives the facility design will encourage effective management of drainage captured and will not result in standing water beyond 96 hours.

### 7.2.2.3 Groundwater

Under all preferred alternatives there is expected to be little or no impacts to groundwater

### 7.2.3 WILDLIFE

The footprint for all preferred alternatives is primarily contained within the built environment, which has already converted much of the wildlife habitat in the study area to a roadway, access points, and a highly-maintained ditch corridor. Biological field surveys will be completed prior to design and construction with little or no impact expected to wildlife habitat as a result of either of the preferred alternatives.

The drainage ponds included in all drainage alternatives would provide some additional opportunity for wildlife habitat but under all preferred alternatives there is expected to be little or no impact to wildlife

### 7.2.4 Threatened and Endangered Species

Due to the urban setting of the study area, no impact to threatened and endangered species are expected as a result of any of the preferred alternatives. Biological field surveys will be completed prior to design and construction, and if a threatened and endangered species is identified within the footprint of the proposed improvements, coordination with the NMDOT and additional regulatory agencies will be completed immediately to determine the most appropriate mitigation measures necessary.

### 7.2.5 SOILS AND Prime FARMLAND

Geotechnical investigations will be completed prior to construction but given the already developed nature of the corridor and the absence of prime or unique farmlands, little or no impact to soils is expected from any of the preferred alternatives.

### 7.2.6 AIR QUALITY

Air quality pollutants are not expected to increase as a result of any of the preferred alternatives There will be no additional vehicular capacity, and there is a potential for reduction of air quality emissions as pedestrian and bicycle facilities are improved. However, this decrease would be impossible to quantify or delineate between the two recommended corridor alternatives.

Doña Ana County does hold a Natural Events Actions Plan (NEAP) under US Environmental Protection Agency that will need to be adhered to during construction for all preferred alternatives.

### 7.3 Cultural Resources

Field surveys and further coordination with the State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO), will be completed in Phase C to determine if the project would have: no effect, no adverse effect, or an adverse effect on historic resources (36 CFR 800.3). However, given the established roadway footprint and the developed nature of the corridor, little or no impact to cultural resources is expected as a result of any of the preferred alternatives. A cultural resource report and coordination with the State Historic Preservation Officer will occur during Phase C

### 7.3.1 SECTIONS 4(F)

The Town of Mesilla Parque Conmemorativo on the northeast corner of University Avenue and Avenida de Mesilla is subject to Section 4(f) requirements, as discussed in Chapter 4. However, it is not
anticipated that any of the preferred alternatives will result in an adverse effect to the activities or feature of this public use locations. The corridor modifications are expected to result in benefits to the property and include improvements to additional pedestrian and bicycle access to this facility. Hazardous Materials

Under all preferred alternatives, the potential for hazardous materials impacts is minimal. However, further determination on the need for an initial site assessment (ISA) will be coordinated with the NMDOT Environmental Geology Department.

## 8 EVALUATION METRICS

The alternatives analysis matrix for comparison of roadway and drainage alternatives represents study findings by identifying the relative benefits of each alternative. As required by the NMDOT Location Study Procedures, the recommended alternative must be consistent with the scoring contained in the analysis matrix. Numerical and visual scoring was assigned to the cells in the analysis matrix shown in Table 8.1.1 and Table 8.1.2, with green (5) representing the greatest benefits and red (1) representing less desirable impacts. Numerical scoring is defined as follows: 5 - meets all criteria, 4 - meets most criteria, 3 - partially meets criteria, 2 - minimally meets criteria, 1 - meets little to no criteria.

The following metrics were included in the evaluation matrix:

- Purpose and Need - The alternative meets the purpose and need of the study
- Long-Term Benefits - Operation and maintenance of drainage system.
- Land Use - Impacts of future land use by proposed ponds.
- Traffic Operations - Ability of alternative to handle future growth.
- Multi-Modal Access - The alternative provides multi-modal connectivity.
- Safety - Addresses safety issues.
- Access Management - Potential impacts to existing driveway access.
- Constructability - Construction of the alternative is feasible.
- Right-of-Way - The alternative has minimal right-of-way required.
- Cost - Cost differences among the alternatives.
- Environmental Resources - The criteria assesses the impacts to environmental and biological resources.
- Social Impacts - The criteria assesses the impacts to social and cultural resources.
- Community Support - Community members and stakeholders are in support of the alternative.


### 8.1 Evaluation Factors

Table 8.1.1 Alternatives Analysis Matrix for Comparison of Roadway Alternatives

|  | No-Build | Alternative F | Alternative G |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Meets Purpose and <br> Need | $-1-$ | $-5-$ | $-5-$ |
| Traffic Operations | $-3-$ | $-5-$ | $-5-$ |
| Multi-Modal Access | $-1-$ | $-5-$ | $-4-$ |
| Safety | $-3-$ | $-5-$ | $-4-$ |
| Access Management | $-3-$ | $-5-$ | $-5-$ |
| Constructability | $-5-$ | $-3-$ | $-2-$ |
| Right-of-Way | $-5-$ | $-2-$ | $-3-$ |
| Cost | $-5-$ | $-1-$ | $-1-$ |
| Environmental | $-5-$ | $-5-$ | $-5-$ |
| Resources | $-3-$ | $-4-$ | $-5-$ |
| Social Impacts | $-1-$ | $-5-$ | $-4-$ |
| Community Support | 35 | 45 | 43 |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |

Table 8.1.2 Alternatives Analysis Matrix for Comparison of Drainage Alternatives

|  | No Build | Alternative W1 | Alternative W2 | Alternative E1 | Alternative E2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Meets Purpose and <br> Need | $-1-$ | $-5-$ | $-5-$ | $-5-$ | $-5-$ |
| Long-Term Benefits | $-1-$ | $-3-$ | $-5-$ | $-3-$ | $-5-$ |
| Land Use | $-5-$ | $-3-$ | $-2-$ | $-3-$ | $-1-$ |
| Constructability | $-5-$ | $-1-$ | $-3-$ | $-1-$ | $-3-$ |
| Right-of-Way | $-5-$ | $-3-$ | $-3-$ | $-3-$ | $-2-$ |
| Cost | $-5-$ | $-1-$ | $-3-$ | $-1-$ | $-3-$ |
| Environmental | $-5-$ | $-5-$ | $-5-$ | $-5-$ | $-5-$ |
| Resources |  |  |  |  |  |

## UNIVERSITY AVENUE CORRIDOR STUDY

PHASE B I DEIAILED EVALUATION OF ALTERNATIVES

## 9 RECOMMENDATIONS

The University Avenue Corridor Study examines the transportation needs to enhance the existing two-lane roadway from Avenida de Mesilla to Main Street.

The purpose and need for the University Avenue Corridor Study is based on physical deficiencies, safety concerns, and economic development opportunities. The Purpose of the project is to provide an enhanced multi-modal transportation corridor along University Avenue between Main Street and Avenida de Mesilla, including the integration of bicycle and pedestrian facilities. Railroad infrastructure is present in the study area and will require agency coordination during preliminary and final design.

The set of roadway and drainage preferred alternatives are displayed in the figures below.

### 9.1 Preferred Alternative

Two alternatives were evaluated in this study, and include two driving lanes, bicycle and pedestrian facilities, and drainage infrastructure. Both alternatives $F$ and $G$ meet the purpose and need for the project and respond to stakeholder and public comment. Right-of-way requirements for the recommended alternatives vary between 44 feet and 60.5 feet.

### 9.1.1 ROADWAY

At the conclusion of the University Avenue Corridor Study, Alternative F is recommended as the preferred alternative. The buffer between the roadway and pedestrian path with vary based on available right-of-way as defined by the two segments below:

1. Segment 1 (Avenida de Mesilla to McDowell Road) will be a "Modified Alternative F" that contains 11' driving lanes with 5' bicycle lanes, a 5' sidewalk on the left and an 8' sidewalk/multiuse path on the right. Sidewalk buffers will not be present as depicted in Alternative F. The typical section for Modified Alternative $\mathbf{F}$ is shown in Figure 9.1.2 and Plans for Modified Alternative F can be found in Appendix H.
2. Segment 2 (McDowell Road to Main Street) will be the Alternative $\mathbf{F}$ described in this report with the left sidewalk buffer starting approximately 230 ' west of Camino del Rey.

## Figure 9.1.1 Modified Alternative F



The available right-of-way allows Alternative $\mathbf{F}$ to be constructed along the majority of the project area, with Modified Alternative F applied to a portion of the roadway. The Modified Alternative F demonstrates benefit to pedestrians and bicyclists as it provides multi-modal options for both users. Further, Alternative F satisfies issues related to the safety of pedestrians and bicyclists and received general support from community members and positive feedback from stakeholders and agencies.

Alternative $\mathbf{G}$ was not selected as the preferred alternative for construction. From a multi-modal accessibility perspective, this alternative provides less benefit for bicycle and pedestrian users. Safety for the multi-modal traffic is also not as robust due to no physical buffer present between the vehicular and pedestrian traffic. Furthermore, Alternative $\mathbf{G}$ would still require right-of-way acquisition from property owners when compared to the "Modified Alternative F" option, albeit a slightly smaller amount. As such, the benefit of increased pedestrian safety outweighs the benefit of slightly smaller acquisitions of right-ofway.

Figure 9.1.2 Preferred Alternatives


### 9.1.2 Drainage

It is recommended that the preferred drainage alternative (W2 and E2) includes ponding at the main existing topographic low points along the corridor. The lack of a drainage outfall for the project necessitates the use of ponds to accommodate corridor runoff and so the remaining question is where to locate ponds. Initial outreach to property owners for parcels associated with potential right-of-way acquisition for ponds for Alternatives W2 and E2 indicates that acquisition is feasible.

Alternatives W2 and E2 are preferred over Alternatives W1 and E1 because the associated proposed storm drain systems will likely require less maintenance (because they can be steeper with higher flow velocities). Further, Alternatives W2 and E2 are likely to encounter fewer major utility conflicts during design and construction because associated storm drain trunk lines would not cross major existing infrastructure crossing the corridor (including the Laguna Lateral and sanitary force and gravity mains near Bowman Street).

The locations of proposed drainage ponds are based on the existing topography along the corridor The final location and configuration of proposed ponds, particularly for the western portion of the corridor, is flexible and subject to change based on further coordination with land owners that will be conducted during design.

Appendices

Appendix A | Public Involvement

# MEMORANDUM 

DATE: May 29, 2019<br>TO: New Mexico Department of Transportation<br>FROM: Bohannan Huston, Inc.<br>SUBJECT: University Ave Corridor Study Phase B/1C/1D (CN: LC00290): Stakeholder Meeting Summary

Selected stakeholders were invited to attend a meeting to discuss the University Avenue Phase B/1C/1D Corridor Study and provide input on project related issues. The meeting was held on May 16, 2019 at the NMDOT District 1 Solano Complex.

The Project Team gave a brief presentation review the initial Phase A Study and discuss the updated data collection and analysis for the Phase B Study. The Phase A Study was completed in 2016 by the Mesilla Valley Metropolitan Planning Organization (MVMPO) under the process defined by the NMDOT Location Study Procedures (2015). The Phase A Study identified two (2) preferred alternatives that are being evaluated in further detail by the Phase $B / 1 C / 1 D$ Study. Phases $\mathrm{B} / 1 \mathrm{C} / 1 \mathrm{D}$ are being led by the NMDOT and the project development process continues to follow the NMDOT Location Study Procedures.

The preferred alternatives recommended for further evaluation include a typical section that includes all the features supported by the stakeholder and public with in-road bicycle facilities and pedestrian access on both sides of the corridor. However, this option may be too wide to fit in the current right-of-way available along the majority of the corridor. The second alternative addresses these concerns with narrower sections that could be designed for short distances along the corridor.

The Phase B Study evaluates these alternatives in further detail and the data collected and analysis completed thus far was presented to the stakeholder group. The Project Team presented preliminary results for the traffic analysis, multi-modal level of service, crash analysis, drainage investigation, and right-of-way data collection.

Topics that were discussed during the meeting included the following:

- Multi-Modal Considerations

0 The corridor will require 12-foot lanes to accommodate buses.
0 There is a transit route that accesses University Ave from Bowman Ave.
0 The presence of both 5-foot bicycle lanes and multi-use trail is important for the different user types using the corridor.
o A multi-use trail extends from Calle del Norte along the Rio Grande. This could be an opportunity for trail connectivity by utilizing EBID laterals and drains west of the middle school
0 There is a general obligation bond available for trails - coordinate with Tony on decisions for potential trail tie-ins.
o The MVMPO has Strava data available.

- Roadway Design

0 The existing turn-lane in front of the school will be considered during the project design phase.
o Considerations for the intersection of University Ave with the railroad include bicycle and pedestrian connectivity and potential to sync the controllers. These decisions will be finalized following the preliminary design phase.

- Traffic and Safety
o Consider completing a speed study.
0 Conditions are dangerous for pedestrians in front of the school during school drop-off and pick-up times.
o Conditions are dangerous for bicycles and pedestrians at the intersection of University Ave and Main St and east through the underpass. Striping may resolve this issue.
0 There is a general obligation bond available to reconstruct the student pick-up area for the middle school - coordinate with Las Cruces Public Schools.
- Drainage
o Water pools at the intersection of University Ave and Bowman Ave when it rains.
0 The Park Drain north of University Ave will have a change of ownership
o College lateral that runs along University Ave will go underground. The removal of this berm may have perceived noise and/or safety impacts on nearby residents.

Attachments:
Sign in sheet

PowerPoint Presentation

## SIGN IN SHEET

STAKEHOLDER MEETING
MAY 16, 2019
Bohannan $\Delta$ Huston
2:00-3:30 PM
BohananaHuston

| NAME | EMAIL | PRESENTP (V/N) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Aaron Chavarria | aaron.chavarria@state.nm.us | yes |
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# PUBLIC INFORMATION MEEIING <br> The New Mexico Department of Transportation invites you to a public meeting for the 

The New Mexico Department of Transportation is conducting an open house to collect input on the preferred alternatives to be studied further in Phase B of the University Ave Corridor Study. The Study evaluates the transportation needs to enhance the existing two-lane roadway from Avenida de Mesilla to S. Main Street. The corridor is highly used by pedestrians and bicycles with access to Zia Middle School, local neighborhoods, and as a gateway to the Town of Mesilla.

The purpose of the open house is to provide a project update, review the previously completed Phase A analysis, and collect comments and concerns on the preferred alternatives.

To request Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)- related accommodations for the meeting, contact Melanie Bishop at mbishop@bhinc.com at least two days before the meeting. Para información en español contacte (505)923-3341.

Written comments will be accepted at the public information meeting, or they may be mailed or faxed to Melanie Bishop, Bohannan Huston Inc, 7500 Jefferson St. NE, Albuquerque, NM 87109 , phone (505)923-3340, email mbishop@bhinc.com or fax (505)798-7988.

DATE \& TIME:
Wednesday, June 5, 2019
From 5:30 to 7:00 PM

## LOCATION:

Mesilla Community Center
2251 Calle de Santiago
Mesilla, NM


Project Area Map

## Bohannan 4 Huston

## MEMORANDUM

DATE:<br>June 7, 2019<br>TO: $\quad$ New Mexico Department of Transportation<br>FROM: Bohannan Huston, Inc.<br>SUBJECT: University Ave Corridor Study Phase B/1C/1D (CN: LC00290): Public Meeting<br>Summary

Staff from the New Mexico Department of Transportation and Bohannan Huston held a public meeting on June 5, 2019 at the Mesilla Community Center.

The Project Team gave a brief presentation review the initial Phase A Study and discuss the updated data collection and analysis for the Phase B Study. The Phase A Study was completed in 2016 by the Mesilla Valley Metropolitan Planning Organization (MVMPO) under the process defined by the NMDOT Location Study Procedures (2015). The Phase A Study identified two (2) preferred alternatives that are being evaluated in further detail by the Phase $B / 1 C / 1 D$ Study. Phases $\mathrm{B} / 1 \mathrm{C} / 1 \mathrm{D}$ are being led by the NMDOT and the project development process continues to follow the NMDOT Location Study Procedures.

The preferred alternatives recommended for further evaluation include a typical section that includes all the features supported by the stakeholder and public with in-road bicycle facilities and pedestrian access on both sides of the corridor. However, this option may be too wide to fit in the current right-of-way available along the majority of the corridor. The second alternative addresses these concerns with narrower sections that could be designed for short distances along the corridor.

The Phase B Study evaluates these alternatives in further detail and the data collected and analysis completed thus far was presented to the stakeholder group. The Project Team presented preliminary results for the traffic analysis, multi-modal level of service, crash analysis, drainage investigation, and right-of-way data collection.

New Mexico Department of Transportation
Bohannan Huston, Inc.
June 7, 2019
Page 2

A question and answer period took place following the presentation. This was followed by an opportunity to view display boards and interact further with the project team.

Meeting attendees raised questions about safety issues along the corridor related to speeding, lighting, and accidents. There were also questions about the preferred alternatives and how they will be implemented along specific sections of the corridor.

Question and answers include the following:
Q: Will additional lighting be added along the corridor?
A: Lighting is concern for residents because it may shine onto your property. For this reason, we will be implementing lighting at intersections and at conflict points.

Q: Will you be widening the road, adding additional lanes, or changing the striping?
A: We do not anticipate acquiring additional ROW or making major changes to the horizontal alignment of the roadway. The vertical alignment is expected to change to mitigate areas of the roadway with ponding issues.

Q: Have you considered just a multi-use path instead of both the multi-use path and bicycle lanes?
A: This was considered in the Phase A Study as Alternative B. Ultimately this alternative was not carried into Phase B because there may be connectivity issues when multi-modal facilities are located on one side of the corridor. The lack of bicycle lanes may also reduce opportunities for all user types because the bicycle lane user may not want to use the multi-use path.

Q: Is it possible to have a hybrid of Alternative $F$ and Alternative $G$ ?
A: Yes, there will be areas with less available ROW that will require a transition between the two alternatives.

Q: Will there be a sound barrier for the properties along the south side of University?
A: A noise study may be conducted to evaluate the existing and future noise.

Q: There are speeding issues along the corridor. Will there be traffic calming options?
A: During 30\% design we will look at traffic calming options. For example, road narrowing features near intersections will require drivers to drive slower and more cautiously.

Q: Will detailed maps of the roadway design be made available?
A: Yes, we will post detailed maps on the NMDOT website and you can locate your property.
Q: Will bicycle accidents increase with the addition of bicycle facilities?
A: Bicycle facilities will attract more usage, which may increase the occurrence of accidents.
However, improvements to bicycle facilities will create a safer corridor for all modes.
Q: What is the length of construction?
Q: Have you compared crashes and traffic volumes against other areas of town?

UNIVERSITY AVENUE CORRIDOR STUDY
PHASE B - DETAILED EVALUATION OF ALTERNATIVES
PUBLIC MEETING
June 5, 2019
5.30 to 7:00 PM
5:30 to 7:00 PM
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Bohannan $\triangle$ Huston

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UNIVERSITY AVENUE CORRIDOR STUDY
PUBLIC MEETING
June 5, 2019
5:30 to 7:00 PM
UNIVERSITY AVENUE CORRIDOR STUDY
phase b - detailed evaluation of alternatives
PUBLIC MEETING
June 5, 2019
5.30 to 7:00 PM
NAME
EMAIL

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$\rightarrow$ principal @ Zia Middle Schorl

UNIVERSITY AVENUE CORRIDOR STUDY
PHASE B - DETAILED EVALUATION OF ALTERNATIVES
PUBLIC MEETING
June 5, 2019
5:30 to 7:00 PM


## UNIVERSITY AVENUE PHASE B

## Public Meeting June 5, 2019

2
U.S. Department of Transportation
Federal Highway Administration

## AGENDA

- Project Update and Schedule
- Review of Purpose and Need
- Discuss Phase A
- Issues and Concerns
- Preferred Alternatives
- Review of Data Collection and Phase B Analys is
- Traffic Analysis
- Drainage Analysis
- Right-of-Way


Bohannan $\Delta$ Huston

## PROJECT UPDATE

- The initial University Avenue Phase A Corridor Study was completed in 2016.
- The previous project was led by the Mesilla Valley MPO and resulted in preferred alternatives for further study along the corridor.
- Since then, the NMDOT has obtained funding to continue through to design and construction.


## PROJECT SCHEDULE

- July 2019- Phase B Report Draft
- December 2019 - Phase C Environmental Investigation and Documentation
- December 2019-30\% Design
- FFY2022-Construction


## PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT SCHEDULE

- May 16- Stakeholder Meeting \# 1
- May 21-Bicycle Pedestrian Advisory Committee (BPAC) \# 1
- June 5 - Public Meeting \# 1
- June 6 - Technical Advis ory Committee (TAC) \# 1
- August - Stakeholder Meeting \#2
- August - BPAC \#2
- September - Public Meeting \#2
- Septem ber - TAC \# 2


## PURPOSE AND NEED

## PUPROSE

Provide an enhanced multi -modal transportation corridor

## NEED

- Safety concerns due to potential pedestrian/bicycle/vehicular conflicts
- Physical deficiencies due to lack of shoulders, pedes trian facilities, and bicycle facilities
- Potential for economic development opportunities as a result of improving connectivity


## PHASE A - ISSUES AND CONCERNS

- Right-of-Way
- Limited in some areas
- Coordination with EBID / LCPS / Private
- EBID
- Proposed improvements will be coordinated with existing EBID facilities
- Utilities
- Minimize relocation


## PHASE A - ALTERNATIVES

- Evaluated 6 Alternatives
- Considered many factors
- Chose Preferred Alternative (F) - Created $7^{\text {th }}$ Alternative (G) - to address limited ROW


## Typical Section F



## Typical Section G



## PHASE B - DETAILED ANALYSIS

- Further Analysis of the 2 Preferred Alternatives
- Traffic Analysis
- Drainage Analysis
- Right-of-Way


## TRAFFIC ANALYSIS

- Existing roadway operation (2019)
- Future roadway operation (2040)
- Proposed growth rate of 1\% for University Ave
- Acceptable LOS and delay for existing

| Intersection | 2019 <br> AM Peak | 2019 <br> PM Peak | 2040 <br> AM Peak | 2040 <br> PM Peak |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Avenida de |  |  |  |  |
| Mesilla | C | B | C | B |
| Teresita | B | B | B | B |
| Boldt | B | B | B | B |
| Camino Castillo | B | B | B | B |
| McDowell | B | B | B | B |
| Camino del Rey | B | C | B | C |
| Old Farm | B | C | C | C |
| Stanford | C | C | C | C |
| Bowman | B | C | C | C |
| Main | C | C | C | C | and future

## MULTI-MODAL LOS ANALYSIS

- LOS based on comfort of user
- Existing roadway has no bicycle or pedestrian facilities - poor LOS
- LOS expected to improve with any bicycle and pedestrian facility addition



## CRASH ANALYSIS

- 2013-2017
- 60 accidents
- 41 at the intersection with Main St
- Property damage and injury crashes no fatal crashes
- Most frequent crash type are rear end crash and side swipe crash
- No crashes involving pedestrians, 1 crash involving bicyclist



## DRAINAGE ANALYSIS

- Potential offsite contributing drainage areas (outside NMDOT ROW)
- North of University from the Laguna

Lateral east

- Identified existing roadway drainage pattern
- Calculated preliminary roadway/ROW runoff based on Alternative F
- Initial potential pond locations and storm drain outfalls



## RIGHT-OF-WAY

- Survey, mapping, and right -of-way in progress
- Will define NMDOT ROW and EBID ROW


## NEXT STEPS

- July 2019- Phase B Report Draft
- Fall $2019-2^{\text {nd }}$ round of public outreach
- December 2019 - Phase C Environmental Investigation and Documentation
- December 2019-30\% Design
- FFY2022-Construction


## QUESTIONS \& COMMENTS

- Alvin Dominguez, PE (BHI) adominguez@bhinc.com
- Mark Salazar, PE (NMDOT) mark.Salazar@state.nm.us


# UNIVERSITY AVENUE CORRIDOR STUDY PHASE B - DETAILED EVALUATION OF ALTERNATIVES PUBLIC MEETING June 5, 2019 

## Please share your thoughts on the Preferred Alternatives


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General Comments
Marsha Williams
lives on
Bicycles along Univ. Ave to Avenida de Mesilla - WB signal recognizes ichanges but EB it does not. Is it a signal problem that an be find?

- Trench across road west of Averida de Mesolla (outside project (omits land in the town of Mesilla) hat a recent trench cut across the road, probably for a- utility and it is very rough for bienchsts.
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Please send questions and comments to Melanie Bishop, Bohannan Huston Inc., by phone (505)923-3340, email mbishop@bhinc.com, or fax (505)798-7988.

# UNIVERSITY AVENUE CORRIDOR STUDY PHASE B - DETAILED EVALUATION OF ALTERNATIVES PUBLIC MEETING June 5, 2019 

## Please share your thoughts on the Preferred Alternatives



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# UNIVERSITY AVENUE CORRIDOR STUDY PHASE B - DETAILED EVALUATION OF ALTERNATIVES PUBLIC MEETING June 5, 2019 

Please share your thoughts on the Preferred Alternatives

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Bohannan $\Delta$ Huston

General Comments
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UNIVERSITY AVENUE CORRIDOR STUDY PHASE B - DETAILED EVALUATION OF ALTERNATIVES PUBLIC MEETING June 5, 2019

Please share your thoughts on the Preferred Alternatives


Use Il' lanes through entire project.
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General Comments $\qquad$
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# UNIVERSITY AVENUE CORRIDOR STUDY PHASE B - DETAILED EVALUATION OF ALTERNATIVES PUBLIC MEETING June 5, 2019 

Please share your thoughts on the Preferred Alternatives



Bohannan $\Delta$ Huston

## Engineering

Spatial Data
Advanced Technologies

## Bohannan $A$ Huston

## MEMORANDUM

DATE: $\quad$ September 13, 2019
TO: New Mexico Department of Transportation

FROM: Bohannan Huston, Inc.

SUBJECT: University Ave Corridor Study Phase B/1C/1D (CN: LC00290): Stakeholder Meeting Summary

Selected stakeholders were invited to attend a meeting to discuss the University Avenue Phase B/1C/1D Corridor Study and provide input on project related issues. The meeting was held on September 5, 2019 at the NMDOT District 1 Solano Complex.

The Project Team gave a brief presentation review the initial Phase A Study and discuss the detailed analysis conducted for the Phase B Study. The Phase A Study was completed in 2016 by the Mesilla Valley Metropolitan Planning Organization (MVMPO) under the process defined by the NMDOT Location Study Procedures (2015). The Phase A Study identified two (2) preferred alternatives that were evaluated in further detail in the Phase B/1C/1D Study. Phases B/1C/1D are being led by the NMDOT and the project development process continues to follow the NMDOT Location Study Procedures.

The preferred alternatives recommended for further evaluation include a typical section that includes all the features supported by the stakeholder and public with in-road bicycle facilities and pedestrian access on both sides of the corridor. However, this option may be too wide to fit in the current right-of-way available along the majority of the corridor. The second alternative addresses these concerns with narrower sections that could be designed for short distances along the corridor.

The Phase B Study evaluated these alternatives in further detail and the preferred alternative selected for construction was presented to the stakeholder group. The Project Team also presented drainage alternatives that were developed as part of the Phase B Study.

Topics that were discussed during the meeting included the following:

- Roadway

0 Las Cruces Public Schools commented that they are looking to address school traffic circulation issues with improvements to ingress and egress.
o There may be further implications for school traffic circulation due to parents who won't be able to park along University Ave during student pick-up times.
o Discussion on roadway and sidewalk lighting options

- Drainage
o Comment of the capacity of the west pipes and the Avenida storm drain...
o Consideration of sub surface ponding or a storm tech system rather than standing ponds.
o Question about utilizing the existing pond in front of Zia Middle School for the additional drainage needs.
- Multi-Modal
o Mike Bartholomew of the City of Las Cruces Transit Section commented that there are six bus stops located on University Ave within the project area. He would like to see the bus stops integrated into the roadway design with ADA bus stops, ramps, and shelters, particularly at Bowman.
o Consideration of a flashing pedestrian crossing for Zia Middle School students.
0 In-road storm grates located in the bicycle lane are hazardous to bicycles.
Previous discussion:
- Multi-Modal Considerations

0 The corridor will require 12-foot lanes to accommodate buses.
0 There is a transit route that accesses University Ave from Bowman Ave.
o The presence of both 5-foot bicycle lanes and multi-use trail is important for the different user types using the corridor.
O A multi-use trail extends from Calle del Norte along the Rio Grande. This could be an opportunity for trail connectivity by utilizing EBID laterals and drains west of the middle school

0 There is a general obligation bond available for trails - coordinate with Tony on decisions for potential trail tie-ins.
o The MVMPO has Strava data available.

- Roadway Design
o The existing turn-lane in front of the school will be considered during the project design phase.
o Considerations for the intersection of University Ave with the railroad include bicycle and pedestrian connectivity and potential to sync the controllers. These decisions will be finalized following the preliminary design phase.
- Traffic and Safety
o Consider completing a speed study.
0 Conditions are dangerous for pedestrians in front of the school during school drop-off and pick-up times.

New Mexico Department of Transportation
Bohannan Huston, Inc.
September 13, 2019
Page 3
o Conditions are dangerous for bicycles and pedestrians at the intersection of University Ave and Main St and east through the underpass. Striping may resolve this issue.
o There is a general obligation bond available to reconstruct the student pick-up area for the middle school - coordinate with Las Cruces Public Schools.

- Drainage
o Water pools at the intersection of University Ave and Bowman Ave when it rains.
o The Park Drain north of University Ave will have a change of ownership
o College lateral that runs along University Ave will go underground. The removal of this berm may have perceived noise and/or safety impacts on nearby residents.

Attachments:
Sign in sheet
PowerPoint Presentation

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| Gabriel Boyle | gabriel.boyle@state.nm.us | $\square T$ |
| George Pearson | george@nmbikesummit.org | D1 |
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| Hollis Lawrence | hollisp.lawrence@state.nm.us |  |
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| John Knopp |  |  |
| Jolene Herrera | jolenem.herrera@state.nm.us | $\cos 4 \theta$ |
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| Mayor Nora Barraza | noralbarraza@comcast.net | 70ac 2auc |
| Meei-Huey Montoya | mmontoya@las-cruces.org |  |
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| Rene Molina | renem@donaanacounty.org | $x^{2}=$ |
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| Tony Trevino | ttrevino@las-cruces.org | O |

## SIGN IN SHEET

STAKEHOLDER MEETING
SEPTEMBER 5, 2019
1:15-3:00 PM
NAME

Dana Lea
David Maestes
Gabe Jacquez
Gabriel Boyle
Gloria Martinez
Greg Walke
Harold Love
Heather Watenpaugh
Hector Terrazas
Hollis Lawrence
John Gwynne
John Knopp
Jolene Herrera
Lugarda Lopez
Mark Salazar
Mayor Nora Barraza
Meei-Huey Montoya
Michael McAdams
Mike Bartholomew
Rene Molina
Richard Hanway
Rod McGillivrey
Scott Eschenbrenner
Sherrie Aland
Steven Loring
Tina Byford
Todd Gregory
Tony Trevino


# PUBLIC INFORMATION MEEIING <br> The New Mexico Department of Transportation invites you to a public meeting for the 

The New Mexico Department of Transportation is conducting an open house to collect input on the preferred alternative selected for roadway and drainage improvements for the University Ave Corridor Study. The Study evaluated the transportation needs to enhance the existing two-lane roadway from Avenida de Mesilla to S. Main Street. The corridor is highly used by pedestrians and bicycles with access to Zia Middle School, local neighborhoods, and as a gateway to connect the Town of Mesilla, City of Las Cruces, and New Mexico State University.

The purpose of the open house is to review findings from the study, present recommendations for improvement, and solicit input from the community.

To request Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)- related accommodations for the meeting, contact Melanie Bishop at mbishop@bhinc.com at least two days before the meeting. Para información en español contacte (505)923-3341.

Written comments will be accepted at the public information meeting, or they may be mailed or faxed to Melanie Bishop, Bohannan Huston Inc, 7500 Jefferson St. NE, Albuquerque, NM 87109, phone (505)9233340, email mbishop@bhinc.com or fax (505)798-7988.

DATE \& TIME:
Tuesday, September 10, 2019
From 5:30 to 7:00 PM

LOCATION:
Mesilla Community Center
2251 Calle de Santiago
Mesilla, NM


Project Area Map

## Bohannan $\Delta$ Huston

## MEMORANDUM

## DATE: $\quad$ September 13, 2019

TO: New Mexico Department of Transportation

FROM: Bohannan Huston, Inc.

SUBJECT: University Ave Corridor Study Phase B/1C/1D (CN: LC00290): Public Meeting
Summary

Staff from the New Mexico Department of Transportation and Bohannan Huston held a public meeting on September 10, 2019 at the Mesilla Community Center.

The Project Team gave a brief presentation review the initial Phase A Study and discuss the detailed analysis conducted for the Phase B Study. The Phase A Study was completed in 2016 by the Mesilla Valley Metropolitan Planning Organization (MVMPO) under the process defined by the NMDOT Location Study Procedures (2015). The Phase A Study identified two (2) preferred alternatives that were evaluated in further detail in the Phase $B / 1 C / 1 D$ Study. Phases $B / 1 C / 1 D$ are being led by the NMDOT and the project development process continues to follow the NMDOT Location Study Procedures.

The preferred alternatives recommended for further evaluation include a typical section that includes all the features supported by the stakeholder and public with in-road bicycle facilities and pedestrian access on both sides of the corridor. However, this option may be too wide to fit in the current right-of-way available along the majority of the corridor. The second alternative addresses these concerns with narrower sections that could be designed for short distances along the corridor.

The Phase B Study evaluated these alternatives in further detail and the preferred alternative selected for construction was presented to the stakeholder group. The Project Team also presented drainage alternatives that were developed as part of the Phase B Study.

New Mexico Department of Transportation
Bohannan Huston, Inc.
September 13, 2019
Page 2

A question and answer period took place following the presentation. This was followed by an opportunity to view display boards and interact further with the project team.

Meeting attendees raised questions about the drainage alternatives and implications for ponding.
Question and answers include the following:
Q: Did you measure noise during the weekend evenings?
A: No, we measure during the peak hour when traffic volumes are heaviest.
Q: Have you considered safety for the pedestrians who use the Laguna Lateral?
A: We will identify safe crossing locations and safety for pedestrians along the roadway.
Q: How will you address insect control at the ponding locations?
A: The ponds must drain within 96 hours, which will reduce the insect attraction. There will also be maintenance responsibilities for insect spaying by the NMDOT. We will also investigate soil types, groundwater levels, etc.

Q: Who is responsible for maintenance of ponds?
A: There may be a Memo of Agreement and Maintenance Agreement between agencies.
Q: How deep are the ponds?
A: The depth of the ponds will be identified during preliminary design when configurations are determined.

Q: Can you discharge the stormwater into the nearby laterals?
A: No, there are regulations against discharging stormwater into laterals.
Q: Will there be vegetation along the roadway?
A: Landscaping and aesthetics will be incorporated into the preliminary design, with considerations for water harvesting options in the sidewalk buffer areas.

Q: Ponding on the Zia Middle School field will interrupt day-to-day use (PE, community use, sports practice).

A: We will continue to coordinate with the school district.
Q: Ponding on the Zia Middle School field may cause health risks to students.
A: Draining of the pond will meet minimum criteria for draining with 96 hours.
Q: Instead of ponding why not upgrade and tie into the existing storm drain system?
A: If it alleviates issues and if funding is available that may be possible.

UNIVERSITY AVENUE CORRIDOR STUDY
phase b - detailed evaluation of alternatives

[^0]
## 59.4-0589

$575-527-6002$
525-496-6054
575-524-2740
$575-644-2020$
575-523-8849

 NAME

## Paul \& Auncobselle Robson

 Tobsy STOUTBoh FPam Weover
Dorla*Tom Devine
bovia $r$ om
Terrie Dallina
Michae At. Me Apans
Michal N. M (Man)
Marcia Davis
DAVID KEGEL
Jeff a Ashleigh Curry
SHINLEY STOTZ
Gerce Peausm
Tharaí + Bill Dairdson
575-312-06/2

UNIVERSITY AVENUE CORRIDOR STUDY
PHASE B - DETAILED EVALUATION OF ALTERNATIVES

## PUBLIC MEETING <br> September 10, 2019 <br> 5:30 to 7:00 PM

U.s. oparatment firraspontataion
Adminal Highway
Adinistration

> New Mexico opanamen of
TRANSPORTATION
> H
> Bohannan $\Delta$ Huston
PHONE NUMBER

| NAME | EMAIL | PHONE NUMBER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Kewt Vonkmin | Kutvolkumay artos.cans | Г) $5-449-9240$ |
| Steven Saineher | stsancherelcps. net | $575-527-6630$ |
| E. KathleenGardnex | Kgardner@lops.net | $(575) 527-9475$ |
| Sinielvar | On:.evan@stake.nu. (es | $575-640-5981$ |
| Michael Montoru | mmontoya elaps.net | 575-527-5917 |
| Gabe Jacauts | gjarquiz a lcps. net | 575-435-7605 |
| Joan Woodward | jhirschman co cpp. edo | $575 \quad 5274640$ |
| Cruz A. Remos | cramos(a) las-cruces.org | $4-541-2140$ |
| D. Blake Stogner | davinblake@gmail.com | 575-444-6919 |
| DAVE WRIGHT | GROSOAPQ GMAIL.COM | " 636-5230 |
| Karen Tryill. | Ktrujillolcegmail.com | $\begin{array}{lllll}525 & 5275807\end{array}$ |
| 中ristine Hanson | Khanson 1 P/ops.net | $575-640-0591$ |

UNIVERSITY AVENUE CORRIDOR STUDY
PHASE B - DETAILED EVALUATION OF ALTERNATIVES
PUBLIC MEETING
September 10, 2019
5:30 to 7:00 PM

PHONE NUMBER
275.528 .3010
з

## Marcia Williams

## JEROME WALKER

Bonnie Poloner
Can Goner
Terf Jansen
arks
steve arks
Eldon Ayers
L ppinja
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Donna Vargas
Judy Houston
the Raymond
First Bolleter


## UNIVERSITY AVENUE PHASE B

Stakeholder Meeting September 5, 2019

e
U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration

Bohannan / Huston

## AGENDA

- Purpose and Need
- Project Background
- Detailed Evaluation of Alternatives / Phase B
- Preferred Alternative


Bohannan $\Delta$ Huston

## PURPOSE AND NEED

## PUPROSE

Provide an enhanced multi-modal transportation corridor

## NEED

- Safety concerns due to potential pedestrian/bicycle/vehicular conflicts
- Physical deficiencies due to lack of shoulders, pedestrian facilities, and bicycle facilities
- Potential for economic development opportunities as a result of improving connectivity


## PROJECT BACKGROUND

- The initial University Avenue Phase A Corridor Study was completed in 2016.
- The previous project was led by the Mesilla Valley MPO and resulted in preferred alternatives for further study along the corridor.
- Since then, the NMDOT has obtained funding to continue through to design and construction.


## PREVIOUS PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT ACTIVITIES

- May 16 - Stakeholder Meeting \#1
- May 21 - Bicycle Pedestrian Advisory Committee (BPAC) \#1
- June 5 - Public Meeting \#1
- June 6 - Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) \#1
- June 12 - Policy Committee


## PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT SCHEDULE

- September 5 - Stakeholder Meeting \#2
- September 5 - MVMPO Technical Advisory Committee \#2
- September 10 - Public Meeting \#2
- September 11 - MVMPO Policy Committee \#2
- September 17 - MVMPO Bicycle Pedestrian Advisory Committee \#2


## PHASE A - ALTERNATIVES

- Evaluated 6 Alternatives
- Considered many factors
- Chose Preferred Alternative (F)
- Created $7^{\text {th }}$ Alternative (G)
- to address limited ROW


## Typical Section F



## Typical Section G



## PHASE B - DETAILED ANALYSIS

- Roadway Evaluation Metrics
- Drainage Evaluation Metrics


## ROADWAY EVALUATION METRICS

| Evaluation Metrics | No-Build | Alternative F | Alternative G |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Meets Purpose and Need | $-1-$ | $-5-$ | $-5-$ |
| Traffic Operations | $-3-$ | $-5-$ | $-5-$ |
| Multi-Modal Access | $-1-$ | $-5-$ | $-4-$ |
| Safety | $-3-$ | $-5-$ | $-4-$ |
| Access Management | $-3-$ | $-5-$ | $-5-$ |
| Constructability | $-5-$ | $-3-$ | $-2-$ |
| Right-of-Way | $-5-$ | $-2-$ | $-3-$ |
| Cost | $-5-$ | $-1-$ | $-1-$ |
| Environmental Resources | $-5-$ | $-5-$ | $-5-$ |
| Social Impacts | $-3-$ | $-4-$ | $-5-$ |
| Community Support | $-1-$ | $-5-$ | $-4-$ |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{3 5}$ | $\mathbf{4 5}$ | $\mathbf{4 3}$ |

## DRAINAGE EVALUATION

- Four proposed drainage alternatives
- Two west of College Lateral
- Two east of College Lateral
- Considers
- Right-of-way needs
- Engineering feasibility
- Drainage operation
- Potential environmental impact
- Any drainage alternative can be paired with the preferred roadway alternative


## DRAINAGE EVALUATION ALTERNATIVE W1

- Runoff will be conveyed to one pond:
- Pond W1 - southeast corner of University Ave and Avenida de Mesilla
- 0.5-acre tract was acquired by NMDOT in the early 1990s



## DRAINAGE EVALUATION ALTERNATIVE W2

- Runoff will be conveyed to two ponds:
- Pond W2-A - southeast corner of University Ave and Avenida de Mesilla
- Pond W2-B - Zia Middle School field
- Will require coordination with Zia Middle School



## DRAINAGE EVALUATION ALTERNATIVE E1

- Runoff will be conveyed to one pond:
- Pond E1 - northwest corner of University Ave and Main Street (west of the railroad)
- Site is partially on existing NMDOT right-ofway and a portion is owned by NMSU


Bohannan $\Delta$ Huston


- Existing Road Slope Direction



## DRAINAGE EVALUATION ALTERNATIVE E2

- Runoff will be conveyed to two ponds:
- Pond E2-A - northwest corner of University Ave and Stanford Street
- Pond E2-B - northwest corner of University Ave and Main Street (west of the railroad)
- Will require property owner coordination
- Easement along Old Farm Road considered


Bohannan $\Delta$ Huston


| Roadway High \& Low Points (Existing) | EBID Facilites | $\square$ offsite Subbasins |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\triangle$ High | $\sim$ Proposed Trunk Storm Drain (24*) | $\square$ Parcels |
| Low | $\square$ Conceptual Pond Footprint | --- Existing CME |
| Existing Road Slope Direction | Corridor Drainage Subbasins |  |

University Avenue Corridor Study - Phase B

Drainage Alternative

## DRAINAGE EVALUATION METRICS

| Evaluation Metrics | No-Build | Alternative <br> $\mathbf{W} 1$ | Alternative <br> W2 | Alternative <br> E1 | Alternative <br> E2 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Meets Purpose and <br> Need | $-1-$ | $-5-$ | $-5-$ | $-5-$ | $-5-$ |
| Long-Term Benefits | $-1-$ | $-3-$ | $-5-$ | $-3-$ | $-5-$ |
| Land Use | $-5-$ | $-3-$ | $-2-$ | $-3-$ | $-1-$ |
| Constructability | $-5-$ | $-1-$ | $-3-$ | $-1-$ | $-3-$ |
| Right-of-Way | $-5-$ | $-3-$ | $-3-$ | $-3-$ | $-2-$ |
| Cost | $-5-$ | $-1-$ | $-3-$ | $-1-$ | $-3-$ |
| Environmental | $-5-$ | $-5-$ | $-5-$ | $-5-$ | $-5-$ |
| Resources | $-3-$ | $-3-$ | $-2-$ | $-3-$ | $-3-$ |
| Social Impacts | $-1-$ | $-4-$ | $-4-$ | $-4-$ | $-4-$ |
| Community Support | $\mathbf{3 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 8}$ | $\mathbf{3 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 8}$ | $\mathbf{3 1}$ |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |

## NEXT STEPS

- September/October 2019 - Phase B Final Report
- December 2019 - Phase C Environmental Investigation and Documentation
- December 2019 - 30\% Design
- FFY2022-Construction


## CONCLUSIONS

- Preferred roadway alternative
- Alternative F - McDowell to Main Street
- Alternative F (no buffer) - Avenida de Mesilla to McDowell
- Ponding for drainage alternative
- Alternative W2
- Alternative E2



## Modified Typical Section F



## Typical Section F



## QUESTIONS \& COMMENTS

- Alvin Dominguez, PE (BHI) adominguez@bhinc.com
- Mark Salazar, PE (NMDOT) mark.Salazar@state.nm.us

UNIVERSITY Y AVENUE CORRIDOR STUDY PHASE B - DETAILED EVALUATION OF ALTERNATIVES PUBLIC MEETING September 10, 2019

Name: loan Woodward, FASLA
Address: P8 679 Fair acres NM 88033
Please share your thoughts on the Preferred Alternative
Landscaped buffers, stormwater ponds and rights -of -
way must be included + highlighted in design. stormwater hor vesting opportunities
should be stressed to set a good regional example for this important project! Thank you.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Please send questions and comments to Melanie Bishop, Bohannan Huston Inc., by phone (505)923-3340, email mbishop@bhinc.com, or fax (505)798-7988.
$\square$
$\square$

UNIVERSITY AVENUE CORRIDOR STUDY PHASE B - DETAILED EVALUATION OF ALTERNATIVES PUBLIC MEETING September 10, 2019

Name:


Address:


$$
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Please share your thoughts on the Preferred Alternative
$\qquad$

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Please send questions and comments to Melanie Bishop, Bohannan Huston Inc., by phone (505)923-3340, email mbishop@bhinc.com, or fax (505)798-7988.

## Appendix B | Traffic Analysis

|  | 4 |  |  | 7 |  |  | 4 | 4 | $p$ |  | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
| Lane Configurations |  | $\uparrow$ |  |  | $\uparrow$ | F | \% | $\hat{\beta}$ |  | \% | $\hat{\beta}$ |  |
| Traffic Volume (veh/h) | 58 | 100 | 31 | 34 | 84 | 126 | 23 | 271 | 69 | 95 | 150 | 65 |
| Future Volume (veh/h) | 58 | 100 | 31 | 34 | 84 | 126 | 23 | 271 | 69 | 95 | 150 | 65 |
| Initial $\mathrm{Q}(\mathrm{Qb})$, veh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT) | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |
| Parking Bus, Adj | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Work Zone On Approach |  | No |  |  | No |  |  | No |  |  | No |  |
| Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln | 1841 | 1841 | 1841 | 1856 | 1856 | 1856 | 1841 | 1841 | 1841 | 1856 | 1856 | 1856 |
| Adj Flow Rate, veh/h | 65 | 112 | 35 | 38 | 94 | 142 | 26 | 304 | 78 | 107 | 169 | 73 |
| Peak Hour Factor | 0.89 | 0.89 | 0.89 | 0.89 | 0.89 | 0.89 | 0.89 | 0.89 | 0.89 | 0.89 | 0.89 | 0.89 |
| Percent Heavy Veh, \% | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Cap, veh/h | 169 | 275 | 77 | 170 | 395 | 480 | 641 | 636 | 163 | 544 | 580 | 251 |
| Arrive On Green | 0.31 | 0.31 | 0.31 | 0.31 | 0.31 | 0.31 | 0.07 | 0.45 | 0.45 | 0.09 | 0.47 | 0.47 |
| Sat Flow, veh/h | 381 | 900 | 253 | 389 | 1292 | 1572 | 1753 | 1413 | 363 | 1767 | 1229 | 531 |
| Grp Volume(v), veh/h | 212 | 0 | 0 | 132 | 0 | 142 | 26 | 0 | 382 | 107 | 0 | 242 |
| Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln | 1534 | 0 | 0 | 1681 | 0 | 1572 | 1753 | 0 | 1775 | 1767 | 0 | 1760 |
| Q Serve(g_s), s | 4.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.2 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 13.6 | 2.6 | 0.0 | 7.6 |
| Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s | 9.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.8 | 0.0 | 6.2 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 13.6 | 2.6 | 0.0 | 7.6 |
| Prop In Lane | 0.31 |  | 0.17 | 0.29 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 0.20 | 1.00 |  | 0.30 |
| Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h | 521 | 0 | 0 | 565 | 0 | 480 | 641 | 0 | 799 | 544 | 0 | 831 |
| V/C Ratio(X) | 0.41 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.23 | 0.00 | 0.30 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.48 | 0.20 | 0.00 | 0.29 |
| Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h | 521 | 0 | 0 | 565 | 0 | 480 | 641 | 0 | 799 | 544 | 0 | 831 |
| HCM Platoon Ratio | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Upstream Filter(1) | 1.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 |
| Uniform Delay (d), s/veh | 24.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 23.4 | 0.0 | 23.9 | 10.6 | 0.0 | 17.3 | 11.1 | 0.0 | 14.5 |
| Incr Delay (d2), s/veh | 2.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 1.6 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 0.9 |
| Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| \%ile BackOfQ(95\%),veh/ln | 7.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.0 | 0.0 | 4.4 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 9.7 | 1.9 | 0.0 | 5.6 |
| Unsig. Movement Delay, s/veh |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh | 27.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 24.3 | 0.0 | 25.4 | 10.7 | 0.0 | 19.4 | 11.9 | 0.0 | 15.4 |
| LnGrp LOS | C | A | A | C | A | C | B | A | B | B | A | B |
| Approach Vol, veh/h |  | 212 |  |  | 274 |  |  | 408 |  |  | 349 |  |
| Approach Delay, s/veh |  | 27.2 |  |  | 24.9 |  |  | 18.8 |  |  | 14.3 |  |
| Approach LOS |  | C |  |  | C |  |  | B |  |  | B |  |
| Timer - Assigned Phs | 1 | 2 |  | 4 | 5 | 6 |  | 8 |  |  |  |  |
| Phs Duration ( $\mathrm{G}+\mathrm{Y}+\mathrm{Rc}$ ), s | 13.0 | 45.0 |  | 32.0 | 11.0 | 47.0 |  | 32.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Change Period ( $\mathrm{Y}+\mathrm{Rc}$ ), s | 4.5 | 4.5 |  | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 |  | 4.5 |  |  |  |  |
| Max Green Setting (Gmax), s | 8.5 | 40.5 |  | 27.5 | 6.5 | 42.5 |  | 27.5 |  |  |  |  |
| Max Q Clear Time (g_c+11), s | 4.6 | 15.6 |  | 11.6 | 2.6 | 9.6 |  | 8.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Green Ext Time (p_c), s | 0.1 | 2.5 |  | 1.1 | 0.0 | 1.5 |  | 1.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Intersection Summary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HCM 6th Ctrl DelayHCM 6th LOS |  |  | 20.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



| Major/Minor | Major1 | Major2 |  | Minor2 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 238 | 0 | - | 0 | 509 | 238 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 238 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 271 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.13 | - | - | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.227 | - | - | -3.518 | 3.318 |  |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 1323 | - | - | - | 524 | 801 |
| $\quad$ Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 802 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 775 | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% |  | - | - | - |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 1323 | - | - | - | 522 | 801 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 522 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 800 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 775 | - |


| Approach | EB | WB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0.1 | 0 | 10.3 |
| HCM LOS |  |  | B |


| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR SBLn1 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Capacity (veh/h) | 1323 | - | - | - | 695 |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.002 | - | - | -0.021 |  |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 7.7 | 0 | - | -10.3 |  |
| HCM Lane LOS | A | A | - | - | B |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) | 0 | - | - | - | 0.1 |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 0.1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR | SBL | SBR |
| Lane Configurations |  | $\uparrow$ | $\mathbf{1}$ |  | MF |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 0 | 264 | 229 | 1 | 4 | 1 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 0 | 264 | 229 | 1 | 4 | 1 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, $\#$ | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 99 | 99 | 99 | 99 | 99 | 99 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 0 | 267 | 231 | 1 | 4 | 1 |


| Major/Minor | Major1 | Major2 |  | Minor2 |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 232 | 0 | - | 0 | 499 | 232 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 232 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 267 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.13 | - | - | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.227 | - | - | -3.518 | 3.318 |  |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 1330 | - | - | - | 531 | 807 |
| $\quad$ Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 807 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 778 | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% |  | - | - | - |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 1330 | - | - | - | 531 | 807 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 531 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 807 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 778 | - |


| Approach | EB | WB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0 | 0 | 11.4 |
| HCM LOS |  | $B$ |  |


| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR SBLn1 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Capacity (veh/h) | 1330 | - | - | -570 |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | - | - | - | -0.009 |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 0 | - | - | -11.4 |
| HCM Lane LOS | A | - | - | - |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) | 0 | - | - | - |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 0.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | NBL |  |  |
| Lane Configurations | F |  |  | $\uparrow$ | M |  |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 260 | 6 | 2 | 226 | 4 | 9 |  |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 260 | 6 | 2 | 226 | 4 | 9 |  |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |  |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |  |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |  |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | \# 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |  |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |  |
| Peak Hour Factor | 97 | 97 | 97 | 97 | 97 | 97 |  |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 |  |
| Mvmt Flow | 268 | 6 | 2 | 233 | 4 | 9 |  |


| Major/Minor | Major1 | Major2 |  |  | Minor1 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 0 | 0 | 274 | 0 | 508 | 271 |  |
| $\quad$ Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 271 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 237 | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy | - | - | 4.13 | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |  |

Critical Hdwy Stg 2 - $\quad-\quad-\quad-5.42 \quad-$
Follow-up Hdwy - $\quad$ - $2.227 \quad-3.5183 .318$
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver - 1283 - 525768
Stage 1 - - - 775
Stage 2 - - - 802

| Platoon blocked, \% | - | - | - |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | - | -1283 | - | 524 |

Mov Cap-2 Maneuver - - - 524
Stage 1 - - - 773
Stage 2 - - - 802

| Approach | EB | WB | NB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0 | 0.1 | 10.5 |
| HCM LOS |  | B |  |


| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | NBLn1 | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Capacity (veh/h) | 672 | - | - | 1283 | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.02 | - | -0.002 | - |  |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 10.5 | - | - | 7.8 | 0 |
| HCM Lane LOS | B | - | - | A | A |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) | 0.1 | - | - | 0 | - |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 1.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBR |
| Lane Configurations | $\uparrow$ |  |  | $\mathbf{T}$ | Mr |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 278 | 11 | 14 | 208 | 28 | 37 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 278 | 11 | 14 | 208 | 28 | 37 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 5 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 299 | 12 | 15 | 224 | 30 | 40 |


| Major/Minor | Major1 | Major2 |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 0 | 0 | 311 | 0 | 559 | 305 |
| $\quad$ Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 305 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 254 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | - | - | 4.12 | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | - | -2.218 | -3.518 | 3.318 |  |  |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 1249 | - | 490 | 735 |
| $\quad$ Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 748 | - |
| $\quad$ Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 788 | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% | - | - | - |  |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 1249 | - | 483 | 735 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 483 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | -738 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 788 | - |


|  | EB | WB | NB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Approach | 0.5 | 11.8 |  |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0 | 0 | $B$ |




| Major/Minor | Major1 | Major2 |  |  | Minor2 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 87 | 0 | - | 0 | 513 | 87 |  |
| $\quad$ Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 87 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 426 | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.14 | - | - | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |  |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.236 | - | - | - | 3.518 | 3.318 |  |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 1496 | - | - | - | 521 | 971 |  |
| $\quad$ Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 936 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 659 | - |  |
| Platoon blocked, \% |  | - | - | - |  |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 1496 | - | - | - | 520 | 971 |  |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 520 | - |  |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 935 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 659 | - |  |


| Approach | EB | WB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0 | 0 | 10.3 |
| HCM LOS |  | $B$ |  |


| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR SBLn1 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Capacity (veh/h) | 1496 | - | - | -677 |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.001 | - | - | -0.003 |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 7.4 | 0 | - | -10.3 |
| HCM Lane LOS | A | A | - | - |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) | 0 | - | - | - |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 0.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR | SBL |  |  |
| Lane Configurations |  | $\uparrow$ | 个 |  | * |  |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 4 | 357 | 336 | 8 | 8 | 7 |  |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 4 | 357 | 336 | 8 | 8 | 7 |  |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |  |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |  |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |  |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# |  | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |  |
| Grade, \% | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |  |
| Peak Hour Factor | 87 | 87 | 87 | 87 | 87 | 87 |  |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 2 | 2 |  |
| Mvmt Flow | 5 | 410 | 386 | 9 | 9 | 8 |  |


| Major/Minor | Major1 | Major2 |  |  | Minor2 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 395 | 0 | - | 0 | 811 | 391 |  |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 391 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 420 | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.14 | - | - | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |  |

Critical Hdwy Stg $2 \quad-\quad-\quad-\quad . \quad 5.42 \quad$ -
Follow-up Hdwy 2.236 - $\quad$ - 3.5183 .318
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver 1153 - $\quad$ - 349658
Stage 1 - - - - 683
Stage $2 \quad-\quad-\quad-\quad-663$

Platoon blocked, \%
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver 1153 - $\quad$ - 347658
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver - - - 347
Stage 1 - $\quad-\quad-679$
Stage 2 - - - 663

| Approach | EB | WB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0.1 | 0 | 13.4 |
| HCM LOS |  |  | $B$ |


| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR SBLn1 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Capacity (veh/h) | 1153 | - | - | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.004 | - | - | -0.039 |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 8.1 | 0 | - | -13.4 |
| HCM Lane LOS | A | A | - | - |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) | 0 | - | - | - |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 1.7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR | SBL | SBR |
| Lane Configurations |  | $\neq$ | $\uparrow$ |  | Mr |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 19 | 343 | 318 | 22 | 52 | 25 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 19 | 343 | 318 | 22 | 52 | 25 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, $\#$ | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 21 | 381 | 353 | 24 | 58 | 28 |


| Major/Minor | Major1 | Major2 |  | Minor2 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Confficting Flow All | 377 | 0 | - | 0 | 788 |
| $\quad$ Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 365 |
| $\quad$ Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 423 |


| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 661 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- | :--- |
| Platoon blocked, \% |  | - | - | - |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 1181 | - | - | - | 352 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 352 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 686 |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 661 |


| Approach | EB | WB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0.4 | 0 | 15.8 |
| HCM LOS |  |  | C |


| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR SBLn1 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Capacity (veh/h) | 1181 | - | - | -417 |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.018 | - | - | -0.205 |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 8.1 | 0 | - | -15.8 |
| HCM Lane LOS | A | A | - | - |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) | 0.1 | - | - | - |
| C | 0.8 |  |  |  |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBR |
| Lane Configurations | $\uparrow$ |  |  | $\uparrow$ | Mr |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 379 | 16 | 18 | 322 | 18 | 27 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 379 | 16 | 18 | 322 | 18 | 27 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| Heavy Vehicles, $\%$ | 3 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 416 | 18 | 20 | 354 | 20 | 30 |


| Major/Minor | Major1 |  | Major2 |  | Minor1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 0 | 0 | 434 | 0 | 819 | 425 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 425 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 394 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | - | - | 4.15 |  | 6.42 | 6.22 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | - | - | 2.245 | - | 3.518 | 3.318 |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 1110 | - | 345 | 629 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 659 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 681 | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% | - | - |  | - |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 1110 | - | 337 | 629 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 337 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 645 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 681 | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach | EB |  | WB |  | NB |  |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0 |  | 0.4 |  | 13.6 |  |
| HCM LOS |  |  |  |  | B |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt |  | NBLn1 | EBT | EBR | WBL WBT |  |
| Capacity (veh/h) |  | 467 | - | - | 1110 | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio |  | 0.106 | - |  | 0.018 | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s) |  | 13.6 | - | - | 8.3 | 0 |
| HCM Lane LOS |  | B | - | - | A | A |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) |  | 0.4 | - | - | 0.1 | - |


| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lane Configurations | ＊ | 中 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | ＊ | 中 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | ${ }^{7}$ | 中4 | 「 | ${ }^{*}$ | 中t |  |
| Traffic Volume（veh／h） | 110 | 216 | 84 | 120 | 157 | 9 | 108 | 650 | 237 | 7 | 323 | 78 |
| Future Volume（veh／h） | 110 | 216 | 84 | 120 | 157 | 9 | 108 | 650 | 237 | 7 | 323 | 78 |
| Initial Q（Qb），veh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ped－Bike Adj（A＿pbT） | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |
| Parking Bus，Adj | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Work Zone On Approach |  | No |  |  | No |  |  | No |  |  | No |  |
| Adj Sat Flow，veh／h／ln | 1856 | 1856 | 1856 | 1826 | 1826 | 1826 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 |
| Adj Flow Rate，veh／h | 116 | 227 | 88 | 126 | 165 | 9 | 114 | 684 | 249 | 7 | 340 | 82 |
| Peak Hour Factor | 0.95 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 0.95 |
| Percent Heavy Veh，\％ | 3 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Cap，veh／h | 514 | 571 | 215 | 456 | 874 | 47 | 500 | 1362 | 608 | 331 | 997 | 237 |
| Arrive On Green | 0.09 | 0.23 | 0.23 | 0.13 | 0.26 | 0.26 | 0.09 | 0.38 | 0.38 | 0.06 | 0.35 | 0.35 |
| Sat Flow，veh／h | 1767 | 2506 | 943 | 1739 | 3346 | 181 | 1781 | 3554 | 1585 | 1781 | 2847 | 678 |
| Grp Volume（v），veh／h | 116 | 158 | 157 | 126 | 85 | 89 | 114 | 684 | 249 | 7 | 210 | 212 |
| Grp Sat Flow（s），veh／h／ln | 1767 | 1763 | 1686 | 1739 | 1735 | 1793 | 1781 | 1777 | 1585 | 1781 | 1777 | 1748 |
| Q Serve（g＿s），s | 4.3 | 6.8 | 7.2 | 4.5 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 13.2 | 10.3 | 0.2 | 7.9 | 8.1 |
| Cycle Q Clear（g＿c），s | 4.3 | 6.8 | 7.2 | 4.5 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 13.2 | 10.3 | 0.2 | 7.9 | 8.1 |
| Prop In Lane | 1.00 |  | 0.56 | 1.00 |  | 0.10 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 0.39 |
| Lane Grp Cap（c），veh／h | 514 | 402 | 384 | 456 | 453 | 468 | 500 | 1362 | 608 | 331 | 622 | 612 |
| V／C Ratio（X） | 0.23 | 0.39 | 0.41 | 0.28 | 0.19 | 0.19 | 0.23 | 0.50 | 0.41 | 0.02 | 0.34 | 0.35 |
| Avail Cap（c＿a），veh／h | 514 | 402 | 384 | 456 | 453 | 468 | 500 | 1362 | 608 | 331 | 622 | 612 |
| HCM Platoon Ratio | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Upstream Filter（I） | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Uniform Delay（d），s／veh | 22.1 | 29.5 | 29.6 | 20.2 | 25.8 | 25.9 | 15.0 | 21.2 | 20.3 | 16.3 | 21.6 | 21.6 |
| Incr Delay（d2），s／veh | 1.0 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 1.5 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 2.0 | 0.1 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| Initial Q Delay（d3），s／veh | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| \％ile BackOfQ（95\％），veh／ln | 3.4 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 3.5 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 9.4 | 7.3 | 0.2 | 6.2 | 6.3 |
| Unsig．Movement Delay，s／veh |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LnGrp Delay（d），s／veh | 23.1 | 32.3 | 32.8 | 21.7 | 26.8 | 26.8 | 16.1 | 22.5 | 22.3 | 16.4 | 23.0 | 23.2 |
| LnGrp LOS | C | C | C | C | C | C | B | C | C | B | C | C |
| Approach Vol，veh／h |  | 431 |  |  | 300 |  |  | 1047 |  |  | 429 |  |
| Approach Delay，s／veh |  | 30.0 |  |  | 24.6 |  |  | 21.8 |  |  | 23.0 |  |
| Approach LOS |  | C |  |  | C |  |  | C |  |  | C |  |


| Timer－Assigned Phs | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Phs Duration（G＋Y＋Rc），s | 10.0 | 39.0 | 16.0 | 25.0 | 13.0 | 36.0 | 13.0 | 28.0 |
| Change Period（Y＋Rc），s | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 |
| Max Green Setting（Gmax），s | 5.5 | 34.5 | 11.5 | 20.5 | 8.5 | 31.5 | 8.5 | 23.5 |
| Max Q Clear Time（g＿c＋I1），s | 2.2 | 15.2 | 6.5 | 9.2 | 5.4 | 10.1 | 6.3 | 5.5 |
| Green Ext Time（p＿c），s | 0.0 | 5.5 | 0.1 | 1.4 | 0.1 | 2.5 | 0.1 | 0.8 |

## Intersection Summary

HCM 6th Ctrl Delay 24.0
HCM 6th LOS
C

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 0.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR | SBL | SBR |  |
| Lane Configurations |  | 4 | $\uparrow$ |  | * |  |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 4 | 183 | 263 | 6 | 2 | 7 |  |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 4 | 183 | 263 | 6 | 2 | 7 |  |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Sign Control F | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |  |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |  |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |  |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | \# | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |  |
| Grade, \% | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |  |
| Peak Hour Factor | 87 | 87 | 87 | 87 | 87 | 87 |  |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |
| Mvmt Flow | 5 | 210 | 302 | 7 | 2 | 8 |  |


| Major/Minor | Major1 | Major2 |  | Minor2 |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 309 | 0 | - | 0 | 526 | 306 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 306 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 220 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.12 | - | - | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.218 | - | - | -3.518 | 3.318 |  |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 1252 | - | - | - | 512 | 734 |
| $\quad$ Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 747 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 817 | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% |  | - | - | - |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 1252 | - | - | - | 509 | 734 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 509 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 743 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 817 | - |


| Approach | EB | WB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0.2 | 0 | 10.5 |
| HCM LOS |  |  | B |


| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR SBLn1 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Capacity (veh/h) | 1252 | - | - | -668 |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.004 | - | - | -0.015 |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 7.9 | 0 | - | -10.5 |
| HCM Lane LOS | A | A | - | - |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) | 0 | - | - | - |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 0.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR | SBL | SBR |
| Lane Configurations |  | $\uparrow$ | F |  | MF |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 4 | 181 | 265 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 4 | 181 | 265 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 86 | 86 | 86 | 86 | 86 | 86 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 5 | 210 | 308 | 5 | 2 | 1 |


| Major/Minor | Major1 | Major2 |  | Minor2 |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 313 | 0 | - | 0 | 531 | 311 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 311 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 220 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.12 | - | - | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.218 | - | - | -3.518 | 3.318 |  |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 1247 | - | - | - | 509 | 729 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 743 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 817 | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% |  | - | - | - |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 1247 | - | - | - | 506 | 729 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 506 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 739 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 817 | - |


| Approach | EB | WB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0.2 | 0 | 11.4 |
| HCM LOS |  |  | $B$ |


| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR SBLn1 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Capacity (veh/h) | 1247 | - | - | -563 |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.004 | - | - | -0.006 |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 7.9 | 0 | - | -11.4 |
| HCM Lane LOS | A | A | - | - |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) | 0 | - | - | - |



| Major/Minor $\quad$ N | Major1 |  | Major2 |  | Minor1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 0 | 0 | 326 | 0 | 690 | 321 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | . | - | 321 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 369 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | - | - | 4.14 | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | - |  | 2.236 |  | 3.518 | 3.318 |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | - |  | 1222 | - | 411 | 720 |
| Stage 1 | - |  | - | - | 735 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 699 | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% | - | - |  | - |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 1222 | - | 407 | 720 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 407 | - |
| Stage 1 | - |  | - | - | 728 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 699 | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach | EB |  | WB |  | NB |  |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0 |  | 0.2 |  | 10.8 |  |
| HCM LOS |  |  |  |  | B |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt |  | NBLn1 | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT |
| Capacity (veh/h) |  | 638 | - | - | 1222 | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio |  | 0.028 | - | - | 0.007 | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s) |  | 10.8 | - |  | 8 | 0 |
| HCM Lane LOS |  | B | - | - | A | A |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) |  | 0.1 | - | - | 0 | - |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 1.3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBR |
| Lane Configurations | $\uparrow$ |  |  | $\uparrow$ | Fr |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 231 | 40 | 16 | 214 | 24 | 17 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 231 | 40 | 16 | 214 | 24 | 17 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 345 | 60 | 24 | 319 | 36 | 25 |


| Major/Minor | Major1 |  | Major2 | Minor1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 0 | 0 | 405 | 0 | 742 | 375 |
| Stage 1 | - | - |  | - | 375 |  |
| Stage 2 |  | - |  | - | 367 |  |
| Critical Hdwy | - | - | 4.13 | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - |  | - | 5.42 |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 |  | - |  |  | 5.42 |  |
| Follow-up Hdwy | - |  | 2.227 |  | 3.518 | 3.318 |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver |  |  | 1148 | - | 383 | 671 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 695 |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - |  | - | 701 |  |
| Platoon blocked, \% | - | - |  | - |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | - |  | 1148 |  | 373 | 671 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 373 |  |
| Stage 1 | - | - |  |  | 678 |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 701 |  |


| Approach | EB | WB | NB |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0 | 0.6 | 14.1 |
| HCM LOS |  |  | B |


| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | NBLn1 | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Capacity (veh/h) | 457 | - | - | 1148 | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.134 | - | - | 0.021 | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 14.1 | - | - | 8.2 | 0 |
| HCM Lane LOS | B | - | - | A | A |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) | 0.5 | - | - | 0.1 | - |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR | SBL | SBR |
| Lane Configurations |  | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{T}$ |  | M |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 5 | 311 | 286 | 10 | 13 | 4 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 5 | 311 | 286 | 10 | 13 | 4 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 8 | 502 | 461 | 16 | 21 | 6 |


| Major/Minor | Major1 | Major2 |  |  | Minor2 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 477 | 0 | - | 0 | 987 | 469 |  |
| $\quad$ Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 469 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 518 | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.13 | - | - | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |  |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.227 | - | - | - | 3.518 | 3.318 |  |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 1080 | - | - | - | 274 | 594 |  |
| $\quad$ Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 630 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 598 | - |  |
| Platoon blocked, \% |  | - | - | - |  |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 1080 | - | - | - | 271 | 594 |  |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 271 | - |  |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 624 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 598 | - |  |


| Approach | EB | WB | SB |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0.1 | 0 | 17.7 |
| HCM LOS |  |  | C |


| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR SBLn1 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Capacity (veh/h) | 1080 | - | - | - |
| 311 |  |  |  |  |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.007 | - | - | -0.088 |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 8.4 | 0 | - | -17.7 |
| HCM Lane LOS | A | A | - | - |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) | 0 | - | - | - |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR | SBL | SBR |
| Lane Configurations |  | $\uparrow$ | F |  | MF |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 7 | 318 | 288 | 12 | 7 | 8 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 7 | 318 | 288 | 12 | 7 | 8 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, $\#$ | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 61 | 61 | 61 | 61 | 61 | 61 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 13 | 13 |
| Mvmt Flow | 11 | 521 | 472 | 20 | 11 | 13 |


| Major/Minor | Major1 | Major2 |  |  | Minor2 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 492 | 0 | - | 0 | 1025 | 482 |  |
| $\quad$ Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 482 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 543 | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.13 | - | - | - | 6.53 | 6.33 |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.53 | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.53 | - |  |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.227 | - | - | - | 3.617 | 3.417 |  |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 1066 | - | - | - | 248 | 563 |  |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 599 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 561 | - |  |
| Platoon blocked, \% |  | - | - | - |  |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 1066 | - | - | - | 244 | 563 |  |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 244 | - |  |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 590 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 561 | - |  |


| Approach | EB | WB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0.2 | 0 | 16.1 |
| HCM LOS |  |  | C |


| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR SBLn1 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Capacity (veh/h) | 1066 | - | - | - | 350 |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.011 | - | - | -0.07 |  |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 8.4 | 0 | - | - | 16.1 |
| HCM Lane LOS | A | A | - | - | C |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) | 0 | - | - | - | 0.2 |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 1.7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR | SBL | SBR |
| Lane Configurations |  | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{F}$ |  | Mr |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 20 | 310 | 270 | 46 | 34 | 18 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 20 | 310 | 270 | 46 | 34 | 18 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 64 | 64 | 64 | 64 | 64 | 64 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 31 | 484 | 422 | 72 | 53 | 28 |


| Major/Minor M | Major1 |  | Major2 |  | Minor2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 494 | 0 | - | 0 | 1004 | 458 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 458 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 546 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.13 | - | - | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.227 | - | - | - | 3.518 | 3.318 |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 1064 | - | - | - | 268 | 603 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 637 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 580 | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% |  | - | - | - |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 1064 | - | - | - | 257 | 603 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 257 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 612 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 580 | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach | EB |  | WB |  | SB |  |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0.5 |  | 0 |  | 20 |  |
| HCM LOS |  |  |  |  | C |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt |  | EBL | EBT | WBT WBR SBLn1 |  |  |
| Capacity (veh/h) |  | 1064 | - | - | - | 321 |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio |  | 0.029 | - | - | - | 0.253 |
| HCM Control Delay (s) |  | 8.5 | 0 | - | - | 20 |
| HCM Lane LOS |  | A | A | - | - | C |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) |  | 0.1 | - | - | - | 1 |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 1.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBR |
| Lane Configurations | $\uparrow$ |  |  | $\mathbf{-}$ | Mr |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 323 | 21 | 39 | 300 | 17 | 25 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 323 | 21 | 39 | 300 | 17 | 25 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 5 |
| Mvmt Flow | 482 | 31 | 58 | 448 | 25 | 37 |


| Major/Minor | Major1 |  | Major2 |  | Minor1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 0 | 0 | 513 | 0 | 1062 | 498 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 498 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 564 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | - | - | 4.12 |  | 6.45 | 6.25 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.45 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.45 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | - | - | 2.218 | - | 3.545 | 3.345 |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 1052 | - | 244 | 566 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 605 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 564 | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% | - | - |  | - |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 1052 | - | 226 | 566 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 226 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 561 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 564 | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach | EB |  | WB |  | NB |  |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0 |  | 1 |  | 17.4 |  |
| HCM LOS |  |  |  |  | C |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt |  | NBLn1 | EBT | EBR | WBL WBT |  |
| Capacity (veh/h) |  | 352 | - | - | 1052 | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio |  | 0.178 | - | - | 0.055 | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s) |  | 17.4 | - | - | 8.6 | 0 |
| HCM Lane LOS |  | C | - | - | A | A |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) |  | 0.6 | - | - | 0.2 | - |


|  | 4 | $\rightarrow$ |  | 7 |  |  | 4 | $\dagger$ |  |  | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
| Lane Configurations | ${ }^{*}$ | 个t |  | ＊ | 个t |  | \％ | 个个 | \％ | ${ }_{1}$ | 中 ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  |
| Traffic Volume（veh／h） | 89 | 183 | 87 | 147 | 228 | 12 | 50 | 468 | 204 | 10 | 532 | 71 |
| Future Volume（veh／h） | 89 | 183 | 87 | 147 | 228 | 12 | 50 | 468 | 204 | 10 | 532 | 71 |
| Initial $\mathrm{Q}(\mathrm{Qb})$ ，veh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ped－Bike Adj（A＿pbT） | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |
| Parking Bus，Adj | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Work Zone On Approach |  | No |  |  | No |  |  | No |  |  | No |  |
| Adj Sat Flow，veh／h／ln | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 |
| Adj Flow Rate，veh／h | 96 | 197 | 94 | 158 | 245 | 13 | 54 | 503 | 219 | 11 | 572 | 76 |
| Peak Hour Factor | 0.93 | 0.93 | 0.93 | 0.93 | 0.93 | 0.93 | 0.93 | 0.93 | 0.93 | 0.93 | 0.93 | 0.93 |
| Percent Heavy Veh，\％ | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Cap，veh／h | 484 | 539 | 247 | 496 | 973 | 51 | 389 | 1323 | 590 | 385 | 1104 | 146 |
| Arrive On Green | 0.08 | 0.23 | 0.23 | 0.14 | 0.28 | 0.28 | 0.08 | 0.37 | 0.37 | 0.06 | 0.35 | 0.35 |
| Sat Flow，veh／h | 1781 | 2366 | 1086 | 1781 | 3433 | 181 | 1781 | 3554 | 1585 | 1781 | 3154 | 418 |
| Grp Volume（v），veh／h | 96 | 146 | 145 | 158 | 126 | 132 | 54 | 503 | 219 | 11 | 322 | 326 |
| Grp Sat Flow（s），veh／h／ln | 1781 | 1777 | 1675 | 1781 | 1777 | 1838 | 1781 | 1777 | 1585 | 1781 | 1777 | 1795 |
| Q Serve（g＿s），s | 3.5 | 6.2 | 6.6 | 5.4 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 1.6 | 9.3 | 9.1 | 0.3 | 12.9 | 13.0 |
| Cycle Q Clear（g＿c），s | 3.5 | 6.2 | 6.6 | 5.4 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 1.6 | 9.3 | 9.1 | 0.3 | 12.9 | 13.0 |
| Prop In Lane | 1.00 |  | 0.65 | 1.00 |  | 0.10 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 0.23 |
| Lane Grp Cap（c），veh／h | 484 | 405 | 382 | 496 | 503 | 521 | 389 | 1323 | 590 | 385 | 622 | 628 |
| V／C Ratio（X） | 0.20 | 0.36 | 0.38 | 0.32 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.14 | 0.38 | 0.37 | 0.03 | 0.52 | 0.52 |
| Avail Cap（c＿a），veh／h | 484 | 405 | 382 | 496 | 503 | 521 | 389 | 1323 | 590 | 385 | 622 | 628 |
| HCM Platoon Ratio | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Upstream Filter（1） | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Uniform Delay（d），s／veh | 22.6 | 29.2 | 29.4 | 18.9 | 24.9 | 24.9 | 15.9 | 20.7 | 20.6 | 16.0 | 23.2 | 23.2 |
| Incr Delay（d2），s／veh | 0.9 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 1.8 | 0.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 |
| Initial Q Delay（d3），s／veh | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| \％ile BackOfQ（95\％），veh／ln | 2.8 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 1.3 | 7.0 | 6.4 | 0.3 | 9.7 | 9.8 |
| Unsig．Movement Delay，s／veh |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LnGrp Delay（d），s／veh | 23.5 | 31.7 | 32.2 | 20.6 | 26.1 | 26.1 | 16.7 | 21.5 | 22.4 | 16.1 | 26.3 | 26.3 |
| LnGrp LOS | C | C | C | C | C | C | B | C | C | B | C | C |
| Approach Vol，veh／h |  | 387 |  |  | 416 |  |  | 776 |  |  | 659 |  |
| Approach Delay，s／veh |  | 29.9 |  |  | 24.0 |  |  | 21.4 |  |  | 26.1 |  |
| Approach LOS |  | C |  |  | C |  |  | C |  |  | C |  |
| Timer－Assigned Phs | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |  |  |  |  |
| Phs Duration（ $G+Y+R \mathrm{C})$ ， s | 10.0 | 38.0 | 17.0 | 25.0 | 12.0 | 36.0 | 12.0 | 30.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Change Period（ $\mathrm{Y}+\mathrm{Rc}$ ）， s | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 |  |  |  |  |
| Max Green Setting（Gmax），s | 5.5 | 33.5 | 12.5 | 20.5 | 7.5 | 31.5 | 7.5 | 25.5 |  |  |  |  |
| Max Q Clear Time（ $\left.\mathrm{g}_{\text {c }} \mathrm{c}+11\right)$ ，s | 2.3 | 11.3 | 7.4 | 8.6 | 3.6 | 15.0 | 5.5 | 7.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Green Ext Time（p＿c），s | 0.0 | 4.2 | 0.2 | 1.3 | 0.0 | 3.7 | 0.0 | 1.3 |  |  |  |  |
| Intersection Summary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HCM 6th Ctrl DelayHCM 6th LOS |  |  | 24.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | C |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lane Configurations |  | $\uparrow$ |  |  | $\uparrow$ | 「 | ${ }^{*}$ | $\uparrow$ |  | ${ }^{*}$ | $\hat{\beta}$ |  |
| Traffic Volume (veh/h) | 70 | 121 | 38 | 41 | 102 | 152 | 28 | 328 | 83 | 115 | 182 | 79 |
| Future Volume (veh/h) | 70 | 121 | 38 | 41 | 102 | 152 | 28 | 328 | 83 | 115 | 182 | 79 |
| Initial Q (Qb), veh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT) | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |
| Parking Bus, Adj | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Work Zone On Approach |  | No |  |  | No |  |  | No |  |  | No |  |
| Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln | 1841 | 1841 | 1841 | 1856 | 1856 | 1856 | 1841 | 1841 | 1841 | 1856 | 1856 | 1856 |
| Adj Flow Rate, veh/h | 79 | 136 | 43 | 46 | 115 | 171 | 31 | 369 | 93 | 129 | 204 | 89 |
| Peak Hour Factor | 0.89 | 0.89 | 0.89 | 0.89 | 0.89 | 0.89 | 0.89 | 0.89 | 0.89 | 0.89 | 0.89 | 0.89 |
| Percent Heavy Veh, \% | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Cap, veh/h | 159 | 258 | 73 | 162 | 377 | 480 | 593 | 638 | 161 | 484 | 592 | 258 |
| Arrive On Green | 0.31 | 0.31 | 0.31 | 0.31 | 0.31 | 0.31 | 0.06 | 0.45 | 0.45 | 0.09 | 0.48 | 0.48 |
| Sat Flow, veh/h | 349 | 845 | 239 | 360 | 1235 | 1572 | 1753 | 1419 | 358 | 1767 | 1225 | 534 |
| Grp Volume(v), veh/h | 258 | 0 | 0 | 161 | 0 | 171 | 31 | 0 | 462 | 129 | 0 | 293 |
| Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln | 1432 | 0 | 0 | 1596 | 0 | 1572 | 1753 | 0 | 1776 | 1767 | 0 | 1759 |
| Q Serve(g_s), s | 8.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 7.6 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 17.4 | 3.2 | 0.0 | 9.3 |
| Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s | 14.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.3 | 0.0 | 7.6 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 17.4 | 3.2 | 0.0 | 9.3 |
| Prop In Lane | 0.31 |  | 0.17 | 0.29 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 0.20 | 1.00 |  | 0.30 |
| Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h | 490 | 0 | 0 | 539 | 0 | 480 | 593 | 0 | 799 | 484 | 0 | 850 |
| V/C Ratio(X) | 0.53 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.30 | 0.00 | 0.36 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.58 | 0.27 | 0.00 | 0.34 |
| Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h | 490 | 0 | 0 | 539 | 0 | 480 | 593 | 0 | 799 | 484 | 0 | 850 |
| HCM Platoon Ratio | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Upstream Filter(I) | 1.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 |
| Uniform Delay (d), s/veh | 26.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 23.8 | 0.0 | 24.3 | 11.2 | 0.0 | 18.4 | 11.9 | 0.0 | 14.4 |
| Incr Delay (d2), s/veh | 4.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.4 | 0.0 | 2.1 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 3.0 | 1.3 | 0.0 | 1.1 |
| Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| \%ile BackOfQ(95\%),veh/ln | 8.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.0 | 0.0 | 5.5 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 11.9 | 2.4 | 0.0 | 6.8 |
| Unsig. Movement Delay, s/veh |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh | 30.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 25.2 | 0.0 | 26.4 | 11.3 | 0.0 | 21.4 | 13.2 | 0.0 | 15.5 |
| LnGrp LOS | C | A | A | C | A | C | B | A | C | B | A | B |
| Approach Vol, veh/h |  | 258 |  |  | 332 |  |  | 493 |  |  | 422 |  |
| Approach Delay, s/veh |  | 30.5 |  |  | 25.8 |  |  | 20.8 |  |  | 14.8 |  |
| Approach LOS |  | C |  |  | C |  |  | C |  |  | B |  |


| Timer - Assigned Phs | 1 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 8 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s | 13.0 | 45.0 | 32.0 | 10.0 | 48.0 | 32.0 |
| Change Period (Y+Rc), s | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 |
| Max Green Setting (Gmax), s | 8.5 | 40.5 | 27.5 | 5.5 | 43.5 | 27.5 |
| Max Q Clear Time (g_c+I1), s | 5.2 | 19.4 | 16.2 | 2.8 | 11.3 | 9.6 |
| Green Ext Time (p_c), s | 0.1 | 3.0 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 1.9 | 1.4 |

## Intersection Summary

| HCM 6th Ctrl Delay | 21.9 |
| :--- | ---: |
| HCM 6th LOS | C |


|  |  | Intersection |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 0.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement E | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR | SBL | SBR |
| Lane Configurations |  | ${ }_{1}^{1}$ | $\uparrow$ |  | * |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 4 | 315 | 282 | 0 | 5 | 12 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 4 | 315 | 282 | 0 | 5 | 12 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control Fre | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 98 | 98 | 98 | 98 | 98 | 98 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 4 | 321 | 288 | 0 | 5 | 12 |


| Major/Minor | Major1 | Major2 |  | Minor2 |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 288 | 0 | - | 0 | 617 | 288 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 288 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 329 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.13 | - | - | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.227 | - | - | -3.518 | 3.318 |  |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 1268 | - | - | - | 453 | 751 |
| $\quad$ Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 761 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 729 | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% |  | - | - | - |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 1268 | - | - | - | 451 | 751 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 451 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 758 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 729 | - |


| Approach | EB | WB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0.1 | 0 | 10.9 |
| HCM LOS |  | $B$ |  |


| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR SBLn1 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Capacity (veh/h) | 1268 | - | - | -628 |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.003 | - | - | -0.028 |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 7.8 | 0 | - | -10.9 |
| HCM Lane LOS | A | A | - | - |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) | 0 | - | - | - |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 0.1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR | SBL | SBR |
| Lane Configurations |  |  | $\mathbf{F}$ |  | M |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 0 | 319 | 277 | 1 | 5 | 1 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 0 | 319 | 277 | 1 | 5 | 1 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 99 | 99 | 99 | 99 | 99 | 99 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 0 | 322 | 280 | 1 | 5 | 1 |


| Major/Minor | Major1 | Major2 |  |  | Minor2 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 281 | 0 | - | 0 | 603 | 281 |  |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 281 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 322 | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.13 | - | - | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |  |

Critical Hdwy Stg $2 \quad-\quad$ - $\quad-\quad-5.42 \quad$ -
Follow-up Hdwy $\quad 2.227 \quad$ - $\quad-\quad 3.5183 .318$
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver 1276 - - - 462758
Stage 1 - - - 767
Stage 2 - - - 735

| Platoon blocked, \% | - | - | - |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 1276 | - | - | - |

Mov Cap-2 Maneuver - - - - 462
Stage 1 - $\quad-\quad-767$
Stage 2 - - - - 735

| Approach | EB | WB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0 | 0 | 12.4 |
| HCM LOS |  | $B$ |  |


| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR SBLn1 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Capacity (veh/h) | 1276 | - | - | -494 |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | - | - | - | -0.012 |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 0 | - | - | -12.4 |
| HCM Lane LOS | A | - | - | - |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) | 0 | - | - | - |
| (ven |  |  |  |  |



| Major/Minor | Major1 | Major2 |  |  | Minor1 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 0 | 0 | 332 | 0 | 614 | 329 |  |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 329 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 285 | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy | - | - | 4.13 | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |  |
| Follow-up Hdwy | - | - | 2.227 | - | 3.518 | 3.318 |  |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 1222 | - | 455 | 712 |  |
| $\quad$ Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 729 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 763 | - |  |
| Platoon blocked, \% | - | - |  | - |  |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 1222 | - | 454 | 712 |  |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 454 | - |  |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 728 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 763 | - |  |


| Approach | EB | WB | NB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0 | 0.1 | 11.1 |
| HCM LOS |  | B |  |


| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | NBLn1 | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Capacity (veh/h) | 605 | - | - | 1222 | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.027 | - | - | 0.002 | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 11.1 | - | - | 8 | 0 |
| HCM Lane LOS | B | - | - | A | A |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) | 0.1 | - | - | 0 | - |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 1.7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBR |
| Lane Configurations | $\uparrow$ |  |  | $\uparrow$ | Mr |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 336 | 13 | 17 | 252 | 34 | 45 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 336 | 13 | 17 | 252 | 34 | 45 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 5 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 361 | 14 | 18 | 271 | 37 | 48 |


| Major/Minor | Major1 | Major2 |  |  | Minor1 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 0 | 0 | 375 | 0 | 675 | 368 |  |
| $\quad$ Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 368 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 307 | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy | - | - | 4.12 | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |  |

Critical Hdwy Stg $2 \quad-\quad-\quad-\quad-5.42 \quad-$
Follow-up Hdwy - $\quad$ - $2.218 \quad-3.5183 .318$
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver - $\quad 1183 \quad-419677$
Stage 1 - - - 700
Stage 2 - - $\quad-\quad 746$

| Platoon blocked, \% | - | - | - |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | - | -1183 | - | 411 |

Mov Cap-2 Maneuver - - - 411
Stage 1 - - - 687
Stage 2 - - - 746

| Approach | EB | WB | NB |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0 | 0.5 | 13.1 |
| HCM LOS |  | B |  |


| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | NBLn1 | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Capacity (veh/h) | 530 | - | - | 1183 | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.16 | - | -0.015 | - |  |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 13.1 | - | - | 8.1 | 0 |
| HCM Lane LOS | B | - | - | A | A |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) | 0.6 | - | - | 0 | - |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR | SBL | SBR |
| Lane Configurations |  | $\neq$ | $\uparrow$ |  | Mr |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 1 | 436 | 88 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 1 | 436 | 88 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| Heavy Vehicles, $\%$ | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 1 | 513 | 104 | 1 | 1 | 1 |


| Major/Minor | Major1 | Major2 |  |  | Minor2 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 105 | 0 | - | 0 | 620 | 105 |  |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 105 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 515 | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.14 | - | - | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |  |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.236 | - | - | -3.518 | 3.318 |  |  |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 1474 | - | - | - | 452 | 949 |  |
| $\quad$ Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 919 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 600 | - |  |
| Platoon blocked, \% |  | - | - | - |  |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 1474 | - | - | - | 452 | 949 |  |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 452 | - |  |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 918 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 600 | - |  |


| Approach | EB | WB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0 | 0 | 10.9 |
| HCM LOS |  | $B$ |  |


| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR SBLn1 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Capacity (veh/h) | 1474 | - | - | -612 |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.001 | - | - | -0.004 |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 7.4 | 0 | - | -10.9 |
| HCM Lane LOS | A | A | - | - |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) | 0 | - | - | - |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 0.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR | SBL | SBR |
| Lane Configurations |  |  | $\uparrow$ |  | r |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 5 | 432 | 407 | 10 | 10 | 8 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 5 | 432 | 407 | 10 | 10 | 8 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 87 | 87 | 87 | 87 | 87 | 87 |
| Heavy Vehicles, $\%$ | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 6 | 497 | 468 | 11 | 11 | 9 |


| Major/Minor | Major1 | Major2 |  | Minor2 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 479 | 0 | - | 0 | 983 | 474 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 474 | - |
| $\quad$ Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 509 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.14 | - | - | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.236 | - | - | -3.518 | 3.318 |  |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 1073 | - | - | - | 276 | 590 |
| $\quad$ Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 626 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 604 | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% |  | - | - | - |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 1073 | - | - | - | 274 | 590 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 274 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 621 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 604 | - |


| Approach | EB | WB | SB |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0.1 | 0 | 15.6 |
| HCM LOS |  |  | C |


| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR SBLn1 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Capacity (veh/h) | 1073 | - | - | -360 |  |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.005 | - | - | -0.057 |  |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 8.4 | 0 | - | -15.6 |  |
| HCM Lane LOS | A | A | - | - | C |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) | 0 | - | - | - | 0.2 |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR | SBL | SBR |
| Lane Configurations |  | $\neq$ | 1 |  | 4 |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 23 | 415 | 385 | 27 | 63 | 30 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 23 | 415 | 385 | 27 | 63 | 30 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| Heavy Vehicles, $\%$ | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 26 | 461 | 428 | 30 | 70 | 33 |


| Major/Minor | Major1 | Major2 |  | Minor2 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 458 | 0 | - | 0 | 956 | 443 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 443 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 513 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.12 | - | - | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.218 | - | - | -3.518 | 3.318 |  |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 1103 | - | - | - | 286 | 615 |
| $\quad$ Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 647 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 601 | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% |  | - | - | - |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 1103 | - | - | - | 277 | 615 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 277 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 626 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 601 | - |


| Approach | EB | WB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0.4 | 0 | 20.3 |
| HCM LOS |  | C |  |


| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR SBLn1 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Capacity (veh/h) | 1103 | - | - | -337 |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.023 | - | - | -0.307 |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 8.3 | 0 | - | -20.3 |
| HCM Lane LOS | A | A | - | - |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) | 0.1 | - | - | - |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 1.1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBR |
| Lane Configurations | $\uparrow$ |  |  | $\mathbf{-}$ | Mr |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 459 | 19 | 22 | 390 | 22 | 33 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 459 | 19 | 22 | 390 | 22 | 33 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 3 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 504 | 21 | 24 | 429 | 24 | 36 |


| Major/Minor | Major1 | Major2 |  |  | Minor1 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 0 | 0 | 525 | 0 | 992 | 515 |  |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 515 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 477 | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy | - | - | 4.15 | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |  |
| Follow-up Hdwy | - | - | 2.245 | - | 3.518 | 3.318 |  |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 1027 | - | 272 | 560 |  |
| $\quad$ Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 600 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 624 | - |  |
| Platoon blocked, \% | - | - |  | - |  |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 1027 | - | 264 | 560 |  |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 264 | - |  |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 581 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 624 | - |  |


| Approach | EB | WB | NB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0 | 0.5 | 16 |
| HCM LOS |  | C |  |


| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | NBLn1 | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Capacity (veh/h) | 387 | - | - | 1027 | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.156 | - | -0.024 | - |  |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 16 | - | - | 8.6 | 0 |
| HCM Lane LOS | C | - | - | A | A |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) | 0.5 | - | - | 0.1 | - |


| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lane Configurations | \％ | 性 |  | \％ | 蚛 |  | \％ | ¢ $\uparrow$ | F | \％ | 中 ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  |
| Traffic Volume（veh／h） | 133 | 261 | 102 | 145 | 190 | 11 | 131 | 787 | 287 | 8 | 391 | 4 |
| Future Volume（veh／h） | 133 | 261 | 102 | 145 | 190 | 11 | 131 | 787 | 287 | 8 | 391 | 94 |
| Initial $Q(Q b)$ ，veh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ped－Bike Adj（A＿pbT） | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |
| Parking Bus，Adj | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Work Zone On Approach |  | No |  |  | No |  |  | No |  |  | No |  |
| Adj Sat Flow，veh／h／ln | 1856 | 1856 | 1856 | 1826 | 1826 | 1826 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 |
| Adj Flow Rate，veh／h | 140 | 275 | 107 | 153 | 200 | 12 | 138 | 828 | 302 | 8 | 412 | 99 |
| Peak Hour Factor | 0.95 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 0.95 |
| Percent Heavy Veh，\％ | 3 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Cap，veh／h | 493 | 541 | 206 | 417 | 758 | 45 | 489 | 1402 | 625 | 294 | 965 | 230 |
| Arrive On Green | 0.12 | 0.22 | 0.22 | 0.13 | 0.23 | 0.23 | 0.12 | 0.39 | 0.39 | 0.06 | 0.34 | 0.34 |
| Sat Flow，veh／h | 1767 | 2499 | 949 | 1739 | 3326 | 198 | 1781 | 3554 | 1585 | 1781 | 2847 | 678 |
| Grp Volume（v），veh／h | 140 | 192 | 190 | 153 | 104 | 108 | 138 | 828 | 302 | 8 | 256 | 255 |
| Grp Sat Flow（s），veh／h／ln | 1767 | 1763 | 1685 | 1739 | 1735 | 1790 | 1781 | 1777 | 1585 | 1781 | 1777 | 1748 |
| Q Serve（g＿s），s | 5.2 | 8.6 | 9.0 | 5.7 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 3.9 | 16.6 | 12.8 | 0.2 | 10.0 | 10.2 |
| Cycle Q Clear（g＿c），s | 5.2 | 8.6 | 9.0 | 5.7 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 3.9 | 16.6 | 12.8 | 0.2 | 10.0 | 10.2 |
| Prop In Lane | 1.00 |  | 0.56 | 1.00 |  | 0.11 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 0.39 |
| Lane Grp Cap（c），veh／h | 493 | 382 | 365 | 417 | 395 | 408 | 489 | 1402 | 625 | 294 | 602 | 592 |
| V／C Ratio（X） | 0.28 | 0.50 | 0.52 | 0.37 | 0.26 | 0.27 | 0.28 | 0.59 | 0.48 | 0.03 | 0.42 | 0.43 |
| Avail Cap（c＿a），veh／h | 493 | 382 | 365 | 417 | 395 | 408 | 489 | 1402 | 625 | 294 | 602 | 592 |
| HCM Platoon Ratio | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Upstream Filter（1） | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Uniform Delay（d），s／veh | 21.8 | 31.0 | 31.1 | 21.7 | 28.5 | 28.6 | 14.3 | 21.5 | 20.4 | 17.0 | 23.0 | 23.0 |
| Incr Delay（d2），s／veh | 1.4 | 4.7 | 5.2 | 2.5 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 2.7 | 0.2 | 2.2 | 2.3 |
| Initial Q Delay（d3），s／veh | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| \％ile BackOfQ（95\％），veh／ln | 4.1 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 4.6 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.1 | 11.3 | 8.7 | 0.2 | 7.9 | 7.9 |

Unsig．Movement Delay，s／veh

| LnGrp Delay（d），s／veh | 23.2 | 35.7 | 36.3 | 24.2 | 30.2 | 30.2 | 15.7 | 23.3 | 23.0 | 17.2 | 25.2 | 25.3 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| LnGrp LOS | C | D | D | C | C | C | B | C | C | B | C | C |
| Approach Vol，veh／h |  | 522 |  |  | 365 |  |  | 1268 |  | 519 |  |  |
| Approach Delay，s／veh |  | 32.6 |  |  | 27.7 |  |  | 22.4 |  | 25.1 |  |  |
| Approach LOS |  | C |  |  | C |  |  | C |  | C |  |  |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Timer－Assigned Phs | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| Phs Duration $(\mathrm{G}+\mathrm{Y}+\mathrm{Rc}$ ），s | 10.0 | 40.0 | 16.0 | 24.0 | 15.0 | 35.0 | 15.0 | 25.0 |
| Change Period $(\mathrm{Y}+\mathrm{Rc}$ ），s | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 |
| Max Green Setting（Gmax），s | 5.5 | 35.5 | 11.5 | 19.5 | 10.5 | 30.5 | 10.5 | 20.5 |
| Max Q Clear Time（g＿c＋1）），s | 2.2 | 18.6 | 7.7 | 11.0 | 5.9 | 12.2 | 7.2 | 6.5 |
| Green Ext Time（p＿c），s | 0.0 | 6.5 | 0.1 | 1.4 | 0.1 | 3.0 | 0.1 | 0.9 |

## Intersection Summary

| HCM 6th Ctrl Delay | 25.7 |
| :--- | ---: |
| HCM 6th LOS | C |


| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lane Configurations |  | ¢ |  |  | $\uparrow$ | 「 | * | $\hat{1}$ |  | \% | ¢ |  |
| Traffic Volume (veh/h) | 16 | 36 | 14 | 57 | 95 | 128 | 34 | 218 | 36 | 111 | 288 | 69 |
| Future Volume (veh/h) | 16 | 36 | 14 | 57 | 95 | 128 | 34 | 218 | 36 | 111 | 288 | 69 |
| Initial $\mathrm{Q}(\mathrm{Qb})$, veh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT) | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |
| Parking Bus, Adj | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Work Zone On Approach |  | No |  |  | No |  |  | No |  |  | No |  |
| Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 |
| Adj Flow Rate, veh/h | 18 | 41 | 16 | 65 | 108 | 145 | 39 | 248 | 41 | 126 | 327 | 78 |
| Peak Hour Factor | 0.88 | 0.88 | 0.88 | 0.88 | 0.88 | 0.88 | 0.88 | 0.88 | 0.88 | 0.88 | 0.88 | 0.88 |
| Percent Heavy Veh, \% | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Cap, veh/h | 128 | 276 | 96 | 209 | 325 | 449 | 556 | 704 | 116 | 665 | 705 | 168 |
| Arrive On Green | 0.28 | 0.28 | 0.28 | 0.28 | 0.28 | 0.28 | 0.08 | 0.45 | 0.45 | 0.12 | 0.48 | 0.48 |
| Sat Flow, veh/h | 277 | 973 | 339 | 543 | 1146 | 1585 | 1781 | 1565 | 259 | 1781 | 1460 | 348 |
| Grp Volume(v), veh/h | 75 | 0 | 0 | 173 | 0 | 145 | 39 | 0 | 289 | 126 | 0 | 405 |
| Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln | 1590 | 0 | 0 | 1690 | 0 | 1585 | 1781 | 0 | 1824 | 1781 | 0 | 1808 |
| Q Serve(g_s), s | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.5 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 9.3 | 2.9 | 0.0 | 13.4 |
| Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s | 6.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.6 | 0.0 | 6.5 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 9.3 | 2.9 | 0.0 | 13.4 |
| Prop In Lane | 0.24 |  | 0.21 | 0.38 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 0.14 | 1.00 |  | 0.19 |
| Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h | 500 | 0 | 0 | 534 | 0 | 449 | 556 | 0 | 821 | 665 | 0 | 874 |
| V/C Ratio(X) | 0.15 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.32 | 0.00 | 0.32 | 0.07 | 0.00 | 0.35 | 0.19 | 0.00 | 0.46 |
| Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h | 500 | 0 | 0 | 534 | 0 | 449 | 556 | 0 | 821 | 665 | 0 | 874 |
| HCM Platoon Ratio | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Upstream Filter(l) | 1.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 |
| Uniform Delay (d), s/veh | 24.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 25.5 | 0.0 | 25.4 | 10.6 | 0.0 | 16.2 | 9.5 | 0.0 | 15.5 |
| Incr Delay (d2), s/veh | 0.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.6 | 0.0 | 1.9 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 1.8 |
| Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| \%ile BackOfQ(95\%),veh/ln | 2.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.6 | 0.0 | 4.7 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 7.2 | 2.1 | 0.0 | 9.6 |
| Unsig. Movement Delay, s/veh |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LnGrp Delay (d),s/veh | 24.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 27.1 | 0.0 | 27.3 | 10.9 | 0.0 | 17.4 | 10.1 | 0.0 | 17.2 |
| LnGrp LOS | C | A | A | C | A | C | B | A | B | B | A | B |
| Approach Vol, veh/h |  | 75 |  |  | 318 |  |  | 328 |  |  | 531 |  |
| Approach Delay, s/veh |  | 24.8 |  |  | 27.2 |  |  | 16.6 |  |  | 15.6 |  |
| Approach LOS |  | C |  |  | C |  |  | B |  |  | B |  |


| Timer - Assigned Phs | 1 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 8 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s | 15.0 | 45.0 | 30.0 | 12.0 | 48.0 | 30.0 |
| Change Period (Y+Rc), s | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 |
| Max Green Setting (Gmax), s | 10.5 | 40.5 | 25.5 | 7.5 | 43.5 | 25.5 |
| Max Q Clear Time (g_c+11), s | 4.9 | 11.3 | 8.7 | 2.9 | 15.4 | 8.6 |
| Green Ext Time (p_c), s | 0.1 | 1.8 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 2.7 | 1.3 |

## Intersection Summary

HCM 6th Ctrl Delay 19.3

HCM 6th LOS

| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 0.3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR | SBL | SBR |
| Lane Configurations |  | -1 | 个 |  | Mr |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 4 | 188 | 271 | 6 | 2 | 7 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 4 | 188 | 271 | 6 | 2 | 7 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 87 | 87 | 87 | 87 | 87 | 87 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 5 | 216 | 311 | 7 | 2 | 8 |


| Major/Minor | Major1 | Major2 |  |  | Minor2 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 318 | 0 | - | 0 | 541 | 315 |  |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 315 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 226 | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.12 | - | - | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |  |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.218 | - | - | - | 3.518 | 3.318 |  |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 1242 | - | - | - | 502 | 725 |  |
| $\quad$ Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 740 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 812 | - |  |
| Platoon blocked, \% |  | - | - | - |  |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 1242 | - | - | - | 499 | 725 |  |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 499 | - |  |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 736 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 812 | - |  |


| Approach | EB | WB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0.2 | 0 | 10.6 |
| HCM LOS |  | $B$ |  |


| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR SBLn1 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Capacity (veh/h) | 1242 | - | - | -059 |  |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.004 | - | - | -0.016 |  |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 7.9 | 0 | - | -10.6 |  |
| HCM Lane LOS | A | A | - | - | B |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) | 0 | - | - | - | 0 |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 0.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR | SBL | SBR |
| Lane Configurations |  |  | $\uparrow$ |  | r |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 4 |  | 273 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 4 | 186 | 273 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 86 | 86 | 86 | 86 | 86 | 86 |
| Heavy Vehicles, $\%$ | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 5 | 216 | 317 | 5 | 2 | 1 |


HCM LOS B

| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR SBLn1 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Capacity (veh/h) | 1238 | - | - | -554 |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.004 | - | - | -0.006 |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 7.9 | 0 | - | -11.5 |
| HCM Lane LOS | A | A | - | - |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) | 0 | - | - | - |
| H |  |  |  |  |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 0.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBR |
| Lane Configurations | $\uparrow$ |  |  | $\uparrow$ | Mr |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 218 | 7 | 6 | 242 | 2 | 10 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 218 | 7 | 6 | 242 | 2 | 10 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 325 | 10 | 9 | 361 | 3 | 15 |


| Major/Minor | Major1 | Major2 | Minor1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 0 | 0335 | 0709 | 330 |
| Stage 1 | - | - - | 330 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - - | - 379 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | - | 4.14 | - 6.42 | 6.22 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - - | 5.42 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - - | - 5.42 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | - | - 2.236 | - 3.518 | 3.318 |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | - | 1213 | 401 | 712 |
| Stage 1 | - | - - | 728 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - - | 692 | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% | - | - | - |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | - | 1213 | - 397 | 712 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - - | - 397 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - - | - 721 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - - | 692 | - |


|  | EB | WB | NB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Approach | 0.2 | 10.9 |  |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0 | 0.2 | B |



| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 1.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBR |
| Lane Configurations | $\uparrow$ |  |  | $\mathbf{- 1}$ | Mr |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 238 | 41 | 16 | 220 | 25 | 18 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 238 | 41 | 16 | 220 | 25 | 18 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 355 | 61 | 24 | 328 | 37 | 27 |


| Major/Minor | Major1 | Major2 |  |  | Minor1 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 0 | 0 | 416 | 0 | 762 | 386 |  |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 386 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 376 | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy | - | - | 4.13 | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |  |
| Follow-up Hdwy | - | - | 2.227 | - | 3.518 | 3.318 |  |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 1138 | - | 373 | 662 |  |
| $\quad$ Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 687 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 694 | - |  |
| Platoon blocked, \% | - | - |  | - |  |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 1138 | - | 363 | 662 |  |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 363 | - |  |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 669 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 694 | - |  |


| Approach | EB | WB | NB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0 | 0.6 | 14.4 |
| HCM LOS |  |  | B |


| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | NBLn1 | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Capacity (veh/h) | 448 | - | - | 1138 | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.143 | - | - | 0.021 | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 14.4 | - | - | 8.2 | 0 |
| HCM Lane LOS | B | - | - | A | A |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) | 0.5 | - | - | 0.1 | - |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR | SBL | SBR |
| Lane Configurations |  | -1 | 1 |  | 4 |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 5 | 320 | 295 | 10 | 13 | 4 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 5 | 320 | 295 | 10 | 13 | 4 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 |
| Heavy Vehicles, $\%$ | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 8 | 516 | 476 | 16 | 21 | 6 |


| Major/Minor | Major1 | Major2 |  | Minor2 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 492 | 0 | - | 0 | 1016 | 484 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 484 | - |
| $\quad$ Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 532 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.13 | - | - | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.227 | - | - | -3.518 | 3.318 |  |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 1066 | - | - | - | 264 | 583 |
| $\quad$ Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 620 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 589 | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% |  | - | - | - |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 1066 | - | - | - | 261 | 583 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 261 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 613 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 589 | - |


| Approach | EB | WB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0.1 | 0 | 18.2 |
| HCM LOS |  |  | C |


| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR SBLn1 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Capacity (veh/h) | 1066 | - | - | -300 |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.008 | - | - | -0.091 |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 8.4 | 0 | - | -18.2 |
| HCM Lane LOS | A | A | - | - |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) | 0 | - | - | - |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR | SBL | SBR |
| Lane Configurations |  | $\mathbf{4}$ | F |  | M |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 7 | 328 | 297 | 12 | 7 | 8 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 7 | 328 | 297 | 12 | 7 | 8 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 61 | 61 | 61 | 87 | 61 | 61 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 13 | 13 |
| Mvmt Flow | 11 | 538 | 487 | 14 | 11 | 13 |


| Major/Minor | Major1 | Major2 |  |  | Minor2 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 501 | 0 | - | 0 | 1054 | 494 |  |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 494 | - |  |
| $\quad$ Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 560 | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.13 | - | - | - | 6.53 | 6.33 |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.53 | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.53 | - |  |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.227 | - | - | -3.617 | 3.417 |  |  |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 1058 | - | - | - | 239 | 554 |  |
| $\quad$ Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 591 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 551 | - |  |
| Platoon blocked, \% |  | - | - | - |  |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 1058 | - | - | - | 235 | 554 |  |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 235 | - |  |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 582 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 551 | - |  |


| Approach | EB | WB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0.2 | 0 | 16.4 |
| HCM LOS |  |  | C |


| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR SBLn1 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Capacity (veh/h) | 1058 | - | - | -339 |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.011 | - | - | -0.073 |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 8.4 | 0 | - | -16.4 |
| HCM Lane LOS | A | A | - | - |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) | 0 | - | - | - |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 1.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR | SBL | SBR |
| Lane Configurations |  | $\uparrow \uparrow$ | 个 |  | Mr |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 21 | 319 | 278 | 47 | 35 | 19 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 21 | 319 | 278 | 47 | 35 | 19 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 64 | 64 | 64 | 64 | 64 | 64 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 33 | 498 | 434 | 73 | 55 | 30 |


| Major/Minor |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Major1 | Major2 |  | Minor2 |  |  |
| Conflicting Flow All | 507 | 0 | - | 0 | 1035 | 471 |
| $\quad$ Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 471 | - |
| $\quad$ Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 564 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.13 | - | - | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.227 | - | - | -3.518 | 3.318 |  |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 1053 | - | - | - | 257 | 593 |
| $\quad$ Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 628 | - |
| $\quad$ Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 569 | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% |  | - | - | - |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 1053 | - | - | - | 246 | 593 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 246 | - |
| $\quad$ Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 601 | - |
| $\quad$ Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 569 | - |


| Approach | EB | WB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| HCM Control Delay, $s$ | 0.5 | 0 | 20.9 |
| HCM LOS |  |  | C |


| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR SBLn1 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Capacity (veh/h) | 1053 | - | - | -310 |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.031 | - | - | -0.272 |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 8.5 | 0 | - | -20.9 |
| HCM Lane LOS | A | A | - | - |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) | 0.1 | - | - | - |
| C | 1.1 |  |  |  |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 1.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBR |
| Lane Configurations | $\uparrow$ |  |  | -1 | Mr |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 333 | 22 | 40 | 309 | 18 | 26 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 333 | 22 | 40 | 309 | 18 | 26 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 |
| Heavy Vehicles, $\%$ | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 5 |
| Mvmt Flow | 497 | 33 | 60 | 461 | 27 | 39 |


| Major/Minor | Major1 | Major2 |  |  | Minor1 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 0 | 0 | 530 | 0 | 1095 | 514 |  |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 514 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 581 | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy | - | - | 4.12 | - | 6.45 | 6.25 |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.45 | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.45 | - |  |
| Follow-up Hdwy | - | -2.218 | -3.545 | 3.345 |  |  |  |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 1037 | - | 233 | 555 |  |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 594 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 553 | - |  |
| Platoon blocked, \% | - | - |  | - |  |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 1037 | - | 215 | 555 |  |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 215 | - |  |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 548 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 553 | - |  |


| Approach | EB | WB | NB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0 | 1 | 18.3 |
| HCM LOS |  | C |  |


| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | NBLn1 | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Capacity (veh/h) | 337 | - | - | 1037 | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.195 | - | -0.058 | - |  |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 18.3 | - | - | 8.7 | 0 |
| HCM Lane LOS | C | - | - | A | A |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) | 0.7 | - | - | 0.2 | - |


| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lane Configurations | \％ | 个 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | \％ | 个 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | \％ | 4 4 | F | ${ }^{7}$ | 中 ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  |
| Traffic Volume（veh／h） | 92 | 188 | 90 | 151 | 235 | 12 | 52 | 482 | 210 | 10 | 548 | 73 |
| Future Volume（veh／h） | 92 | 188 | 90 | 151 | 235 | 12 | 52 | 482 | 210 | 10 | 548 | 73 |
| Initial $\mathrm{Q}(\mathrm{Qb})$ ，veh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ped－Bike Adj（A＿pbT） | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |
| Parking Bus，Adj | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Work Zone On Approach |  | No |  |  | No |  |  | No |  |  | No |  |
| Adj Sat Flow，veh／h／ln | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 |
| Adj Flow Rate，veh／h | 99 | 202 | 97 | 162 | 253 | 13 | 56 | 518 | 226 | 11 | 589 | 78 |
| Peak Hour Factor | 0.93 | 0.93 | 0.93 | 0.93 | 0.93 | 0.93 | 0.93 | 0.93 | 0.93 | 0.93 | 0.93 | 0.93 |
| Percent Heavy Veh，\％ | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Cap，veh／h | 480 | 538 | 248 | 492 | 975 | 50 | 373 | 1323 | 590 | 379 | 1139 | 151 |
| Arrive On Green | 0.08 | 0.23 | 0.23 | 0.14 | 0.28 | 0.28 | 0.07 | 0.37 | 0.37 | 0.06 | 0.36 | 0.36 |
| Sat Flow，veh／h | 1781 | 2360 | 1090 | 1781 | 3440 | 176 | 1781 | 3554 | 1585 | 1781 | 3155 | 417 |
| Grp Volume（v），veh／h | 99 | 150 | 149 | 162 | 130 | 136 | 56 | 518 | 226 | 11 | 331 | 336 |
| Grp Sat Flow（s），veh／h／ln | 1781 | 1777 | 1674 | 1781 | 1777 | 1839 | 1781 | 1777 | 1585 | 1781 | 1777 | 1795 |
| Q Serve（g＿s），s | 3.6 | 6.4 | 6.8 | 5.5 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 1.7 | 9.6 | 9.4 | 0.3 | 13.2 | 13.2 |
| Cycle Q Clear（g＿c），s | 3.6 | 6.4 | 6.8 | 5.5 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 1.7 | 9.6 | 9.4 | 0.3 | 13.2 | 13.2 |
| Prop In Lane | 1.00 |  | 0.65 | 1.00 |  | 0.10 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 0.23 |
| Lane Grp Cap（c），veh／h | 480 | 405 | 381 | 492 | 503 | 521 | 373 | 1323 | 590 | 379 | 642 | 648 |
| V／C Ratio（X） | 0.21 | 0.37 | 0.39 | 0.33 | 0.26 | 0.26 | 0.15 | 0.39 | 0.38 | 0.03 | 0.52 | 0.52 |
| Avail Cap（c＿a），veh／h | 480 | 405 | 381 | 492 | 503 | 521 | 373 | 1323 | 590 | 379 | 642 | 648 |
| HCM Platoon Ratio | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Upstream Filter（l） | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Uniform Delay（d），s／veh | 22.6 | 29.3 | 29.5 | 19.0 | 24.9 | 25.0 | 16.0 | 20.8 | 20.7 | 15.5 | 22.6 | 22.6 |
| Incr Delay（d2），s／veh | 1.0 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.9 | 0.1 | 3.0 | 2.9 |
| Initial Q Delay（d3），s／veh | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| \％ile BackOfQ（95\％），veh／ln | 2.9 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 4.4 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 1.3 | 7.3 | 6.6 | 0.3 | 9.8 | 9.9 |
| Unsig．Movement Delay，s／veh |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LnGrp Delay（d），s／veh | 23.6 | 31.9 | 32.4 | 20.8 | 26.2 | 26.2 | 16.8 | 21.6 | 22.6 | 15.7 | 25.5 | 25.5 |
| LnGrp LOS | C | C | C | C | C | C | B | C | C | B | C | C |
| Approach Vol，veh／h |  | 398 |  |  | 428 |  |  | 800 |  |  | 678 |  |
| Approach Delay，s／veh |  | 30.0 |  |  | 24.1 |  |  | 21.6 |  |  | 25.4 |  |
| Approach LOS |  | C |  |  | C |  |  | C |  |  | C |  |


| Timer－Assigned Phs | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Phs Duration $(G+Y+R c)$ ，s | 10.0 | 38.0 | 17.0 | 25.0 | 11.0 | 37.0 | 12.0 | 30.0 |
| Change Period $(\mathrm{Y}+\mathrm{Rc})$ ，s | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 |
| Max Green Setting（Gmax），s | 5.5 | 33.5 | 12.5 | 20.5 | 6.5 | 32.5 | 7.5 | 25.5 |
| Max Q Clear Time（g＿c＋1），s | 2.3 | 11.6 | 7.5 | 8.8 | 3.7 | 15.2 | 5.6 | 7.1 |
| Green Ext Time（p＿C），s | 0.0 | 4.3 | 0.2 | 1.3 | 0.0 | 3.9 | 0.0 | 1.4 |

## Intersection Summary

HCM 6th Ctrl Delay 24.6
HCM 6th LOS
C

INTERSECTION: AVENIDA DE MESILLA \& UNIVERSITY AVE


INTERSECTION: TERESITA ST \& UNIVERSITY AVE

| AM Peak Hour |  | Southbound TERESITA |  |  | Westbound UNIVERSITY |  |  | Northbound TERESITA |  |  | Eastbound UNIVERSITY |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Left | Thru | Right | Left | Thru | Right | Left | Thru | Right | Left | Thru | Right |
|  | Existing Volumes (2019) | 4 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 233 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 260 | 0 |
|  | Background Growth | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 49 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 55 | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No Build (2040) | 5 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 282 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 315 | 0 |
|  | Entering |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Exiting | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Build (2040) | 5 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 282 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 315 | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | PHF | 0.98 |  |  | 0.98 |  |  | 0.98 |  |  | 0.98 |  |  |
|  | HV \% |  | 2 |  |  | 3 |  |  | 2 |  |  | 3 |  |
| PM Peak Hour |  |  | uthbou ERESIT |  |  | estbound IVERSIT |  |  | rthbou ERESI |  |  | stboun IVERS |  |
|  |  | Left | Thru | Right | Left | Thru | Right | Left | Thru | Right | Left | Thru | Right |
|  | Existing Volumes (2019) | 2 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 263 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 183 | 0 |
|  | Background Growth | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No Build (2040) | 2 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 271 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 188 | 0 |
|  | Entering |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Exiting | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Build (2040) | 2 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 271 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 188 | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | PHF | 0.87 |  |  | 0.87 |  |  | 0.87 |  |  | 0.87 |  |  |
|  | HV\% |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |  |
|  | growth rates | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% |

INTERSECTION: BOLDT ST \& UNIVERSITY AVE

| AM Peak Hour |  | Southbound BOLDT |  |  | Westbound UNIVERSITY |  |  | Northbound BOLDT |  |  | Eastbound UNIVERSITY |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Left | Thru | Right | Left | Thru | Right | Left | Thru | Right | Left | Thru | Right |
|  | Existing Volumes (2019) | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 229 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 264 | 0 |
|  | Background Growth | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 48 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 55 | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No Build (2040) | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 277 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 319 | 0 |
|  | Entering |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Exiting | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Build (2040) | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 277 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 319 | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | PHF | 0.99 |  |  | 0.99 |  |  | 0.99 |  |  | 0.99 |  |  |
|  | HV \% |  | 2 |  |  | 3 |  |  | 2 |  |  | 3 |  |
| PM Peak Hour |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { puthbour } \\ & \text { BOLDT } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | IVERSI |  |  | rthbou BOLDT |  |  | stboun IVERS |  |
|  |  | Left | Thru | Right | Left | Thru | Right | Left | Thru | Right | Left | Thru | Right |
|  | Existing Volumes (2019) | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 265 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 181 | 0 |
|  | Background Growth | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No Build (2040) | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 273 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 186 | 0 |
|  | Entering |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Exiting | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Build (2040) | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 273 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 186 | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | PHF | 0.86 |  |  | 0.86 |  |  | 0.86 |  |  | 0.86 |  |  |
|  | HV\% |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |  |
|  | growth rates | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% |

INTERSECTION: CAMINO CASTILLO \& UNIVERSITY AVE


INTERSECTION: MCDOWELL PL \& UNIVERSITY AVE


INTERSECTION: CAMINO DEL REY \& UNIVERSITY AVE

| AM Peak Hour |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Southbound } \\ \text { CAMINO DEL REY } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | Westbound UNIVERSITY |  |  | Northbound CAMINO DEL REY |  |  | Eastbound UNIVERSITY |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Left | Thru | Right | Left | Thru | Right | Left | Thru | Right | Left | Thru | Right |
|  | Existing Volumes (2019) | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 73 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 360 | 0 |
|  | Background Growth | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 76 | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No Build (2040) | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 88 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 436 | 0 |
|  | Entering |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Exiting | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Build (2040) | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 88 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 436 | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | PHF | 0.85 |  |  | 0.85 |  |  | 0.85 |  |  | 0.85 |  |  |
|  | HV \% |  | 2 |  |  | 5 |  |  | 2 |  |  | 4 |  |
| PM Peak Hour |  |  | uthbou NO DEL |  |  | estbound |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { stbour } \\ & \text { IVERSI } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | Left | Thru | Right | Left | Thru | Right | Left | Thru | Right | Left | Thru | Right |
|  | Existing Volumes (2019) | 13 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 286 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 311 | 0 |
|  | Background Growth | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No Build (2040) | 13 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 295 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 320 | 0 |
|  | Entering |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Exiting | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Build (2040) | 13 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 295 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 320 | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | PHF | 0.62 |  |  | 0.62 |  |  | 0.62 |  |  | 0.62 |  |  |
|  | HV \% |  | 2 |  |  | 4 |  |  | 2 |  |  | 3 |  |
|  | growth rates | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% |

INTERSECTION: OLD FARM RD \& UNIVERSITY AVE


INTERSECTION: STANFORD ST \& UNIVERSITY AVE


INTERSECTION: BOWMAN AVE \& UNIVERSITY AVE


INTERSECTION: MAIN ST \& UNIVERSITY AVE


Appendix C | Sight Distance Analysis

| Intersection Sight Distance Analysis |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Intersection | Case | Design Vehicle | A | B | Actual Sight Distance | Location Description |
| I-1 | B1 | Passenger Car | 29.5 | 445 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles | Teresita St |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 560 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 680 |  |  |
|  | B2 | Passenger Car | 19.5 | 385 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles |  |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 500 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 620 |  |  |
| I-2 | B1 | Passenger Car | 29.5 | 445 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles | Boldt St |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 560 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 680 |  |  |
|  | B2 | Passenger Car | 19.5 | 385 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles |  |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 500 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 620 |  |  |
| 1-3 | B1 | Passenger Car | 29.5 | 445 | Does Not Meet Minimum Sight Distance for Passenger Vehicle (Stone Wall Obstructs View) | 1500 W University Ave (West) |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 560 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 680 |  |  |
|  | B2 | Passenger Car | 19.5 | 385 | Does Not Meet Minimum Sight Distance for Passenger Vehicle (Stone Wall Obstructs View) |  |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 500 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 620 |  |  |
| 1-4 | B1 | Passenger Car | 29.5 | 445 | Does Not Meet Minimum Sight Distance for Any Vehicle (Stone Wall \& Vegetation Obstruct Views) | 1500 W University Ave (East) |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 560 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 680 |  |  |
|  | B2 | Passenger Car | 19.5 | 385 | Does Not Meet Minimum Sight Distance for Any Vehicle (Stone Wall \& Vegetation Obstruct Views) |  |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 500 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 620 |  |  |
| I-5 | B1 | Passenger Car | 29.5 | 445 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles | 1501 University Ave (West) |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 560 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 680 |  |  |
|  | B2 | Passenger Car | 19.5 | 385 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles |  |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 500 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 620 |  |  |
| I-6 | B1 | Passenger Car | 29.5 | 445 | Does Not Meet Minimum Sight Distance for Any Vehicle (Vegetation Obstructs Views) | 1501 University Ave (East) |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 560 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 680 |  |  |
|  | B2 | Passenger Car | 19.5 | 385 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles |  |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 500 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 620 |  |  |
| I-7 | B1 | Passenger Car | 29.5 | 445 | Does Not Meet Minimum Sight Distance for Any Vehicle (Garden Wall \& Vegetation Obstruct Views) | 1440 W University Ave |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 560 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 680 |  |  |
|  | B2 | Passenger Car | 19.5 | 385 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles |  |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 500 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 620 |  |  |
| 1-8 | B1 | Passenger Car | 29.5 | 445 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles | 1420 W University Ave |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 560 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 680 |  |  |
|  | B2 | Passenger Car | 19.5 | 385 | Does Not Meet Minimum Sight Distance for Combination Truck (Vegetation Obstructs View) |  |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 500 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 620 |  |  |


| Intersection Sight Distance Analysis |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Intersection | Case | Design Vehicle | A | B | Actual Sight Distance | Location Description |
| I-9 | B1 | Passenger Car | 29.5 | 445 | Does Not Meet Minimum Sight Distance for Any Vehicle (Vegetation Obstructs Views) | 1306 W University Ave |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 560 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 680 |  |  |
|  | B2 | Passenger Car | 19.5 | 385 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles |  |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 500 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 620 |  |  |
| I-10 | B1 | Passenger Car | 29.5 | 445 | Does Not Meet Minimum Sight Distance for Any Vehicle (Vegetation Obstructs Views) | Camino Castillo |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 560 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 680 |  |  |
|  | B2 | Passenger Car | 19.5 | 385 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles |  |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 500 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 620 |  |  |
| I-11 | B1 | Passenger Car | 36 | 445 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles | Zia Middle School (West) |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 560 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 680 |  |  |
|  | B2 | Passenger Car | 19.5 | 385 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles |  |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 500 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 620 |  |  |
| I-12 | B1 | Passenger Car | 39 | 445 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles | Zia Middle School (Bus Exit) |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 560 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 680 |  |  |
|  | B2 | Passenger Car | 19.5 | 385 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles |  |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 500 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 620 |  |  |
| I-13 | B1 | Passenger Car | 43.5 | 445 | Does Not Meet Minimum Sight Distance for Combination Truck (Vegetation Obstructs View) | McDowell Rd |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 560 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 680 |  |  |
|  | B2 | Passenger Car | 19.5 | 385 | Does Not Meet Minimum Sight Distance for Any Vehicle (Vegetation Obstructs Views) |  |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 500 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 620 |  |  |
| I-14 | F | Passenger Car | - | 325 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles | Zia Middle School (Bus Entrance) |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 385 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 445 |  |  |
| I-15 | B1 | Passenger Car | 42 | 445 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles | Zia Middle School (Student Drop Off) |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 560 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 680 |  |  |
|  | B2 | Passenger Car | 19.5 | 385 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles |  |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 500 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 620 |  |  |
| I-16 | B1 | Passenger Car | 29.5 | 445 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles | Camino del Rey |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 560 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 680 |  |  |
|  |  | Passenger Car |  | 385 |  |  |
|  | B2 | Single-Unit Truck | 19.5 | 500 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 620 |  |  |
| I-17 | B1 | Passenger Car | 29.5 | 445 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles | Jornada Lodge 1200 W University Ave (West) |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 560 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 680 |  |  |
|  | B2 | Passenger Car | 19.5 | 385 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles |  |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 500 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 620 |  |  |
| I-18 | B1 | Passenger Car | 29.5 | 445 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles | Jornada Lodge 1200 W University Ave (East) |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 560 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 680 |  |  |
|  | B2 | Passenger Car | 19.5 | 385 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles |  |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 500 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 620 |  |  |


| Intersection Sight Distance Analysis |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Intersection | Case | Design Vehicle | A | B | Actual Sight Distance | Location Description |
| I-19 | B1 | Passenger Car | 29.5 | 445 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles | Old Farm Rd |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 560 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 680 |  |  |
|  | B2 | Passenger Car | 19.5 | 385 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles |  |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 500 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 620 |  |  |
| I-20 | B1 | Passenger Car | 29.5 | 445 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles | 490 W University Ave |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 560 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 680 |  |  |
|  | B2 | Passenger Car | 19.5 | 385 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles |  |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 500 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 620 |  |  |
| I-21 | B1 | Passenger Car | 29.5 | 445 | Does Not Meet Minimum Sight Distance for Any Vehicle (Vegetation Obstructs Views) | Stanford St |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 560 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 680 |  |  |
|  | B2 | Passenger Car | 19.5 | 385 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles |  |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 500 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 620 |  |  |
| I-22 | B1 | Passenger Car | 29.5 | 445 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles | Bowman St |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 560 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 680 |  |  |
|  | B2 | Passenger Car | 19.5 | 385 | Does Not Meet Minimum Sight Distance for Combination Truck (Topography Obstructs View) |  |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 500 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 620 |  |  |
| I-23 | B1 | Passenger Car | 29.5 | 445 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles | 320 W University Ave |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 560 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 680 |  |  |
|  | B2 | Passenger Car | 19.5 | 385 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles |  |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 500 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 620 |  |  |
| I-24 | B1 | Passenger Car | 29.5 | 445 | Does Not Meet Minimum Sight Distance for Combination Truck (Wood Fence Obstructs View) | Fabian Garcia Science Center <br> - NMSU <br> 109 W University Ave (West) |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 560 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 680 |  |  |
|  | B2 | Passenger Car | 19.5 | 385 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles |  |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 500 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 620 |  |  |
| I-25 | B1 | Passenger Car | 29.5 | 445 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles | 105 E University Ave (West) |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 560 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 680 |  |  |
|  | B2 | Passenger Car | 19.5 | 385 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles |  |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 500 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 620 |  |  |
| I-26 | B1 | Passenger Car | 29.5 | 445 | Does Not Meet Minimum Sight Distance for Any Vehicle (Vegetation Obstructs Views) | Fabian Garcia Science Center <br> - NMSU <br> 109 W University Ave (East) |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 560 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 680 |  |  |
|  | B2 | Passenger Car | 19.5 | 385 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles |  |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 500 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 620 |  |  |
| I-27 | B1 | Passenger Car | 29.5 | 445 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles | 105 E University Ave (East) |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 560 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 680 |  |  |
|  | B2 | Passenger Car | 19.5 | 385 | Meets Minimum Sight Distance for All Vehicles |  |
|  |  | Single-Unit Truck |  | 500 |  |  |
|  |  | Combination Truck |  | 620 |  |  |

















## Project Plan Template For Scanning/Indexing

PROJECT NUMBER: SP-SM-4510(200)
CONTROL NUMBER: 9210 ..... 9210 ..... DISTRICT: 1
DESCRIPTION:
PROJECT DATE: 3/10/1999
COUNTY: DONA ANA
PLAN TYPE: RIGHT OF WAY
X PPL1 ..... X
$|||||||||||||||||||||||||\mid$


## PARCEL BLOCK

PARCELS

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | PARCEL | OWNER | AREA | TAKE | AREA | LARGER PARCEL |
|  | NUMBER |  | acres | sq. ft. | REMAINDER | ACRES |
|  | 2-1 | HAHN, EUGENE / SNYDER, DARLENE | 0.4570 | 19906 | 20.3840 | 20.841 |
|  | 2-2 | BASH, DALLAS | 0.0167 | 729 | 0.2974 | 0.3141 |
|  | 2-3 | GALLAGHER, B. JaCk | 0.0132 | 573 | 0.2483 | 0.2615 |
|  | 2-4 | MESSLLA FARMS Homeowner's Association | 0.0107 | 788 | 0.8709 | 0.8890 |
|  | 3-1 | WRIGHT, BEN \& JANET | 0.0072 | 503 | 0.2693 | 0.2808 |
|  | 3-2 | HaRRIS, KENNETH | 0.0117 | 512 | 0.3333 | 0.3451 |
| (reviseatoacme) | -3-3- | ARROWOOD, - PO \& PATRICA | 0.0169 | 735 | 4.9847 | -2.007 |
|  | 3-4 | ESTRADA, WETTE | 0.0073 | 317 | 0.2427 | 0.250 |
|  | 3-5 | PRICHARD, James t. | 0.0210 | 915 | 5.3240 | 5.345 |
|  | 3-6 | POLONER, BONNE D . | 0.0103 | 450 | 0.7707 | 0.781 |
|  | 4-1 | LAS CRUCES SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2 | 0.7313 | 31856 | 14.7525 | 15.490 |
|  | 5-1 | WUnSCH, ET. AL. | 0.1354 | 5897 | 11.3799 | 11.5412 |
| (0eleted) | -5-2 | Jorada LODGE NO. 70 | ${ }^{-0.0226}$ | -984 | 3.0034 | 3.026 |
| (reviseo toa cme) | -5-3- | WARTINEZ, CATHERTIE M. \& - Montora, LINDA L- | . 0252 | 4098 | 0.9748- | -4.000 |
|  | 6-1 | RALEY, FRED \& EVELY | 0.0092 | 402 | 0.9908 | 1.000 |
|  | 7-1 | RALEY, MYRTLE - SUCCESSOR TRUSTEE | 0.0014 | 61 | 31.4276 | 31.429 |
|  | 7-2 | EDWARDS, GILEERT \& EARLENE | 0.0531 | 2315 | 6.2839 | 6.337 |
|  | 7-3 | NMSU Regents | 0.0308 | 1341 | >100 | $>100$ |
|  | 7-4 | NMSU REGENTS | 0.3130 | 13633 | $>100$ | $>100$ |
|  | 8-1 | nmsu regents/mmshto - SEE note below | 0.3782 | 16473 | $>100$ | $>100$ |
|  | 8-2 | NMSU REGENTS | 0.5036 | 21936 | >100 | $>100$ |



NOTE: AREAS FgR REMAINDRS AND LARGER PARCELL AREAS WERE OBTANED FROM
INORMATON

NEW MEXICO STAAE UNNVERSITY. A PARCEL DESCRRPION HAS EEEN CREATED TO
FACLITATE CONVERSION OF OWNERSHP FROM NMSHTD TO NMSU
CN - 9210

| Revise name 5 -CME. 3 | [12.20.00] J.6. |
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LEEDSHILL - HERKENHOFFF INC

FINAL MAP MARCH 10, 199

$S P-S M-4510(200) \&$
TPO-4510(2)
DONA ANA $4510(2)$ COUNTY














| company | Iype of Facility | Comactunformation |  |  |  | Records |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Name | Address | Phone | Email | $\begin{gathered} \text { First } \\ \text { Contacted } \end{gathered}$ | Received | Nodes |
| Esntuy L ink | Telecommunimaions | HisnnyAtamisne | 272w6rigs <br> Lx O'uces, N:19805 | (E5E) E25-5313 |  | 532312 |  |  |
| CityotLas Oruces | Wster Wastevater Strm | Likeilumaya | e85N Nitel BMd Las Cruces 89507 | EtE-E2S-2E25 |  | 532012 | 5152019 | Recd |
| CityetLas Oruces | S* | Alseilibenter | e85 N N. Wtel Bind Les ©'uces ss507 | EtE-E2S-2E25 | mmentarasis-Guctar | 532313 | 5152019 | Recd |
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## National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette



## Legend

SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT

|  | Without Base Flood Elevation (BFE) Zone A, V, A99 |
| :---: | :---: |
| SPECIAL FLOOD | With BFE or Depth Zone AE, AO, AH, VE, AR |
| HAZARD AREAS | Regulatory Floodway |

.2\% Annual Chance Flood Hazard, Areas of 1\% annual chance flood with average depth less than one foot or with drainage areas of less than one square mile Zone $X$
Future Conditions 1\% Annual
Chance Flood Hazard zone $X$

OTHER AREAS OF FLOOD HAZARD

Area with Reduced Flood Risk due to levee. See Notes. Zone X
Area with Flood Risk due to Levee Zone $D$

NO SCREEN Area of Minimal Flood Hazard Zone $X$ $\square$ Effective LOMRs
OTHER AREAS
$\qquad$ Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard Zone D 111111 Levee, Dike, or Floodwall

B $-\frac{20.2}{}$ Cross Sections with 1\% Annual Chance 17.5 Water Surface Elevation Coastal Transect
m $\quad .513 \mathrm{~mm}$ Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE)
Limit of Study
Uurisdiction Boundary
--- --- Coastal Transect Baseline
OTHER FEATURES $\qquad$ Profile Baseline
$\qquad$

Digital Data Available
$\because:$
No Digal Data Availa

区 Unmapped

## 

9
The pin displayed on the map is an approximate point selected by the user and does not represent an authoritative property location.

This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use o digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards
The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on 6/17/2019 at 3:26:44 PM and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images fo unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.



HORZONTAL SCALE: $1^{1 "=50^{\prime}} \quad$ PLAN DRAWING SCALE: $11=50^{\prime}$













Bohannan $\Delta$ Huston















Bohannan $A$ Huston















Bohannan $\triangle$ Huston



[^0]:    PUBLIC MEETING
    September 10, 2019
    5:30 to 7:00 PM

